The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 11,818—VOL. LXXIII. MONDAY, APRIL 3, 1876. PRICE TWOPENCE.

BIRTHS.

HOBBS.—March 28, at 143, Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo, the wife of Charles T. Hobbs, of a son.

JONES.—March 29, at All Saints' Vicarage, Tumut, the wife of the Rev. D. F. Jones, of a son.

LANE.—March 20, at her residence, 2, Brunswick-terrace, Albion-street, the wife of Mr. C. Lane, of a daughter.

MERCER.—February 14, at Wellington-street, Margaret, wife of J. Mercer, of a son, and eldest legitimate daughter of John Parker, sawyer, Parkes Camp, near Cook's River, N. S. W.

MORGAN.—March 2?, at her residence, St. George's Parade, the wife of F. S. Morgan, of a son.

SCARR.—March 25, at Armidale, Mrs. Percy Scarr, of a daughter.

STORM.—February 25, at her residence, Kent-street North, the wife of Captain J. Storm, of a son.

VARDY.—March 21, at her residence, Omega Cottage, Menangle, the wife of Michael J. Vardy, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BABER—WACE.—January 25, at Wadhurst, Sussex, the Rev. Charles Baber, Incumbent of St. Peter's, Cook's River Road, Sydney, and younger son of the late Charles Baber, of Lingford, to Lucy Eulelia, youngest daughter of the Rev. W. H. Wace, of Hill House, Wadhurst.

DEATHS.

BAGOT.—April 1, at his residence, Athlone-place, off Parramatta-street, Mr. John Bagot, aged 80 years, leaving an affectionate wife and four loving children.

BAILEY.—March 31, at her parents' residence, 308, Palmer-street, of convulsions, Eliza Connolly, infant daughter of W. S. X. Bailey, LL.D., aged three weeks.

BANKS.—March 14, at his residence, Double Bay, Captain George Banks, aged 78 years, the beloved father of Mrs. James Fiddler Edwards, East Maitland.

BOHRSMANN.—April ?, at 35, Oxford-street, Anna Harriet Dorothea, second daughter of M. C. and E. J. Bohrsmann, aged 14 years.

BUTTERS.—April 2, at his father's residence, Clifton Gardens, Chowder Bay, Alexander, youngest son of Mr. D. Butters, aged 13 months.

CUDDAN.—March 11, at Brisbane, aged 4 years, of typhoid fever, Jessie, the fourth daughter of J. G. D. and H. J. Cuddan, formerly of Windsor, New South Wales. "Taken to an early rest."

FALLICK.—March 30, at his parents' residence, Australia-street, Kingston, of convulsions, Walter Frederick, infant son of Frederick and Eliza Fallick, aged 8½ months.

McIVER.—March ?, at his residence, Glen Esk, Rolland's Plains, John McIver, Esq., J. P., in the 74th year of his age.

McMAHON.—After a short illness, in the 59th year of his age, John Edward McMahon. Arrived in South Australia in 1844, and joined the mounted police in the same year.

McCARTY.—April 1, at his residence, 255, Pitt-street, Edmond Charles McCarty, coachbuilder, aged 47.

MELLY.—April 1, at the residence of her parents, Botany Road, Waterloo, Nina Olivia, the eldest twin daughter of Charlotte and John Melly, aged 8 months and 23 days, after scarlet fever. "The Lord giveth and the Lord taketh away, blessed be his name."

NORD.—April 2, at the residence of his parents, 18, Castlereagh-street South, of croup, William Gustavus, eldest and dearly beloved son of Christopher and Elizabeth L. Nord, aged 3 years and 5 months, deeply regretted.

POWELL.—December 18, at her residence, Moy, county Tyrone, Ireland, Isabella, relict of Lieutenant J. B. Powell, late of the 12th Regiment; the last surviving sister of Colonel Dundas, late of the 47th Regiment, and beloved mother of Mrs. E. R. Mulholland, of Surry Hills, Sydney.

ROSSITER.—April 1, at her parents' residence, Denison Cottage, Neutral Bay, North Shore, Eva Maud Mary Ann, the youngest daughter of John and Mary Ann Rossiter, of scarlet fever, aged 4 years and 7 months.

WILLS.—March 31, at the residence of her son-in-law, T. Skillicorn, 183, Devonshire-street, Mary Anning, widow of the late Charles Wills, in her 58th year.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.—OVERLAND ROUTE TO GREAT BRITAIN, THROUGH AMERICA.
Under contract with N. S. W. and N. Z. Governments.
ZEALANDIA,
3200 tons, Ferries, commander,
will be dispatched,
at 6 p.m., on FRIDAY, 7th April, for Kandavu, carrying her Majesty's mails, and passengers, to be transhipped thence per
COLIMA,
to Honolulu and San Francisco.
Passengers booked for Fiji, Honolulu, and New Zealand, and America.
This line offers special inducements to passengers, the steamers having been built expressly for the Pacific trade, fitted with all modern improvements for ventilation in a hot climate, and having superior accommodation for 180 first-class passengers.
The contractors being in combination with the Union and Central Pacific Railway Companies, passengers may rely on every attention and facility being afforded them in their journey across the American continent.
For rates of passage and freight, and for all other information, apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents, Spring-street.

STEAM to HOBART TOWN direct.—Steamship TASMAN, from GRAFTON WHARF, MONDAY, 10th April, at 4 p.m.

Saloon	£6 6
Return (available four months)	10 10
Steerage	3 10

For freight or passage, apply to
T. and W. WILLIS, 48, Pitt-street.

THE C. AND R. R. S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.
TO GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER, via NEWCASTLE, with Passengers and Cargo.—The favourite paddle steamship AGNES IRVING, TO-MORROW, TUESDAY the 4th April, at 9 p.m., weather permitting.
TO MACLEAY RIVER, with Passengers and Cargo.—THE BALLINA, early.
TO THE RICHMOND RIVER, with Passengers and Cargo.—The PLATYPUS, early.
TO GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER, via NEWCASTLE.—The CIVILITY, twenty-four hours after her arrival from the Macleay River.
CARGO is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.
NOTE.—These steamers are dispatched regularly to and from the above ports, thereby enabling passengers to calculate the period of their return with the utmost certainty.
JOHN WHITE, Secretary.
Sussex-street.

THE CLARENCE AND NEW ENGLAND STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steamships, from Commercial Wharf, foot of King-street.
For GRAFTON, Clarence River (direct).—THE CLARENCE, WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 9 o'clock.
P. S. BUYERS, pro Manager.

THE NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY (LIMITED).
The S. S. KEMBLA will leave Sydney for NEWCASTLE, every MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY NIGHT, at half-past 11 o'clock.
And leave NEWCASTLE for SYDNEY every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock.
Office and Stores, Patent Slip Wharf, Sydney; and Hunter-street, Newcastle.
H. D. PORTUS, Manager.

NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY (Limited).—The steamship KEMBLA, R. J. Skinner, commander, will resume her trips THIS (Monday) NIGHT, the 3rd of April, at half-past 11.
H. D. PORTUS, Manager.

HUNTER RIVER N. S. N. CO.—STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, RAYMOND TERRACE, &c.
FROM SYDNEY.
THIS (Monday) MORNING, at 9, the MORPETH.
TO-MORROW (Tuesday) NIGHT, at 11, the MAITLAND.
Goods for the Paterson conveyed THIS (Monday) MORNING, at 9.
F. J. THOMAS, Manager.
Offices—foot of Market-street.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.
TO MELBOURNE.—Wentworth, to-morrow (Tuesday) afternoon, at 4.30. FARES: SALOON AT CURRENT RATES.
TO NEWCASTLE, RAYMOND TERRACE, and MORPETH.—Coonanbara, to-night, Monday, at 11; and Collaroy, Wednesday morning, at 9.
TO BRISBANE.—James Paterson, this afternoon, Monday, at 4; and Yaralla, Wednesday afternoon, at 4.
TO MARYBOROUGH DIRECT.—Boomerang, Friday afternoon, at 4.
TO ROCKHAMPTON.—Boomerang, Friday afternoon, at 4.
TO PORT DENISON.—Steamer early.
TO CLEVELAND BAY.—Yaralla, Wednesday afternoon, at 4.
TO COOKTOWN WHARF.—James Paterson, this afternoon, Monday, at 4; and Yaralla, Wednesday afternoon, at 4.
CARGO is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.
F. H. TROUTON, Manager.

NORTHERN GOLD FIELDS
STEAM to COOKTOWN WHARF, via CLEVELAND BAY.
The A. S. N. Co. will dispatch their splendid new steamship
YARALLA,
W. J. Stewart, commander,
to the above ports, on WEDNESDAY NEXT, at 4 p.m.
This fine vessel offers special inducement to intending passengers and shippers of horses, for which early application is advisable.
FARES and FREIGHTS at CURRENT RATES.
For all particulars respecting above, apply to
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS.—TO WOLLONGONG and KIAMA.—To-night, at 11.
SHOALHAVEN.—To-morrow, at 11 p.m.
MERIMBULA, Eden, and Tathra.—Wednesday, 9.15 a.m.
SHELLHARBOUR.—To-morrow, at 8 p.m.
ULLADULLA and CLYDE.—Friday, 9.15 a.m.

PARRAMATTA AND RIVER STEAMERS.—
From King-street—7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5
From Parramatta—7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5
For Hunter's Hill—7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 4.15, 5, 6.15, 11.
From Hunter's Hill—8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 12.15, 2.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.
Calling at Biloela, Fitzroy Dock, ten minutes after leaving Hunter's Hill.

STEAM TO BRISBANE WATER.—Steamer PELICAN'S TIME TABLE, for APRIL.
Leaves King-street, 7 a.m., Tuesday, 4th; Friday, 7th; Friday, 14th; Tuesday, 18th; Friday 21st—returning same days, at 2 p.m.
Fishing and Excursion Parties landed at Barrenjoey, Lower Hawkesbury, and called for on return.

BRISBANE WATER.—Steamer Pelican, from King-st. Wharf, Tuesday and Friday, 7 a.m.; return 2 p.m.

NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS.—STEAM TO COOKTOWN WHARF
(NEAREST Port to the new Diggings).
The A. S. N. Co.'s steamship
JAMES PATERSON
will be dispatched for COOKTOWN WHARF, THIS AFTERNOON MONDAY, at 4.
The fine steamer offers splendid accommodation for STEERAGE PASSENGERS.
FARES at CURRENT RATES.
For all particulars apply to
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE, BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, AND NEWCASTLE.
The M. S. S. CO. will dispatch the STEAMSHIPS (when practicable) as follows, from STRUTH'S WHARF, foot of King-street:—

Ship.	Master.	Sailing Dates.
FOR MELBOURNE:		
MACEDON	J. B. Clark	TO-MORROW, at 12.
YOU YANGS	A. Thrussell	FRIDAY, at 12 noon.
BARRABOOL	J. Pain	TUESDAY, 11th April.
FOR NEWCASTLE:		
YOU YANGS	A. Thrussell	TO-MORROW, 6 p.m.
BARRABOOL	J. Pain	FRIDAY, at 8 p.m.
FOR BRISBANE AND MARYBOROUGH:		
EDINA	J. H. South	THURSDAY, April 13.

carrying passengers and cargo. Time tables on application. Return tickets issued to and from MELBOURNE available for two months by any of the Company's steamers. Cargo received for the above ports every day.
All the vessels have their SALOONS amidships, and are victualled by the owners.
WM. HOWARD SMITH, Struth's Wharf.

STEAM to LYTTELTON and WELLINGTON via DUNEDIN.—The s.s. EASBY, 2400 tons burthen, A. Kennedy, commander, having very superior accommodation for passengers, and room for 500 tons cargo, will leave the Cosmopolitan Wharf on or about THURSDAY, the 6th instant. Goods taken for transhipment to Nelson, Napier, and Wanganui. For freight or passage apply to FORD, ADAMS, and CO., Circular Quay.

STEAM TO AUCKLAND, booking Passengers to the famous WEIWERA HOT SULPHUR SPRINGS.
The regular trader and powerful steamer
HERO, 1000 tons,
Thomas Logan, commander,
will be dispatched from Grafton Wharf to Auckland direct, on or about TUESDAY, the 11th April, with goods and passengers.
For freight or passage, apply to
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Agents, 54, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO NEW ZEALAND direct.—The S. S. OTAGO, Captain Calder, will be dispatched for New Zealand Ports on WEDNESDAY, 12th April.
JOSEPH WARD and CO., Agents, Exchange-buildings.

STEAM TO COOKTOWN, via BRISBANE.
The magnificent and powerful Steamship
LY-EE-MOON,
1000 tons, George R. Stevens, commander, will have immediate dispatch. Has splendid accommodation for all classes of passengers.
For rates, and all information, apply to
JOSEPH WARD and CO., Exchange-buildings.

FOR COOKTOWN DIRECT.—The Eastern and Australian Mail Steam Company's magnificent steamer
SOMERSET, 1000 tons,
John Torrance, Esq., commander,
will be dispatched from the Cosmopolitan Wharf for
COOKTOWN direct,
on WEDNESDAY, 5th instant, at 4 o'clock p.m. prompt.
For freight or passage, apply to
SCOTT, HENDERSON, and CO., 322, George-street, Agents.

THE EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN MAIL STEAM COMPANY (Limited).
The Company's new magnificent steamer
BRISBANE, 1800 tons,
Robert Balfour, Esq., commander,
will be dispatched for
MELBOURNE
on Tuesday, the 4th instant, at 5 o'clock p.m.
For freight or passage apply to
SCOTT, HENDERSON, and CO., Agents.

MANLY BEACH STEAMERS leave:—Queen's Wharf..7.15, 10.15, 11.30, 2.15, 4.30, 5.45.
Woolloomooloo..10.30, 11.45, 2.30
Manly Beach...8.15, 9.15, 12, 3.15, 4.30, 5.30.
Fare—Return ticket, 1s 6d; children, 1s.
J. R. CAREY.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS FOR ENGLAND.—Messrs. Money Wigram and Son's splendid clipper ship
HAMPSHIRE,
(1200 tons,)
R. RIDGERS, Commander,
will be dispatched from Melbourne, for London, positively on SATURDAY, 29th April.
The saloon cabins are fitted with all necessary cabin furniture.
FARES:
Saloon, according to accommodation required.
Third-class.................. £18 to £20
Steerage.................... 16
A liberal allowance made for families.
M. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE, FOR LONDON.
The A1 clipper Barque
WAVE OF LIFE,
887 tons register, John Henderson, commander, having a large portion of her cargo engaged, will have quick dispatch.
For freight or passage apply to Captain HENDERSON, on board; or to
MONTEFIORE JOSEPH, and CO.

FOR LONDON.—The undersigned will dispatch the undermentioned well-known clipper ships in the following order during the ensuing season:—

	Tons.	Commander.	To sail
ANN DUTHIE	993	M'Kay	April
MIN-Y-DON	1200	Leslie	April
ALEXANDER DUTHIE	1159	Murray	May
HAWKESBURY	1120	Sayers	June

For plans of cabins, rates of passage, and all other information, apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents.

FOR LONDON.
The ANN DUTHIE.
is now receiving wool, and will have immediate dispatch.
Has excellent saloon accommodation and room for a limited number of second-class passengers (in house on deck).
Carries an experienced Surgeon.
For freight or passage apply on board to Captain M'KAY; or to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Spring-street.
Wool received at Lloyd's Stores, Cosmopolitan Wharf.

FOR LONDON.—TO FOLLOW THE ANN DUTHIE.
The splendid new clipper ship
MIN-Y-DON,
1149 tons register, J. M. Leslie, commander, will be dispatched as above.
Has very superior accommodation for passengers.
For freight or passage apply on board; or to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Spring-street.

FOR LONDON.—To follow the WAVE OF LIFE.
The A1 clipper ship
NYASSA, 800 tons register,
W. S. Garriock, commander,
will be dispatched as above.
For freight or passage, apply to Captain GARRIOCK, on board; or to
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

FOR RICHMOND RIVER (all parts).—The A1 clipper schooner PRINCESS LOUISE is now receiving cargo at the Market Wharf.

FOR LONDON.—For Wool and Passengers only.—The well-known clipper ship
GLENGAIRN,
891 tons, John Fimister, commander,
having the whole of her dead-weight, and a large quantity of her wool on board and stowed, will have immediate dispatch.
A limited number of saloon passengers can be accommodated.
For terms, &c., apply to the Captain, on board, at Circular Quay; or to
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.
Wool received at Flood's.

FIRST SHIP FOR LONDON.—The A1 clipper barque
CANOPUS,
765 tons register, William Rogers, commander.
To sail on or about the 15th April next.
Having a good portion of her wool on board, and large engagements, offers special inducement to shippers.
Wool received at Talbot and Co.'s.
MASON, BROTHERS, Agents.

FOR FRIENDLY and NAVIGATOR ISLANDS.—The barque RECONNAISSANCE, J. Watson, master, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will have immediate dispatch, and sail the first week in April.
For freight or passage, apply to
H. P. PALSER, York-street.

FOR LEVUKA and TAVIUNI, FIJI.—The clipper brig
WESTERN STAR,
NOW RECEIVING cargo at Market Wharf, will be dispatched about 4th APRIL next.
For freight or passage apply to
E. VICKERY, 116, Pitt-street.

ONLY VESSEL FOR AUCKLAND.—the clipper schooner ELIZA MARY, 250 tons burthen, Captain Stewart, is now receiving cargo.
For freight or passage apply to
GIBSON and HALE, Agents, 237, George-street.

FOR LEVUKA, SAVU SAVU, and TAVIUNI FIJI.—The PROSPECTOR, 235 tons, J. Duncan, master, expected daily from New Zealand will be dispatched as above.
For rates of freight and passage money, apply to
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and Co., Agents, 52, Pitt-street.

FOR AUCKLAND.—The clipper brig SYREN, H. D. Bower, commander, will be dispatched on TUESDAY next, 4th instant, and is now receiving cargo at Patent Slip Wharf. For freight or passage apply to
WILLIAM LAIDLEY and CO., Agents, Exchange, Pitt-street.

FOR TOWNSVILLE, SOMERSET, and NORMANTON, taking cargo for TOWNSVILLE and SOMERSET ONLY.
The regular trader
ROYAL DUKE,
105 tons register, D. Williams, master, now daily expected, will be dispatched seven days after arrival.
For rates of freight, &c., apply to
JOHN FRAZER and CO.

FOR LYTTELTON direct.—The clipper barque M. A. ANNISON, Captain D. Hughes, is now receiving CARGO at Grafton Wharf.
For freight or passage, apply to Captain, on board; or, GIBSON and HALE, 237, George-street.

FOR COOKTOWN direct.—The well-known schooner BLANCHE, Chambers, master, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will sail in a few days. For freight or passage apply to MOODIE and MONRO.

FOR HONGKONG direct.—The clipper barque WILLIAM TURNER will be dispatched on or about the 10th instant. For light freight apply to A. LANGE and CO., 96, Pitt-street.

TOWNSVILLE Direct.—The clipper schooner ISABELLE, 129 tons, Watson, master, quick dispatch, greater part of cargo engaged. Apply to J. Ritchie, Caledonian Wharf; or to E. Lowther, 117½, Sussex-street.

ELIZA, for BELLINGER RIVER, lying at Lime-street Wharf.

ATALANTA, for RICHMOND RIVER.—For freight or passage apply on board. Steer's Wf., Erskine-st.

RICHMOND RIVER, BALLINA, and Wardell.—LIZZIE DAVIS, at noon. Street's Wharf.

RICHMOND RIVER, Lismore, &c.—The WALLACE and BRUCE, This Evening, Albion Wf. NICOLL.

RICHMOND RIVER.—Brigantine SAUCY JACK, L. Tulloch, master, taking goods and passengers to all parts, sails TO-MORROW. Apply on board, Market Wharf.

FOR RICHMOND RIVER (all parts).—AMPHITRITE, W. Pratt, master, going up to Lismore, now receiving cargo at Patent Slip Wharf.
G. F. MASON, Agent.

FOR TUROSS RIVER (Narriguadah and Bodalla).—Ketch ROSEBUD, on TUESDAY next, from Victoria Wharf.
P. HOGAN, King-street.

ONLY VESSEL for the Nambucca River.—Schooner Nambucca, This Day, noon, Baltic Wf. P. Hogan.

FOR CAMDEN HAVEN.—ETTALONG sails first fair wind. FAGAN, BROS., Sussex-street.

FOR MORUYA.—MOSES FLETCHER sails THIS DAY. HENRY CLARKE, Victoria Wharf.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER, the A1 Schooner SMILING MORN, 4?0 tons burthen.
JOHN BLUE, 23, Circular Quay.

SCHOONER SMILING MORN, from Adelaide.—All goods impeding the discharge will be landed and stored at the risk and expense of the Consignees.
JOHN BLUE, 23, Circular Quay.

WANTED to purchase SCHOONER, 50 to 80 tons. By letter, J. Bell, Moorfields, Balmain.

FOR SALE, the clipper centreboard Schooner DAIRYMAID, carrying 50 tons. Ritchie, Caledonian Whf.

SHIP SILVER EAGLE, from London.—Consignees of cargo by this vessel are requested to pass ENTRIES at once, for Moore's Wharf. All goods impeding the discharge will be landed and stored at the risk and expense of the consignees, and the vessel will not be responsible for any loss or damage to cargo after same has been landed. BILLS OF LADING must be produced, freights paid, and orders for delivery obtained from the undersigned, before the goods can leave the wharf.
JOHN FRAZER and CO.

Captain BICHARD will not be responsible for any DEBTS contracted by any of the crew of the abovenamed ship without his written authority.

SHIP BLACK ADDER FOR SHANGHAI.—All ACCOUNTS against this vessel must be rendered in duplicate at the office of the undersigned, on or before NOON, THIS DAY, or they will not be recognised.
MASON, BROTHERS, Agents.

FOR SALE, Steam LAUNCH, 8 h.p.; carries 5 tons. MOSS and CO., 410, George-street.

STEAMERS for HIRE, daily, carrying from 60 to 350 passengers. Terms, mod. Dry Dock Ferry, Erskine st.

COOKTOWN.—A Steerage-passage TICKET for SALE. Apply HERALD Office at 11 a.m.

FLOATING DOCK, DARLING HARBOUR.—THOMAS S. ROWNTREE and CO., Wood and Composite Shipbuilders and Blacksmiths. Ships of any size docked; repairs and work efficiently carried out on the most reasonable terms. Masts, spars, and ship timber of every description always on hand.

MEETINGS.

SYDNEY AND SUBURBAN WATER SUPPLY AND SEWERAGE ASSOCIATION.
The Executive Committee will meet at Mr. G. M. PITT'S Office (who has kindly placed it at the disposal of the Committee), George and King streets, at 3 p.m., THIS DAY, the 3rd instant. Business: To adopt petition.
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
Mr. John Young, John Woods, J.P., Captain Sadleir, Mr. W. M. Alderson, J.P., G. M. Pitt, J.P., J. V. Barnard, J.P., Mr. Archibald Forsyth, J.P., Benjamin James, George Hurley, J. Pope, J.P., Thomas Spence, J.P., J. Walter Smart,
and all the Mayors of Suburban Municipalities.
J. WALTER SMART, Honorary Secretary.

SYDNEY MECHANICS' SCHOOL OF ARTS.—A Special MEETING of the Members will be held in the Hall of the Institution at 8 o'clock p.m. on FRIDAY, the 7th of April, 1876, for the purpose of considering the advisability of adopting certain Plans and Designs for the alteration and enlargement of the Institution, and for the purpose of obtaining the sanction by the members of the Institution of the mortgage of its property with a view to obtaining funds for carrying out the proposed alterations.
By order of the Committee.
JOHN ROGERS, Secretary.
March 27, 1876.
P.S.—The plans can be seen by members in the large class-room.

MORTON AMATEUR DRAMATIC SOCIETY.—Members meet at Melbourne Club Hotel, THIS EVENING, at 8.15 o'clock sharp, for rehearsal.
J. H. YORKE, Hon. Secretary.

ELECTION OF COMMISSIONER under the Public Vehicles' Regulation Act of 1873.—I, BENJAMIN PALMER, Mayor of the city of Sydney, do hereby, under and by virtue of the powers conferred on me as such Mayor by the Public Vehicles Regulation Act of 1873, convene a MEETING of the several Councils, under the Municipalities Act of 1867, situate wholly or in part within the boundaries of the Police District of Sydney, to be holden at the Oddfellows' Hall, Elizabeth-street, in the city of Sydney aforesaid, on the 10th day of April now next, at the hour of 12 o'clock at noon, for the purpose of then and there electing a Commissioner, under the said Public Vehicles Regulations Act of 1873.
Dated at Sydney this 20th day of March, A.D. 1876
B. PALMER, Mayor.

ST. JOSEPH'S INVESTMENT AND BUILDING SOCIETY.
Offices: 99, Elizabeth-street.
TRUSTEES:
Rev. M. J. Dwyer, James Mullins, Esq., J.P., and P. R. Larkin, Esq.
MANAGER:
Mr E. J. Rubie.
Shareholders are reminded that the MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION MEETING will be held at the Society's Offices, 99, Elizabeth-street, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 5th, 1876, between the hours of 7 and 8.30 o'clock.
TO INVESTORS.
Invested shares of £10 each can be paid up at once, or at the rate of 0s per share per month, on which interest at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum is payable, with a share in the profits. Entrance fee on each share, 4s.
A Dividend of 10 per cent. was paid last year.
The Society is also prepared to take Fixed Deposits at the following rates:—
12 months, 6 per cent.; if withdrawn between 6 and 12 months, 4 per cent. is allowed; if withdrawn between 3 and 6 months, 3 per cent.
TO BORROWERS.
No Entrance Fees! No Premium!
No Survey Fees.
Borrowers may obtain an advance without becoming members.
MONEY LENT on MORTGAGE of good freehold security, repayable by equal monthly instalments.

Years.	Amount Per Month.	Amount Per Year.
3	£3 6 0	£39 12 0
5	2 8 9	26 6 0
7	1 14 3	28 1 0
10	1 7 0	16 4 0
12	1 4 3	14 11 0
15	1 1 6	12 18 0

For the convenience of working men, domestic servants, &c., rules and every information relative to borrowing and investing can be obtained from 10 till 4 p.m., at the Society's Offices, on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday in each week.
ROBERT B. BUTCHER, Secretary.

AUSTRALIAN CLUB.—The Adjourned Annual General MEETING will be held on WEDNESDAY next, at 2 p.m.
J. STACKHOUSE, Secretary.

59 LORNE L. O. L.—Monthly MEETING, THIS (Monday) NIGHT, Pyrmont.

NO. 47 BELMORE L. O. LODGE.—Usual Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, in S hadroom, Piper-street, Woollahra, at 8 o'clock sharp. Business of importance. Visitors invited. Frank W. Moore, hon. sec.

NO. 70 HOBAH meets THIS (Monday) EVENING, Protestant Hall, Darlinghurst, 8 p.m.
J. W. DEVEREUX, W.M.
G. TINDELL, Rev. J.J.

CALEDONIAN SOCIETY OF N. S. WALES.—The Monthly MEETING will be held in the Temperance Hall, THIS (Monday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, for ordinary business and further enrolment of members.
GEO. HAMILTON, Recording Secretary.

NO. 54, L.O.L. will hold an Arch Purple MEETING THIS (Monday) EVENING, at half-past 7, in the Masonic Temple, Clarence-street. Candidates are requested to be punctual. Visitors invited. W. J. Hamill, R.S.

MASONIC.—Lodge of Australia, 390, E.C.—Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, at 7 prompt.

PERMANENT MUTUAL BENEFIT BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY.—The Seventh Annual General Meeting of this Society will be held at the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, THIS EVENING, April 3, at 8 o'clock precisely, to receive the Report of the Directors for the past year; to elect three Directors and an Auditor, and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.
By order of the Board.
RANDOLPH NOTT, Secretary.

UNION CLUB.—NOTICE.—A Balloting MEETING will be held on TUESDAY, the 4th instant, from 1 to 2 p.m. By order
F. H. WILSON, Secretary.

SYDNEY UNIVERSITY UNION.—Debate for next FRIDAY:—"That matriculated Students should be allowed to proceed to the yearly and degree examinations without attending lectures." F. W. GIBSON, Hon. Sec.

SCHOOL OF ARTS DEBATING CLUB.—Subject for adjourned Debate, THIS (Monday) EVENING, "Ought England to resist by force of arms the dismemberment of the Turkish Empire?" P. R. Pedley, hon. sec.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.—Having been requested by a large number of members to allow myself to be nominated to fill one of the seats at the Board that will become vacant at the ensuing Annual General Meeting by the retirement of two Directors, only one of whom will be eligible for re-election, I beg to offer myself as a candidate, and if elected will devote my best energies to promote the welfare of our society.
Your obedient servant,
ALFRED G. J. NEALE.
469, Crown-street, March 1, 1876.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.
I beg to inform you that I am a CANDIDATE for the office of AUDITOR at the Annual Meeting, to be held on 26th April next, and respectfully solicit your votes.
JAMES D. MILNE.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.
I respectfully solicit your Vote and interest for the appointment of AUDITOR, at the Annual Meeting, to be held on April 26th next.
HENRY GORMAN.

MEETINGS OF PUBLIC COMPANIES.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—NOTICE is hereby given that the Half-yearly General MEETING of the Proprietors will be held at the Banking-house, George-street, Sydney, on FRIDAY, the 28th day of April, instant, at noon, to consider the Report of the Board of Directors to be then made; to elect a Director in the room of the Honorable Alexander Stuart, Esq., M.L.A., who has resigned; to confirm the following Resolution passed at the last Half-yearly General Meeting, viz.:—"That in the 76th Clause of the Deed of Settlement, between the words 'the said months' and the words 'for holding any such meeting' there be inserted the words 'or in the month of May, or November, respectively, following,'" and to consider such other matters and things as may then be brought forward, in conformity with the Deed of Settlement.
By order of the Board of Directors,
SHEPHERD SMITH, General Manager.
By the 45th Clause of the Deed of Settlement it is provided that every Proprietor who shall become a candidate for the office of Director shall give notice thereof to the Board of Directors, in writing, at least fourteen days before the day of election.
Bank of New South Wales, Sydney, 1st April, 1876.

PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF HARTLEY. ELECTION.
IN pursuance of a writ received from the Hon. the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, NOTICE is hereby given that a Public MEETING of the Electors of the Electoral District of Hartley will be held, at noon, on THURSDAY, the 13th April, 1876, at the Court House, Hartley, for the nomination and election of one Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the Electoral District of Hartley in the room of Thomas Brown, Esq., whose seat in the said Assembly hath been declared vacant.
In the event of more than one candidate being proposed, and a poll demanded, the polling will take place on FRIDAY, 21st April, 1876, at the following polling-places, viz.:—
Hartley, Bylstone, Redbank (Tarana), Oberon, Wallerawang, Crown Ridge (Mudgee Road), Ilford, Glen Alice (Capertee), Lithgow Valley, and Mount Victoria.
The polling will commence at 9 a.m., and close at 4 p.m. of the same day.
EDWIN BARTON, Returning-officer.
Wallerawang, 30th March, 1876.

SCHOOL in Suburbs for SALE; £3 weekly, low rent; English and music; price £30. Genuine, HERALD.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR.

GENTLEMAN who took HAT by mistake from Wesleyan Church, Bourke-st., yesterday, call 328, Crown-st.

JOHN KELLY, of Liverpool, England, will hear of his Brother RICHARD, at ECKFORD'S Hotel, Wynyard-square; or at E. CHIPPENDALL, Jun., Newcastle.

SAN FRANCISCO.—If this should meet the Eye of WILLIAM BURSTON, who left Christchurch on February 19, 1875, for Sydney, New South Wales, if he will send his present address to J. B., Post-office, San Francisco, he will hear of something to his advantage. WILLIAM SMITH.

EDUCATIONAL.

ALBERTO COLLEGE.—The Second Quarter of 1876 has begun. Vacancies. Lady Principal, Mrs. Tait.

AVIS.—FITZJOHN HALL, Teacher of Writing, Drawing, &c., Lyndhurst and Springfield Colleges. Students prepared Civil Service examinations; bookkeeping made easy; evening classes. 170, Castlereagh-st. N.

BALMAIN GRAMMAR SCHOOL, School of Arts. Quarter commences April 3. R. MAYHEW.

BELLEVUE HOUSE SCHOOL removed to 96, Hunter-st. Term begins 3rd. E. BLACKMORE.

BATHURST.—Macquarie House School for Young Ladies.—Second Quarter will begin on April 1st, 1876. Application to Miss NEWSHAM, George-street, Bathurst.

CLIFF LODGE, Glebe Point.—Principal, Mrs. HORSLEY. The new quarter begins April 1st.

CLASSICAL and COMMERCIAL SCHOOL, Worven, Double Bay.—Principal, C. T. NORTON, assisted by the Rev. W. J. M. HILLYAR, B.A., First-class honours in Classics, Oxford. Easter Term begins April 10.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, GLEBE POINT.—The next Quarter for New PUPILS will commence on MONDAY, April 3.
THOMAS J. BOWYER, M.A.

DAY and BOARDING SCHOOL (late Mr. Cane's), sound English education. 76, Stanley-street.

DARLINGTON HOUSE, NEWTOWN ROAD.—The Misses HOGG are assisted by the first Professors—Mr. Weymouth, Madame Marie, Mr. A. Rea. There are two vacancies in Mr. C. J. FACHE'S class, for ladies reading for the University Examination.

EDUCATION FOR THE DAUGHTERS OF GENTLEMEN.—Mrs. SPOFFORTH receives a limited number of Resident and Day Pupils to whom she offers unusual advantages. Vacancies. Dancing Class forming; non pupils admitted. Derwent-street, Glebe.

GREEK, Latin, French, German taught by ADLER, Leipsic University. Apply Weber's Post Office Hotel.

HYDE PARK LADIES' COLLEGE.—Mrs. PILLANS superintends the education of a limited number of young ladies. The next quarter for new pupils commences April 3rd.

HIGH SCHOOL, Goulburn.—The next Quarter commences on MONDAY, April 3. There are classes preparing for the Civil Service, University, and Survey Examinations.
Vacancies for boarders.
G. METCALFE, M.A.

MISS JOHNSON'S Preparatory SCHOOL for BOYS. Term commences 1st April. 65 Elizabeth-st. N.

MINNAVILLE SCHOOL.—Easter term commenced on SATURDAY, 1st April. 63, Oxford-street.

PIANOFORTE and SINGING.—Mrs. PALMER, 167, Premier-terrace, William-street.

PETERSHAM.—Educational Establishment for young ladies, conducted by Mrs. MUNRO and the Misses MUIR. English and accomplishments. Second quarter of 1876 begins April 1.

PETERSHAM.—Establishment for Young Ladies, Ada House, New Cook's River Road. Mrs. and the Misses ELLA. Easter term will begin on MONDAY, April 3rd. Vacancies for a few boarders.
The well-known salubrity of this suburb, and the character of the education imparted, render this establishment valuable to pupils either from town or country.
Prospectuses can be had at the school, or of Messrs. MADDOCK, PALING, and READING, Sydney.

SINGING LESSONS by Mr. W. F. BURKE, author of "The Voice in Singing; its Anatomy." 30 Wynyd.-sq.

SYDNEY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—The English Master, Mr. C. F. FACHE, receives, as Boarders, Pupils attending the School, at his residence, Cleve and House, Alfred Park. Parents can thus obtain for their sons the advantages of the Grammar School course, with the comforts of home and the discipline of a well-regulated boarding school. Terms, from 60 guineas, inclusive of school fees. Prospectus on application.

SYDNEY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—The next Quarter will begin at 9.30 a.m., on WEDNESDAY, April 19. Boys who wish to be admitted as new pupils, should call upon the Head Master at his house in the northern wing of the School building, between the hours of 10 and 1 on SATURDAY MORNING, April 8.
A. B. WEIGALL, Head Master.

THE MISSES HOOPER, 25, Upper Fort-street, Flagstaff. Easter term will commence April 1st.

TO SCHOOLS.—Two mornings weekly now disengaged. Matriculation subjects. H. Waymouth, Maddock's Library.

VALENTIA COLLEGE, Windsor. Under the patronage of the Hon. Lady ROBINSON.
The ensuing Term will begin WEDNESDAY, April 5.
There are two vacancies for resident Pupils. Terms on application to Mrs. Nealds.

WENTWORTH COLLEGE FOR LADIES, Glebe Road. Qr. from date entrance. Fr., S. W. Gray.

RELIGIOUS ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE REV. PETER CAMPBELL has arrived in Sydney, after a protracted bush tour of 1840 miles. He leaves the city again on Monday next, 10th instant, at 4 o'clock p.m. The following donations thankfully acknowledged, viz.:—J. Carment, Esq., S.S. .. Edinburgh (Scotland), £10; Hon. W. Grahame, M.L.C., £2; Mrs. J. C., £5; Major C. F. Roberts, £2. Address, Box 138, General Post Office, Sydney.

LOST AND FOUND.

A MAGPIE LOST. Reward given if returned at 340, Victoria-street.

LOST, Saturday evening, small Black TERRIER. Tiny Tanner engraved on collar. Mrs. Tanner, King-st.

LOST, on Thursday evening, in Sussex or Erskine streets, small Gold EARRING. Reward at 264, George-street.

LOST, one Gold LOCKET, key and seal attached to part of hair guard. One pound reward on bringing same to Mr. WATSON, 71, Margaret-street.

LOST, fawn-coloured GREYHOUND, with collar and chain attached. Reward on returning him to Goswell Cottage, Elizabeth-street, Ashfield.

5s REWARD.—LOST, a Gold Ear-ring, between Victoria Theatre and Kingswood House, Norton-st., S. H.

5s REWARD.—LOST, Saturday, 2.30 p.m., in George-street, or 'bus, opp. Cathedral, black alpaca PARASOL, lined with green (in paper), supposed dropped in roadway. Reward 161, Elizabeth-street.

£1 REWARD.—LOST, between Castlereagh-street and St. Mary's, Gold Brooch. 201, Castlereagh-st.

£1 REWARD.—Strayed light-coloured COW with short tail. E. K. WOLSTENHOLME, New Cook's River Road, Marrickville.

STRAYED, from Pyrmont, on Saturday night, a Brown HORSE, 5 off rump, DMA off shoulder, and a Mouse-coloured Horse, white face, MP off shoulder. £1 reward given on bringing same. S. CROSSLEY, Pyrmont.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF ST. PETERS.—EXTRAORDINARY VACANCY.—NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with the provisions of the Municipalities Act of 1867, that an Election, to supply an extraordinary vacancy in the office of Alderman for Cook's River Ward, in the above Municipal District, in the room of JOHN TANGELDER GORUS, who has been ousted from his office as Alderman for the said Ward, by a rule of the Supreme Court, will take place at the Municipal Council Chambers, Cook's River Road, St. Peters, at 12 o'clock noon, on THURSDAY, the 6th day of April next.
Nominations of Candidates must be in writing and delivered to the undersigned, at Brooklyn, Cook's River, seven days at the least before the said 6th day of April next.
JOHN TANGELDER GORUS, Mayor and Returning Officer.
Council Chambers, St. Peters, March 22, 1876.

ACCOUNTS due to Mr. FORTESCUE may, after the 7th instant, be paid to Dr. BELGRAVE, who is authorised to receive them, and to give receipts. Those not paid to him within three months will be called for by Mr. EDWARD RAMSAY, Collector.

PUBLICATIONS.

A PRECIS OF THE HISTORY OF THE LAST TWENTY-FIVE YEARS
The Annual Summaries from the TIMES giving in the smallest possible space, the history of the third quarter of the present century are being reprinted in the ECHO.

NEW SOUTH WALES ACADEMY OF ART.
NOTICE TO ARTISTS, AMATEURS, AND ART STUDENTS.
FIFTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF WORKS OF COLONIAL ART.
Intending Exhibitors are reminded that their EXHIBITS must be forwarded to the Society's Rooms, Elizabeth-street North, addressed to the Honorary Secretary, and accompanied by the usual form of entry, not later than on MONDAY, the 3rd instant.
E. DU FAUR, Hon. Sec.
Rialto-terrace, 1st April, 1876.

BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENTS

W. H. ROLFE, on relinquishing business, embraces the opportunity to return his thanks for the large and liberal support awarded him during the last twenty years, as Timber Merchant, and begs further to solicit a continuance of those favours on behalf of his late salesman, JOHN JAMES LIVINGSTONE, who will continue to carry on the business on his own account, from the 1st day of April next. Mr. Livingstone's thorough knowledge of the timber trade is a guarantee that any orders he might be favoured with will be promptly and faithfully attended to.
W. H. ROLFE respectfully requests that all ACCOUNTS owing him may be forwarded, with as little delay as possible, to J. J. LIVINGSTONE, whose receipt will be a sufficient discharge.
W. H. ROLFE, Timber Yard, Pitt-street, Circular Quay.
March 25, 1876.
With reference to the above, J. J. LIVINGSTONE begs to inform the trade and the public generally that on and after the first day of April next, his business will be carried on at the Yard, Pitt-street, Circular Quay, where he solicits the favour of your patronage, and trusts by prompt attention to merit a continuance of those favours bestowed on his predecessor.
J. J. LIVINGSTONE, Timber Yard, Pitt-street, Circular Quay.

NOTICE.—I beg to notify that I have recommenced Business as a STOCK and SHARE BROKER, at No. 134, Pitt-street, being portion of the offices of Mr. Marshall Bayley, who has kindly granted me the temporary use of the same.
Any business that I may be favoured with will have my best attention.
J. BANKEN PEEBLES.
Sydney, 17th March, 1876.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

GOSPEL OAK Corrugated IRON, 9 and 10 feet, 24 and 26 gauge. W. CARY, Railway Bridge.

SLATES and Slate SLABS, for Urinals; Cement, Sheet Lead, Zinc. W. CARY, Railway Bridge.

MARBLE and SLATE CHIMNEYPIECES, new designs, just landed. W. CARY, Railway Bridge.

CEDAR, all sizes; TURNERY, every description cheap. STEWART, Cedar Yard and Sawmill, Pitt-st.

CEMENT, Plaster, Sheet Lead and Pipe, Zinc, Galvanized Iron, Galvanized Gutter and Ridging, Wire Nails, White Lead and Oil, Fire Bricks, Drain Pipes, all sizes, &c., &c. CRANE and SON, New Pitt-st., Cir. Qy.

LIME, LIME.—Fresh Marble Lime, constant stocks; also Portland Cement, best. Depot, 8, King-street.

STREET, BROTHERS, Timber Merchants, Street's Wharf, Sydney, and Pampoolah Sawmills, Manning River.
Hardwood of every description, and of the very best quality, supplied at the shortest notice, and at considerable reduced prices.

CHAMPION'S Genuine WHITE LEAD, unequalled in the colony, in firkins, 1, 2, and 3 cwt. net.
PAINTS, all colours, in 2, 4, and 6 lb. tins, mixed ready for use.
Raw and Boiled Oil.
J. MURPHY and SON.

TO PAPERHANGERS and LANDLORDS.—4000 ROLLS, in job lots, in 4, 5, 6, and 7's, cheap; must be cleared out to make room for new shipment expected daily.
MURPHY and SON.

200,000 FEET T. and G. Colonial and Maryborough flooring, lining
Oregon spars, planking, scantling, &c.
PALINGS, 5 and 6 feet shingles, laths, pickets, &c.
BALTIC DEALS, 11 and 9 x 3, red deals
BALTIC G. and T. boards, 1¼, 1, ⅞, ¾, and ⅝ inch
DOORS, SASHES, mouldings, architraves, skirting, &c., on hand and made to order
GALVANIZED plain and corrugated iron, ridging, spouting, ¾ and 1 inch galvanized water-pipe and fittings
CEMENT, best Portland, and Keene's cement, plaster, &c.
SHEET LEAD and zinc, assorted sizes
WHITE LEAD, best quality
REGISTER STOVES, various sizes
AIR BRICKS, black and galvanized
DRAIN PIPES, all sizes; chimney pots, paving tiles, fire and building bricks, &c.
TURNERY of every description, in cedar and pine
Timber delivered by steam launch to any part of the harbour or Parramatta river.
GOODLET and SMITH, Victoria Saw and Joinery Mills, Pyrmont; 483 George-street; and 7, Parramatta-st.

BRICKS.—GOODLET and SMITH, Patent Brick Works, Surry Hills and Botany Road, Waterloo.

BALMAIN. BALMAIN. BALMAIN.—New Timber Yard, near Elliott's Works.
100,000 feet Hardwood, Pine, &c., &c.
100,000 Shingles, best Forest Oak
2000 Posts and Rails, 5000 Palings
Doors, Sashes, &c., &c. S. DICKSON, Jun.

STOCK AND STATIONS

THE LAND
British and Foreign Gleanings on Agriculture. Pastoral News of New South Wales and the Colonies. Agricultural Societies, Metropolitan and Provincial.
HORTICULTURE, THE GARDEN
THE SYDNEY MAIL,
Hunter-street, Sydney.
To be had of all News Agents.
Subscription: 6s. per quarter.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.
Large fattening Station, Western district
Estate near Braidwood, 6000 acres, highly improved
Numerous other Properties, both in New South Wales and Queensland.
Also, the following Stock:—
1630 first-class store Bullocks } from the noted "Tabulam"
700 splendid Heifers } station, Clarence River
800 Bullocks, Richmond River
Store Sheep and Cattle, in New South Wales and Queensland, various lots
First-class bulls, in various localities.
GRIFFITHS and WEAVER, 271, George-street.

SYDNEY BENEVOLENT ASYLUM, 3rd April, 1876.—Received from the Hon. the Minister for Lands, per W. W. Stephen, Esq., the sum of THIRTY POUNDS, being a portion of the Benefit given for various Charities of Sydney by Chevalier Blondin, on his last visit to Sydney, in acknowledgment of the Minister for Lands granting him the use of part of the Domain for his entertainment.
J. G. RAPHAEL, Treasurer.

PRINCE ALFRED HOSPITAL.
PATRON: His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.
PATRONESS: Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales.
The FOUNDATION-STONE will be laid by his Excellency the GOVERNOR, on the 24th instant, at half-past 4 p.m.
It will be a General Pavilion Hospital, for the relief of the sick and maimed without distinction, and will contain, when completed, about four hundred beds.
ALFRED ROBERTS, J. GRAFTON ROSS, Honorary Secretaries.

THE CLOSING OF PUBLIC-HOUSES ON SUNDAYS.—Friends in favour of the above, willing to assist the movement, can obtain petitions for signature, and those who have them will please return the lists at the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street.

WORKING MEN of Sydney. Sign the Sunday Closing Petition; throw back the slanderous imputation that you, for beer, cause the awful desecration of the Sabbath, by keeping those "Post Houses" open.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1442406

TENDERS.

FOR SALE, BY TENDERS, the PLANT of the New Zealand Distillery Company—consisting of
Copper Wash Still, 1906 gallons
Ditto Steam Still, 829 gallons
Ditto Steam or Fire Still, 610 gallons
Ditto ditto ditto, 290 gallons
Worm Tub
Spirits of Wine Still
Copper Pipes
Cocks
Vats
Pump.

The above have only been used by the New Zealand Distillery Company for about three years; are in excellent order; a full description of which can be seen on application at the HERALD Office. Tenders wanted up till 30th April, f.o.b. at Port Chalmers, addressed
To the Directors of the
Albion Brewing and Malting Company,
Dunedin, N. Z.

TENDERS are invited, and will be received until 3 p.m., of FRIDAY, 7th April, for the purchase of the STOCK-IN-TRADE (consisting of Groceries, Drapery, Ironmongery, &c., all in first-class condition) in the assigned estate of DUGALD M'CALLUM, General Storekeeper, Singleton, where the stock can be examined, and every information obtained in connection with the business, by intending purchasers.
Stock sheets can also be inspected at the Counting-house of Messrs. John Frazer and Co., the tenders being addressed to the Trustees, to their care, and opened in the presence of those tenderers attending.
For further information apply to
ROBERT GRAY, or } Trustees.
JAMES EWAN, }

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited for the erection and completion of FOUR DWELLING-HOUSES, in Macleay-street.
The works may be tendered for as under:—
1. Excavation, drainage, masonry, and brickwork.
2. Carpenters and joiners' work, and all finishing trades.
3. Or the whole in one sum
Plans and specifications may be seen on application to Messrs. MANSFIELD, BROTHERS, Architects, of 165, Pitt-street, Sydney, to whom tenders are to be delivered on or before THURSDAY, 20th April.

No. 76-19. Town Clerk's Office, Sydney, 1st April, 1876.
TO CONTRACTORS.—TENDERS will be received until 11 o'clock, TUESDAY, 11th instant, for providing and laying KERBING and GUTTERING during the remainder of 1876, in accordance with the specification to be seen at the City Surveyor's Office.
T. A. BUTTERFIELD, Town Clerk pro tem.

TENDERS invited until 10th April, for erection of Two Brick Stores, in Clarence-street. Plans at my office, 183, Pitt-street, opposite City Bank. FERD. H. REUSS, Jun., Architect.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are required by the 10th, for the erection of a HOUSE on the Glenmore Road, for E. Holdsworth, Esq. O. H. LEWIS, Architect, 392, George-street.

TENDERS for Hotel, Liverpool and Bourke streets, sent this day to Mr. T. S. Bradridge, 255, Crown-st.

TO PLASTERERS.—Wanted, a PRICE for Plastering. Mr. Young, 430, Riley-street.

TO SMITHS.—TENDERS required for Smiths' work for Dalton's new stores, Pitt-street. Apply on works.

TO STONECARVERS.—TENDERS required for carving front Dalton's new stores. Apply on works.

DARLINGTON MUNICIPALITY.—TENDERS are required for Dressing and Laying Kerbing and Two-course Guttering in Raglan-lane (labour only). Tenders to be addressed to the Mayor (from whom all particulars may be obtained) not later than WEDNESDAY next, the 5th instant. By order of the Mayor.
A. SHEFFIELD, Council Clerk.
March 21, 1876.

TENDERS invited up to THIS DAY for FENCING (hardwood posts 4 x 4, single top rail 3 x 3) the Reserve on S. P. Freehold Land, and Building Society, sub-division, Ashfield. Particulars at Office, Temple Hall.

STOCK, SHARES, AND MONEY.

M O N E Y.—NATIONAL LOAN and DISCOUNT COMPANY.
Office, 51, Hunter-street.
SUMS of £10 to £10,000 can be obtained on PERSONAL or OTHER SECURITY, repayable by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments.
ADVANCES made upon personal security, mortgage, deposits of deeds (freehold or leasehold), bills of sale, merchandise, bonded certificates, stocks and shares, &c.
GOOD TRADE BILLS discounted at slight advance upon BANK RATES.
Forms and all information can be obtained gratuitously at the Company's Office. Hours, 9 to 5. CLOSED on SATURDAYS.

LONDON LOAN AND DISCOUNT SOCIETY'S BANK, 125, Elizabeth-street South, next St. James's School. FIRST ESTABLISHED IN SYDNEY.
MONEY advanced in sums varying from £5 to £1000 on two responsible securities. Arrangements can be made for WEEKLY, MONTHLY, or QUARTERLY payments. BILLS OF SALE on Furniture, without possession. Advances made upon Mortgage, Deposit of Deeds, Merchandise Bonded Certificates, Trade Bills, &c., &c.
N.B.—No agents employed. Forms may be had gratis.

MONEY to LEND, on good security. ALLEN, BOWDEN, and ALLEN, 124, Elizabeth-street.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY. MONEY. ON EASY TERMS.

MUTUUM LOAN and DISCOUNT OFFICE,
42, HUNTER-STREET,
OPPOSITE THE UNION BANK.
Money in sums of £5 to £5000, to male or female, in town or country, on note of hand, stock-in-trade, crops, farm stock, or to assist persons to take a business. Loans to any amount on furniture, without removal, law cost, or publicity; also on deposit of deeds, bonds, shares, reversions, &c. Mortgages to any amount on freehold and leasehold property. Bills discounted; interest from 5 PER CENT.
N.B.—This being a genuine office for all mercantile monetary transactions, borrowers will do well to apply and consult the Manager, 42, Hunter-street.

COMMERCIAL LOAN AND DISCOUNT COMPANY.
OLD TOWN HALL WYNYARD-SQUARE.
MONEY advanced on two responsible securities, from £5 to £5000. Interest from FIVE PER CENT., repayable by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments. CASH advanced on Furniture, without possession, deeds of land freehold or leasehold, merchandise and bills of lading. Bills discounted daily. All information gratis, by applying to the Manager, Old Town Hall, Wynyard-square.

M O N E Y. M O N E Y, MERCANTILE LOAN and DISCOUNT COMPANY.
98, Elizabeth-street, next Brigade Office.
Sums of £5 to £10,000 advanced on deposit of DEEDS either Freehold or Leasehold, Bills of Lading, Bonded Certificates, Shares, Insurance Policies, or any other tangible security.
GOOD TRADE BILLS discounted DAILY a slight ADVANCE on BANKING RATES.
BILLS OF SALE on FURNITURE (without possession).
MONEY advanced upon PERSONAL OR OTHER SECURITY repayable by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY, REAL and PERSONAL ADVANCE COMPANY.
Offices, 6, Bligh-street, opposite the Turkish Baths.
This Company makes immediate CASH advances, from £5 to £1000, to persons borrowing, upon any kind of security, bills of sale (without possession), &c., &c., upon the following principle:—
Person borrowing £20, receives £18
" " 10, " 9
" " 5, " 4 10s,
repayable by weekly or monthly instalments, to suit the borrower's own convenience. Tradesmen, or others in want of temporary accommodation, can obtain all information, without charge, by applying personally or by letter to the MANAGER. Bills discounted. Advances upon mortgage at current rates.

INDUSTRIAL AND PROVIDENT PERMANENT BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY.—NOTICE.—Deposits received to any extent. Special Rates on application.
By order of the Board.
WILLIAM JARRETT, Manager.
Offices, Park-street one door from George-street.

£5 TO £500 to Lend, personal security; repayable by instalments. J. G. READ, 494, George-street.

£1000 REQUIRED on good freehold, 6 per cent. B. W., HERALD Office.

MONEY to LEND in sums £100 to £1000. CURTIS and GANNON, Solicitors, 229, Pitt-street.

MONEY received on deposit for such periods as may be arranged, at highest state of interest, by S. P. Freehold Land and Building Society Temperance Hall, Pitt-street. J. W. WATKINS, Manager.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, AND MUSIC.

BRANDAUER'S CIRCULAR-POINTED PENS, twelve kinds.—The Post, Echo, Herald, Gazette, Punch, Figaro, Lancet, Magazine, Globe, Mail, Times, and Review. To be obtained from all Stationers and Storekeepers. Wholesale Agents, EDWARDS, DUNLOP, and CO., 144, Pitt-street, Sydney.

FULLERTON'S Family Medical Guide, 12s, by post 14s. W. MADDOCK, Bookseller, 383, George-st.

ZETIMA, ZETIMA, ZETIMA, ZETIMA, 2s. 6d. H. Hains, 419, George-street, next Lassetter's.

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back of Queen's Theatre.

OUR BRISBANE LETTER.

MARCH 27.

THE coming event of a session of Parliament under responsible institutions invariably casts its shadow before in the form of an awakening to their political responsibilities of those members who set most store upon keeping well in with their constituents; and whether, therefore, there be anything or nothing to say, and they be able to say it well or ill, there will always be a certain number of meetings of the representative with the represented, somewhere about the time when Parliament is on the eve of being called together. A few such meetings have within the last month or so been held by members of the Queensland Parliament; but owing to the absence of all political excitement at the present moment, they have been remarkable for their dulness. At Maryborough there was a flash in the pan upon the subject of neglect generally of the district by the Government, and of the necessity in particular of railway communication with Gympie. Upon this latter work being included in the Government programme depends, it is understood, the member's continued support, or total abandonment, of the present Administration. We have, however, become used of late to demonstrations from Maryborough which are not sustained and end in nothing; and though in their complaints of neglect, approaching to absolute ill-usage, they omit to mention the quite recent expenditure of £30,000 upon a bridge over the Mary, this little fact is hardly likely to be forgotten by the House, and especially by that section of it which is more immediately concerned in the somewhat disreputable fact that the bridge connecting the two halves of the metropolis is heavily mortgaged to foreign capitalists, whose interest upon their capital is raised by heavy tolls inflicted upon the citizens in the mutual transaction of business between the north and south sides of the river. The Brisbane bridge question is due for settlement during the coming session; but, despite the understanding that terms were to be arranged between the Government and the Municipal Council during the recess which is coming to a close, nothing whatever appears to have been done in the matter. It is of course quite possible that preliminaries have been settled, but that the parties prefer keeping their counsel until the scheme is before Parliament; but this is extremely doubtful, even if it were possible, to keep dark any conclusions which may have been come to: and as the subject is one of very grave moment to the city, the neglect of the matter by those whose active interest the citizens had a right to claim is hardly pardonable, and will have to be fully accounted for.

We seem fated to get into hot water, or with some complications or other, in every case of quarantine. Besides the Gauntlet and the Indus, to the circumstances connected with which I have already referred, the Western Monarch was ruthlessly put into quarantine for a single case of fever, the patient in which was already convalescent. This raised such a storm of indignation from the passengers, and elicited such an eloquent public protest from the surgeon of the ship, that the Government were obliged to take action. On Friday last accordingly the Acting-Premier, accompanied by a medical commission composed of the three professional members of the Central Board of Health, visited both the station and the ship, the result being the immediate and unconditional admission of both ship and passengers to pratique. The Health Officer is said to be extremely indignant at the setting aside thus summarily of his professional opinion; and, not content with a formal protest at the time threatens a public exposition of his views. Until the expiration, however, of a certain number of days required for the germs of fever to develop themselves actively, the lay mind cannot determine who was right in this disagreement of doctors; but we have meanwhile the consolation of ocular demonstration that the immigrants are a healthy-looking and clean lot of people, with as little suspicion as possible of lurking disease about them.

It is an appropriate conjunction of events that, simultaneously with the splendid discovery made by Mulligan and his party, the first writ should have been issued for the district of Cook. At the time of the last adjustment of electoral districts, the Palmer goldfields were not discovered, or at least had not given promise of any importance. Last session, however, by unanimous consent, an Act was passed to give separate representation to this district which had so suddenly developed into the highest importance, and gave such high promise for the future. That promise has been more than fulfilled in the confirmation afforded by the first crushings from the auriferous reefs (presuming the stone to have been of fair average value) of the opinion entertained of the permanency of the goldfield, and is now put beyond question by these new discoveries. The Government have lost no time in dispatching Mr. Warden Hill to the new field, and law and order will be represented there before the rush, which is inevitable, takes place. The favourite candidate for the representation of the new constituency is a legal gentleman resident in Brisbane; but I am not at all sure that both he and other residents of Brisbane and various settled parts of the colony will not have occasion before long to wish that Mulligan's new find were in the wilds of Africa or some other part of the world too remote to tempt mechanics, labourers, farmers, and others, upon whom our local prosperity so much depends, to the stampede of the gold which is likely to follow upon the late exciting news. Whether fortunately or unfortunately for the colony generally is open to question; but the season, the convenient position of the new find, and other circumstances combine to tempt people of all kinds in settled occupations to go and try their luck; and it is more than probable that labour for the ordinary purposes of life will be bad, scarce, and dear all through the winter.

From reliable statistics of "Production" can be gathered better perhaps than by any other means the real progress of a colony. Unfortunately, however, such statistics, to be reliable, must have the stamp of office upon them, and, where they relate to matters for information upon which the compilation of the tables depends partly upon the intelligence and industry of the collecting constables, and partly upon the willingness to answer, and on the truthfulness of their informants, the statistics are necessarily but the best approximation which can be obtained. The alienation and occupation of land during the year 1875 was so considerable, and so important in its bearing on the teritory of the colony, that the revelations of the Land Offices under these heads for the year 1874, up to the end of which only the returns before me are compiled, possess little or no interest. Other of the tables also come too late—fifteen months after date—to be of value except for comparison with earlier periods still than that to which they relate. The wheat returns are, however, in a somewhat different category; and as several of your southern neighbours, including New Zealand, are exporters of wheat, it will be interesting to your readers to know what we are doing in the way of producing the staff of life. The harvest of 1874 having been a satisfactory one, we may take it for granted that the area under cultivation last year was increased, and we know that the crops both as to quality and quantity left nothing to be desired. The whole of the wheat which we grow, with the exception of a few experimental patches here and there, which do not affect the quantity materially, is produced, within the influence of the main range, about Toowoomba, Warwick, and Allora. The total area sown in 1874 was 3472 acres, of which 3248 were free from rust, and produced 68,320 bushels of grain, or an average of 21 bushels 2 lbs. to the acre. A small area of 207 acres was affected with rust, which over that area reduced the average crops by nearly five bushels per acre. For the three years previously the quantity grown has not materially varied, while the proportion of rust has also remained much the same. But in 1870 very different facts are disclosed, more than one-half of the total crops having been affected with rust, and giving as low an average of produce as 13 bushels 45 lbs. to the acre; the grain, although not so stated, being probably of inferior quality. In carrying my mind back to a still earlier period, I remember other years full of discouragement from the same cause; and while, as the returns show, we may have several years together of comparative freedom from this pest, yet it is never altogether absent, and at irregular intervals gets the mastery. It is hardly probable, therefore, that these districts which are undoubtedly the best suited to wheat of any in the colony, will ever become important wheat producers, although, taking one year with another, the crop is sufficiently profitable for local consumption, and as a stand-by to equalise the year's earnings in conjunction with hay and corn, the market price of which is very variable, and sometimes falls too low to pay.

I have already, last year, spoken of the produce of sugar and rum in 1874. The sugar crop in that year was over 12,000 tons, upon which there cannot fail to be a serious falling-off in the statistics of that crop for 1875. This is, however, a larger question to be treated of in due course when it is better developed.

The average yield of the auriferous quartz of the different gold-fields is worth a reference. The Etheridge ranks highest, the yield per ton being 1 oz. 12 dwts. 4 grs.; next comes the Cape and Charter Towers, at 1 oz. 11 dwts. 23 grs.; next Gympie 1 oz. 9 dwts. 18 grs.; the Ravenswood, with 16 dwts. 1 gr.; the minor gold-fields then rapidly falling off down to a result of 3 dwts. on Calliope. The Palmer is not included here, because it has only lately been in a position to have the wealth of its quartz reefs tested, and the first returns will require accepting with caution, as no doubt some of the batches of stone had been picked over and over again by their owners, who, for a long time, had not much else to do.

A very full and influential meeting of members of the Church of England was held here on the 23rd instant, under the presidency of Bishop Hale, to devise means of creating a general fund for Church purposes, upon a basis somewhat similar to that of the "Church Society" of the Sydney diocese. The Anglican Church in Queensland has as yet no fund of the kind, its revenues being both raised and spent locally; so that the governing body of the Church, the Synod, or its representative during intervals of sitting, the Bishop and Diocesan Council, are powerless to effect much good. The want of means of responding to frequent calls for aid in church and school building, and for the stipends of ministers and lay readers, is naturally much felt by the Bishop; and the present movement is intended to supply this want, and to remove a reproach from a comparatively wealthy Church. Among the speakers at the meeting was Dr. R. L. Jenkins, who did more than merely advocate the cause; and there was a warmth of tone about the proceedings which promises well for the fund. An important feature in the proposed organization for collecting is the importation largely into the movement of the female element; and, as female members of the Church in various grades of life will probably do the whole of the collecting, it is generally understood that resistance is useless. The Bishop heads the list with £100, and £200 more were given in large donations within twenty-four hours of the meeting. Some allusions were made by the speakers to the fact that the Church of England had so long been accustomed to endowments that its members here could not readily adapt themselves to the voluntary system; but it was pointed out that this plea came too late in the day, as State-aid to religion in Queensland was withdrawn in 1860, and a Church which could not accommodate itself to a new state of things in sixteen years would never do. The fact is simply that the Church in question has never until now had a head, and is therefore now, for the first time, entering upon a system of organization. Its members have no fear for the results; and the cause of Christianity and Protestantism cannot fail to be largely benefited by the movement.

Among social reforms, early closing is again taking a prominent place. Various attempts have been from time to time made by the retail business men to accomplish this, but they have all failed in consequence of the difficulty found in keeping the compacts which more than once have been made to close at a uniform hour. The question has several aspects; but while abstractedly it is most desirable that shop employes should work for reasonable hours only, and while there is no question that their moral and physical welfare would be benefited by an earlier release than at present from work, the public after all must be left in large measure to settle these matters. It is, however, in the power, and is unquestionably the duty, of tradesmen in a large way of business to afford to their shopmen and women facilities for getting their meals, as well as, at fair intervals, for exercise; and it would be well if the promoters of the movement were to look in that quarter to some extent for alleviation of their position instead of arbitrarily assigning to the public an hour beyond which no business should be done.

As an instance of how colonially originated and conducted companies may be brought into a prosperous state by judicious management we may quote the Colonial Mutual Life Assurance Society (Limited). The business of this society has increased to such an extent lately that it has been found necessary to acquire a site in a central position in Melbourne, in order to erect premises commensurate with the growing importance of the society, not only in Victoria, but in the whole of the Australian colonies. At the great sale of city properties held on Wednesday, by Messrs. Fraser and Co., a site in Collins-street West, at present occupied by the society, and shop adjoining, was knocked down after a spirited contest to Mr. T. Jacques Martin, who purchased on account of the directors of the society at £180 per foot. The purchase is considered by city men a great bargain, and the price was probably influenced by Sir James M'Culloch's now exploded House and Income Tax. We hear that already the society has during the present financial year completed over 1000 policies—the largest number ever offered by any similar institution within so short a period. The management of the society is conducted by Boards of Directors in each colony, who have the sole control of the affairs and funds in their respective districts, the whole being supervised by a general committee of management, of which each director is a member, on the principle of federation of the colonies. The resident Secretary for New South Wales is Mr. Alfred Chandler, and the offices are at 168, Pitt-street, Sydney.—ADV.

OUR OTAGO LETTER.

DUNEDIN, MARCH 20.

POLITICAL matters, as is usual at this period of the year, are very dull; and the provincial question, which might otherwise have furnished a theme for discussion, was so thoroughly overhauled during the recent election that the public have got sick of it, notwithstanding the serious importance of the issues at stake. A number of Cabinet Councils have been held since the return of the Premier, and the Ministry are apparently buckling to the heavy tasks which lie before them. Sir Julius Vogel has just visited his new constituents at Wanganui to thank them for the honour which they had done him by electing him, and has made a speech upon the general state of public affairs. Judging from the telegraphic summary, which is the only report of his address that has yet reached Dunedin, it would seem that the leading feature of the Local Government Bill, which the Ministry propose to lay before the Assembly next session will be the division of the colony into large-sized counties, under the control of county Boards, whose principal function will be the construction and maintenance of public works, with the exception of the main railways, which will be managed by the General Government. The chairman of the Boards will be elected by the county constituencies. Education will be locally administered under a general control. In addition to county Boards there will be road Boards, but they will be independent of each other. It must not, however, be concluded that the Local Government Bill will certainly embody these principles. Sir Julius Vogel's utterances on the subject, like those of his colleagues during the elections, can only be regarded as a fishing for public opinion. The Premier's ambiguous remarks about the Land Fund, both on the present occasion and at the Wellington banquet, have excited much uneasiness here, notwithstanding that the Ministry as a body, and the Premier himself, are pledged up to the eyes to maintain the compact of 1856 intact. As to other matters, the Ministerial supporters in Dunedin are endeavouring to prepare the way for a visit of the Premier to this city. The Provincialists in turn are not idle. They have bought the *Guardian* newspaper, and a petition is being circulated among the members of the Otago Provincial Council for their signature, praying the Superintendent to convene a meeting of the members of that body (which, by the Abolition of Provinces Act, is prohibited from again assembling) to consider the action taken by the General Government in regard to Provincial institutions. It is possible, however, that practical difficulties may prevent the proposed convention being held.

On the morning of the 26th February two earthquake shocks were felt throughout the eastern part of Otago and in the south of Canterbury. The first occurred about half-past 3 o'clock in the morning, and was accompanied by a loud rumbling noise, and the second at a quarter to 9 o'clock, which was not attended by any noise. The place where the shocks were heaviest was Oamaru, where St. Paul's (Scotch) Church and the Hospital sustained considerable injury; chimneys were thrown down in all directions, and substantially-built houses shaken to their foundations. The shocks continued in this locality for a fortnight, but none were so violent as those of the 26th. At Kakanui the schoolhouse and teacher's residence were so much damaged as to be rendered uninhabitable. From the varying directions of the shocks in different localities, Captain Hutton, provincial geologist, is of opinion that the Mackenzie country was the focus of the earthquake.

Education is the main topic of the Lenten Pastorals of the Roman Catholic bishops. The Roman clergy have set themselves dead against the prevailing systems of public education in the colony; and these pastorals are filled with the old denunciations against secular education, which long use has rendered so familiar to us that we can read and hear them with the utmost equanimity. The Wellington Education Board, undeterred by these anathemas, has just determined to abandon the "mixed" system of education, which it has heretofore adopted, in favour of pure secularism; and, while the Roman Catholic laity are being drilled by the priests to fight for Denominationalism without compromise, the tendency of public opinion among all other sections of the community to a purely secular system is daily growing more marked. Whatever Roman Catholic priests may say, an excellent system of education has been established throughout the colony, and that, too, in face of enormous difficulties, arising from the wide dispersion of the population, want of funds on the part of the Boards, and the indisposition of the settlers to submit to taxation for educational purposes. There are very few districts, containing a sufficient number of children to support a school, wherein a Government school has not been opened; colleges and grammar schools have been established in all the principal towns, and the educational edifice is crowned by a University, in whose Council all the principal religious denominations, including the Roman Catholic, are represented. If any illfeeling now exists amongst different classes of the community on the subject of the administration of education, it is solely due to the exertions of Ultramontane priests. Before Bishop Moran's arrival in Otago, for instance, in many country districts, Protestant and Roman Catholics children used to attend the same school, and nobody thought any harm; but as soon as he appeared on the scene, the Catholics were summarily instructed to withdraw their children from the Government schools, under threats of all sorts of spiritual pains and penalties, and they have since been diligently taught that they are a persecuted race. And similar things have occurred in other parts of the colony.

A central prison, wherein prisoners under sentence of penal servitude will be confined, is about to be erected near New Plymouth, and the convicts will be employed in the construction of a breakwater there, so as to form a harbour of refuge. The Taranaki settlers have been agitating for this work for years, being of opinion that it will prove the making of their district; but the work is one of colonial importance, since there is at present no harbour on the west coast of the North Island to which ships of any size can run on the approach of bad weather. The space enclosed by the breakwater will be 300 acres, and will afford safe anchorage for vessels drawing fifteen feet of water. Unfortunately, in the process of construction, Paritutu, the highest of the Sugar Loaves—landmarks well known to mariners—will disappear, and a picturesque feature of the landscape will be destroyed. Paritutu is also a spot celebrated in Maori legends.

The Dunedinites have generally either a feast or a famine of amusements. At present they are enjoying a feast. There is, first, Madame Simonsen's Opera Company, who are performing in the Queen's Theatre to large houses. Then Blondin is astonishing the public with his tight-rope feats and fireworks in a gigantic canvas enclosure, big enough to hold half the population of Dunedin, while not far off Wilson's Palace Circus has been drawing crowds of young and old for some two or three weeks past. The company is now about to take its departure. Mr. Charles Bright, of Victoria, who had previously been lecturing on "Yankee Humour," and "Victorian Reminiscences," with no great amount of success, so far as attendances went, has managed to fill the circus tent on Sunday evenings with immense audiences assembled to hear his lectures on "Free Thought"—in other words, discourses in favour of infidelity. The Princess Theatre, rebuilt after the fire which occurred a few months ago, is nearly completed, and will be, in many respects, an improvement upon the old building. The Christchurch people, who have been talking for a long time about erecting a new theatre in place of the present one, are now actually going to do it. Mr. and Mrs. Hoskins have just closed a dramatic season here, and at its termination Mrs. Hoskins was presented with a silver tea and coffee service, valued at 100 guineas, the presentation being made by Sir Cracroft Wilson, K.S.I., on behalf of the subscribers. Mr. and Mrs. Hoskins intend to take up their residence in Christchurch permanently.

Mr. J. H. Bennett, agent for an English professional team, which contemplates visiting Australia during the next cricketing season, has written to the principal cricket clubs in the colony informing them that the English Eleven are prepared to visit New Zealand, if suitable terms are offered. The project of a visit of an Australian team to this colony, is also likely to be revived. Mr. Robertson, of Colac, has written to the Christchurch Club on the subject.

Her Majesty's esteem for John Brown, her Highland attendant, seems to extend to other members of the family. A brother of Brown's, named Hugh, has been settled in the North-East Valley, near Dunedin, for many years. Lately, Brown, sen., died in Scotland, and Hugh thereupon received a message from the Queen, through his brother, to the effect that, if he liked to visit Scotland, her Majesty would take him into her service; or, if he desired to return to the colony, she would pay the cost of his passage back. Brown, accordingly, sailed for England a week or two ago. During the Duke of Edinburgh's visit to Dunedin, his Royal Highness attended the Caledonian Games, and, hearing that Hugh Brown was on the ground, sent for and had a long conversation with him.

Our licensing laws have been tinkered by various bodies, with the result that might have been expected; and the licensed victuallers are now about to ask permission to try their hands. They propose to draft a bill to be laid before the Assembly at its next session, and for the purpose of advocating their views more effectually, have started *Licensed Victuallers' Gazettes* in Christchurch and Dunedin.

In accordance with a recommendation made by the Public Accounts Committee of the Asembly, the Government have given notice to the Bank of New Zealand of their intention to terminate their present arrangements with that institution, and have invited tenders for the banking business of the Government, which are to be sent in by the 20th April. This course, although a concession to public feeling so far as it goes, and a compliance with the recommendation of the committee, does not meet with general approval, the prevalent opinion being decidedly in favour of a division of the account.

Dunedin securities appear to be in request in the London money market. Not very long ago a loan of £100,000 was floated there on highly favourable terms; and intelligence has just been received that the Bank of New Zealand has succeeded in disposing of another £100,000 worth of 6 per cent. debentures at 102. The Colonial Bank has also sold a similar amount of Harbour Board 6 per cent. debentures, at a premium of from 3s. to 4s.

The annual firing for Government prizes has just taken place at Wanganui, the champion belt of the colony falling to an Otago rifleman named Willocks. The firing was very close, as will be seen by comparing the numbers of the six highest scores: Willocks (Otago), 247; Armstrong (Thames), 239; Blackie (Otago), 239; Crossman (Nelson), 237; Munn (Otago), 236; Wilson (Otago), 236. The Aucklanders have been comforted by one of their representatives—Bell—winning the champion prize for carbine firing.

What appears to be an important silver discovery has been made on the West Coast. A silver lead has been found on Mount Rangitoto, fourteen miles from Ross. A quarter of a ton of ore was sent to Melbourne for analysis by Mr. Kirkland, of the Melbourne University, one parcel of which gave 735 oz. troy to the ton, and the other 392 oz.

A good deal has been written about working men's clubs. One was started in Dunedin, twelve months ago, and has been so successful that the members are making an effort to raise enough money by debentures to build a proper club-house. The idea of the club originated among the working classes themselves, and the only assistance its promoters received was that afforded by a certain number of wealthier persons paying a year's subscription (a guinea) to give the club a start. The accommodation now at the disposal of the club consists of billiard, reading, and smoking rooms, tea and coffee being provided, while intoxicating liquors are excluded from the premises.

The harvest is over, and it is found that, although considerable injury was done to the crops in some places by bad weather which occurred during the harvesting, the yield is above the average.

Foreign immigration has been stopped.—A Fidelity Guarantee Society has been floated.—At Timaru lately, 3·25 inches of rain fell in twelve hours. It is only fair to the district to say that it seldom indulges in such extravagancies.—A correspondent of the *Guardian* complains that when he imports oranges and other fruit from Sydney, much of the fruit is abstracted from the boxes, which come as deck cargo. He thinks that the crews of intercolonial steamers, "and sometimes the passengers," entertain erroneous notions as to their right to pilfer fruit *in transitu*.

The schooner Florence, while on a voyage from Dunedin to Lyttelton, was lost in a squall off Banks' Peninsula, on Saturday morning. A man named Charles Jackson was drowned.

NOTES OF THE WEEK.

AT a meeting of the Linnean Society on the 27th ultimo, Mr. Brazier read a list of land shells collected during the recent expedition of the Chevert to New Guinea, comprising eighty-seven species, many of which are new to science.

Mr. Bell, City Engineer, in his report on the Sydney water supply, discourages the abandonment of the present source, but recommends enlarging the capacity of the Botany watershed.

An address and testimonial has been presented to Mr. Moses Moss, J.P., by members of the Hebrew faith, in recognition of services rendered by him to the cause of Judaism in this city.

John Anderson has died in the Infirmary from injuries received at Ebsworth's wool stores, Circular Quay.

The first-class match of the Sydney Yacht Squadron came off on the 25th March. The Magic was the victor.

Messrs. Gibbs, Shallard, and Co. have published a useful "Manual of Public Examinations."

The death is announced of Mr. R. M. Isaacs, well-known in legal and political circles in New South Wales.

Mr. D. Braham was fined £10 and costs at the Grafton police court, for ill-treating an orphan girl 14 years of age.

The drought on the Castlereagh is said to be worse than that of 1868.

A large meeting has been held in Wollongong and at Bulli in advocacy of the Illawarra railway.

Mr. James Hogg, proprietor of the Marulan lime-kilns, has erected additional kilns for burning lime.

The March exhibition of the Goulburn Horticultural Society was held on the 23rd ultimo.

An important meeting of the citizens was held on the 28th ultimo to consider the question of the water-supply of the city and suburbs.

A new lithographic process has been invented by Mr. John Eccles, of the New South Wales Survey Department, which is considered to be a great improvement on the common practice.

Hundreds of dead sheep are lying in a stream above the tanks from which Forbes receives its water-supply.

A rifle match on the 25th ultimo, between the Engineers and No. 1 Company at Regiment of Rifles, resulted in a victory for the latter.

A complimentary banquet was given on the 29th instant to the Hon. J. L. Montefiore, M.L.C., on the occasion of his departure for Europe and retirement from the position of chairman of the Sydney Chamber of Commerce.

A serious fire, occasioning considerable loss, occurred at Mr. Readford's farm, near Mudgee.

The latest accounts state that rain has fallen in various parts of the country, and that the drought seems to have broken up; but in other localities dry weather still prevails.

Men have been set to work to construct dams on the Bunnerong watershed, with the object of supplementing the Botany water supply.

A second inquest on the body of Eliza Jane Davis has been held in Young, in consequence of the illegality of the previous one, and the jury acquitted Dr. Heeley of the serious charge brought against him in the first instance, but considered the practice of medical men prescribing in serious cases without seeing the patient is to be condemned.

The execution of the Chinaman who murdered his fellow-prisoner in Parramatta gaol is fixed for the 18th instant.

The pumping machinery, erected by Mr. Samuel above George's River dam, has been inspected by members of the Legislature with Mr. Whitton and Mr. Moriarty, and pronounced equal to the work of supplying Sydney with water until more perfect arrangements can be made, and there is no fear of a water famine, even if the Botany dams were exhausted.

A meeting for the purpose of founding a Musical Union in Sydney was held on the 30th ultimo.

The New South Wales exhibits by the Mikado were landed at San Francisco on the 13th February.

The authorities at Orange have been inspecting a locality in the Canobolas Mountains, 330 feet above the town, with the view of making it a source of water supply.

A boy picked up a nugget weighing 2 oz. at Red Hill, Gulgong.

John Yeo, of Elong Elong, Talbragar, died at Dubbo, from poison absorbed into his system while skinning a bullock.

The select committee on the Colonial Wines Sales Act Repeal Bill, appointed on the 3rd February, have published their report, in which they suggest several amendments.

It is reported that there will be a heavy crop of maize this year in the Manning district.

The Rev. Mr. Sellors, who has resided three years as Wesleyan minister at Balmain, has been presented with a handsome testimonial by his friends, on the eve of his departure for New England.

The sum of £4000 is said to have been refused by Messrs. Chirnside for their colt Westminster.

The sum required to equip Signor D'Albertis's New Guinea expedition is estimated at £500, of which £364 has been subscribed.

The earthquake felt on the 20th March in several parts of South Australia, was very severe, and some buildings were considerably damaged.

Land has been sold in Melbourne at the rate of £600 per foot.

Henry Walstead died at a station in the Wagga district, from the effects of animal poisoning.

LAW.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

SATURDAY.

SCHEDULE FILED.

Charles Porter, of Sydney, draper's assistant. Liabilities, £154 5s. 3d., of which £24 is secured. Assets, £27.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS.

Monday, April 3, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Thomas Hale, adjourned second from the 20th March last; Alfred Forwood, special for examination of the insolvent; Roderick Marcus M'Donald, adjourned examination from the 23rd of March last; Maria Moss, adjourned examination from the 27th March; Golden Hill Quartz Mining and Crushing Company and Companies' Act, No. 24, consideration of proceedings under winding-up order of 8th February last; Thomas Givins, directions adjourned from 30th March; John Nott, adjourned from 30th March; Edward Markham, confirmation of account and plan; William Gregory, confirmation of account and plan; Charles Smith, confirmation of account and plan; Boon, Hancock, and Campbell, confirmation of account and plan; Henry Moon, confirmation of account and plan; Alexander Brodie, confirmation of account and plan; Greta Coal and Shale Mining Company, and Companies' Act (No. 18), application for order of call; St. Lucia Tin Mining Company and Companies' Act (No. 4), application for payment of creditors.

Wednesday, April 5, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Joshua Cochrane, third; James Armstrong, first and only meeting; Patrick Sheekey, special for proof of debts; Joseph Sanday, first meeting.

Thursday, April 6, at 11 a.m.—Before the District Commissioner: George Buckley, first and only meeting at Armidale; James William Baillie Frederick, first and only meeting at Armidale; Carl Ibels, first and only meeting at Shoalhaven; Edward Brennan, first and only meeting at Newcastle.

Friday, April 7, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Edward Hanover Hall, third; John Frederick Cocks and Mary Ann Child, first and only meeting; Agnes Dettman, first and only meeting; Ah Hong, Sup Hung, Chew Young, and Ah Mun (trading as Chew, Kee, and Co.), adjourned second from the 10th of March last; William Long, adjourned single from the 17th of March; Henry Eckhouse, adjourned special for proof of debts from the 17th of March; Charles Porter, adjourned single from the 22nd of March; John Manning Hazeland, trading as Hazeland and Co., first meeting.

Friday, April 7, at 11 a.m.—Before the District Commissioner: George Henry Bryant, first and only meeting at Bathurst.

Monday, April 10, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Parramatta River Steam Company and Companies' Act, No. 14, application for order for call; John Thomson, special, for examination of insolvent and two witnesses; Frederick Hanson, special, for examination of insolvent and one witness.

Tuesday, April 11, at 11 a.m.—Before the District Commissioner: William Carey, first and only meeting at Armidale.

APPLICATIONS FOR CERTIFICATES.

Tuesday, April 4, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: William Henry Wakely, Stephen Patrick Mangan, George Blaxe, Abednego Morgan, Thomas Alnwick, Thomas M'Mahon, William Rayner, Thady Walsh, David Stewart, adjourned from the 7th March last; Edward Row, ex parte Edward Row, Edwin Thomas Bethy, and Walter Scott, adjourned from the 21st March last; Michael Hardy, George Head, William Thomas Woolley, adjourned from the 21st March last; James Thorne, adjourned from the 28th of March last.

Tuesday, April 11, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: David Brown, James Tyrs, William James Tickle, Henry Roberts, Thomas Cook, adjourned from the 29th of February last; Josiah Vincent Lavers, Francis Bell, John Rodger, John Collier, certificate under rider to Act 9 Vic., No. 14; John Thomas Pryke, adjourned from 28th March; Richard Longfield, adjourned from the 28th March.

COURT BUSINESS.

Thursday, April 6, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: A counts current and plans of distribution for confirmation in the following estates: 1st, estate of the Warri Alluvial Gold Mining Company (limited), first dividend 7s 9½d per £ on proved concurrent debts, and payment in full of preferent debts; 2nd, estate of Robert Fitz Stubbs and William Bullard, first plan 6d per £ on proved concurrent debts; 3rd, estate of Josiah Vincent Lavers, one preferent dividend; 4th, estate of John Matthew Noone, a dividend of 3s. 7 1-8d. per £ on proved concurrent debts, and payment in full of preferent debt; 5th, estate of Henry Clarence Roberts, a dividend of 5s. 8d. per £ on proved concurrent debts, and payment in full of preferent debt. Compulsory sequestrations—Rules nisi returnable: 1st, Michael Guigan v. William West; 2nd James Sutherland Mitchell and Robert Lucas Tooth v. Samuel West; 3rd, James Sutherland Mitchell and Robert Lucas Tooth v. Charles C. Manner; 4th, Joseph Daniel Single v. John Lane; 5th, Edward Greville (trading as Greville and Co.) v. Hanley Bennett. In re Thomas John Skinner and James Skinner: Motion to release estate from sequestration; Robert Fisher Jones, for ratification or otherwise of directions of creditors.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

SATURDAY.

BEFORE the Police Magistrate, with Messrs. Cunninghame, Smart, and Aaron.

Fourteen persons were fined for drunkenness.

William Newton was apprehended last night by constable Hatch for being drunk and disorderly. He resisted the apprehension, tearing the constable's jumper, and made use of obscene language. Besides being fined 10s. on the charge for which he was apprehended, and being sentenced to pay 60s., or to be imprisoned for six weeks, for using obscene language, he was convicted of having wilfully and maliciously torn the constable's coat, and was sentenced to pay the price, 30s., or to be imprisoned one month.

James Dunn and Ann Kendall, charged with having, after apprehension for drunkenness, made use of obscene language, were each sentenced to pay 40s., or to be imprisoned one month.

William M'Kenzie, charged with having, in a public place, offended against decency, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to pay a penalty of 40s., or to be imprisoned one month.

Charles Stuart, Albert Lane, John Burrows, and William Ross, children of about 10 years of age, were brought before the Bench by constable Tippett, who found them bathing within view of the Parramatta Road, and they were sentenced to pay a penalty of 5s. each, or to be imprisoned until 6 o'clock.

Thomas Shaw was summarily convicted of having stolen a sack containing vegetables of the value of 6s., the property of James Devlin, and, Mr. Devlin having expressed a hope that the Bench would deal leniently with him, was sentenced to be imprisoned fourteen days.

Robert Smith and George Champlin, taken into custody for protection, on suspicion of being persons of unsound mind, on the evidence of Drs. Egan and Nolan that they were dangerous persons to be at large, were ordered to be remanded to the receiving-house, at Darlinghurst.

WATER POLICE COURT.

SATURDAY.

BEFORE the Water Police Magistrate and Messrs. Hunt and Taylor.

Seven persons were fined for drunkenness. Thomas Cavendish was fined 10s., with the alternative of four days' imprisonment, for having been drunk and disorderly in George-street.

Hugh M'Donald, seaman, for having been disorderly on board the ship Nyassa, was ordered to pay a fine of 40s., or be imprisoned two days. The same prisoner, for having assaulted John Ellis, was further ordered to pay a fine of 40s., or be imprisoned one month.

Amat, Kitchell, and Abas were each sentenced to six weeks' imprisonment for having deserted from the ship Ly-Ee Moon.

Alfred Cousins was brought up by sergeant Bremner and constable Cable, charged with having been found loitering on the Edgecliff Road, on Saturday, the 25th ultimo, with intent to commit a felony. He was sentenced to six months' imprisonment, with hard labour.

ROSTER.—Monday: Messrs. Lester, Williams, Curran, Holborow, M'Mahon, Marks, Flood, and Gray. Tuesday: Messrs Hunt, Stratford, Reading, Mullins, Pope, Paxton, Renwick, Smith, Maunsell, Neale, and Ridge. Wednesday: Messrs. Josephson, Roseby, Smart, Brown, Cameron, Senior, Thornton, Raymond, and Goldring. Thursday: Messrs Oatley, Raphael, Charlton, Solomon, Bird, M'Beath, Davies, Maunsell, and Gray. Friday: Messrs. Lester, Manning, Raymond, M'Mahon, Cohen, Goldring, Williams, Stratford, Flood, Harris, and Murray. Saturday: Messrs. Voss and Taylor.

THE GOODS FOR THE PHILADELPHIA EXHIBITION AND THE COMMISSIONERS.

THE following extract of a letter from Mr. A. P. Bacon, general agent of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, dated San Francisco, 23rd February, 1876, will be read with much interest:—

"All the goods brought on by the Mikado were forwarded as 'fast freight' by our steamer Constitution, which sailed on the 15th instant, and will be laid down in New York in from twenty-four to twenty-six days. We issued peremptory orders to our commanders and agents on the isthmus to give these goods the best attention, to permit no breakage or careless handling, to repair and cooper every package discovered to be in the slightest degree out of order. The same instructions were give to our New York office.

"The commissioners, Messrs. Robinson, Davenport, and Rothambey, we had with us several days, and made it our aim to show them whatever our city contained which could interest them, provided them with letters of introduction to our friends in the chief cities of the East, and did all in our power to assure them a pleasant trip across the continent, as well as a warmly friendly reception wherever they might wish to stop.

"These distinguished gentlemen have kindly acknowledged the services which were rendered them, and generously stated that our treatment of them should be specially mentioned in their communications homeward by the Mikado. We feel it a duty to add that, while we allowed nothing to remain undone which could promote the wishes of these gentlemen, we enjoyed our intercourse with them sincerely, finding them to be men worthy to represent the interests of any country.

"We find that there are prejudices to be subdued and unfavourable opinions to be modified—that, while known and recognized in every part of our country, as an established and reliable company, we are not known and perhaps not understood in your great colonies.

"We only ask all opponents to suspend their adverse opinions until opportunity is offered us of demonstrating clearly the principles which govern us—the fairness with which we will protect the interests confided to us; when this is conceded, we entertain scant fear of being in want of friends and supporters in the colonies.

"We will feel proud to make known to your people that the slips and the failures which have occurred prior to this date are merely incidents that are unavoidable in the commencement of an enterprise of such magnitude.

"When we get our steamers all in the line, each of which is well adapted to the wants of the trade, which offer speed and comfort to all who desire to travel, we know that your people are too purely English, and too much in love with fairness and justice in all things, to permit any obstacles to be placed in our path.

"Every gentleman whom you may introduce to us by letter shall be met with that warmth of courtesy which shall convince one and all that we entered into our contracts with no other intention than to comply faithfully with every article they contain, and that if any interest is to suffer that interest will be our own."

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MR. CAMERON AND HIS CONSTITUENTS.

On Saturday evening, Mr Angus Cameron, one of the representatives for West Sydney, addressed a meeting of his constituents at the Masonic Hall. There was a crowded attendance. Mr. W. Hezlett presided, and among the gentlemen on the platform were the Hon John Robertson (Colonial Secretary), the Hon. W. B. Dalley (Attorney-General), the Hon T. Garrett (Minister for Lands), the Hon John Lucas (Minister for Mines), the Hon. Thomas Holt, M.L.C., Mr. Long, M.L.A., Mr. Cunneen, M.L.A., Mr. Baker, M.L.A., Mr. Macintosh, M.L.A., Mr. Goold, M.L.A., Mr. T. Dangar, M.L.A., Mr. Davies, M.L.A., Mr. J. S. Smith, M.L.A., Mr. Booth, M.L.A., Mr. W. Alderson, Mr. W. Neill, Mr. F. J. Thomas. It was stated that letters of apology for non-attendance had been received from Mr. Farnell, M.L.A., Mr. Terry, M.L.A., the Hon. A. Stuart (Colonial Treasurer), and Mr. Shephard, M.L.A.

The CHAIRMAN asked a quiet hearing for Mr. Cameron, while he gave them the explanation they asked at his hands. That was a meeting out of season, and he was sorry that the working classes of West Sydney, of whom he claimed to be one, should have taken the step they had done to ask Mr. Cameron to appear before them. He was one of those who had voted for Mr. Cameron, as a man who was best fitted to serve them. From reading Mr. Cameron's speeches at the time of his election he thought so, and he thought so still. And if Mr. Cameron were before the electors to-morrow, he should record his vote in his favour. (Cheers.) He would now call upon Mr. Cameron to give them his explanation.

Mr. CAMERON (who was received with cheers) said that when in December, 1874, they did him the honour to return him, he made it a prominent point that he would embrace any reasonable opportunity to meet them face to face—(interruption)—to ascertain their wants, and to render them an account of how he had dealt with the trust they had reposed in him. (Cheers.) He confessed that he did not intend to call them together in the middle of the session, but, as a majority of his friends were aware, it was his intention to have met them at the end of the session. However, things had taken a turn. The movement of a few individuals had facilitated his action. He had been the victim of a deal of misrepresentation and a still greater deal of criticism: but he was there in an honest and straightforward manner, to give them a short and lucid account of how he had behaved himself as their representative; and he wished them to understand that in doing so he appeared not merely as a delegate of any section of the community—(cheers)—but as the representative of every man, woman, and child in the large electorate of West Sydney. (Cheers.) He would not confine himself to the one question which his critics thought fit to bring before the public, but would render them an account of his stewardship upon all the important questions that had engaged the attention of Parliament since he had the honour of a seat there. And above, and before them all, came the great question of education, upon which he had taken as decided a stand as any man in the country. (Cheers.) Upon the hustings he told them that no system would satisfy him that did not embrace the whole of the children of the country, rich and poor—that the children must meet to be educated irrespective of their sectarian differences—and to make it accessible to all the utmost facilities should be given, and the fees should be abolished. And he also said that the man who neglected the duty he owed to his child should, in some measure, be compelled to do it. These were the views he enunciated on the hustings, and he was ready to do all he could to support them at the present moment. That had been his action in Parliament. [Here one or two persons in the body of the hall caused a disturbance, and the chairman asked that Mr. Cameron should have a fair hearing.] In the first instance a motion was submitted to the House by his colleague (Mr. Dibbs) to the effect that, after a certain date, the Government should take an early opportunity of withdrawing all aid from Denominational schools. However previous to that, Mr. Buchanan had submitted a motion, asking the Government to withdraw all aid from the Denominational schools at one fell swoop. (Disturbance.) Whether it was right or whether it was wrong, it was only due to those members of Parliament who held the same opinion on this subject with Mr. Buchanan that, at all events, he should have consulted with them, and asked if they were willing to support him. (Cries of "Oh! oh!" Uproar.) But on account of the secular education members of the House thinking the motion injudicious at the time, because there was a time and place for everything—(hear, hear)—and Mr. Buchanan refusing to withdraw it, none of those who favoured secular education thought that they would serve the cause of education by supporting it, and the motion fell through, although, he would say it in justice, it was supported in a speech of marked ability, as had been owned by Mr. Robertson and Mr. Parkes. After that Mr. Dibbs, in exactly the same manner, and against the advice of the secular educationalists—(cheers.) [Here the Hon. Mr. Robertson and Hon. Mr. Dalley entered the hall, and were loudly cheered.] Mr. Dibbs, after the rejection of Mr. Buchanan's motion, which had fallen through from want of a seconder, in exactly the same way, without consulting one of his friends upon secular education, submitted a motion with a similar effect, and we stuck to him through thick and thin. Against our advice Mr. Dibbs proceeded with his motion, and tabled it night after night, and we stuck to him, thinking that there might be a fuller attendance of members in the House, and Mr. Davies would bear him out in saying that they were at last compelled to go to a division upon that important question of secular education, and show their weakness in the eyes of the enemy by a miserable minority of seven. (Cheers and groans.) Any impartial-minded man, willing to do justice, and own the truth, would know that on all those occasions, when the discussion of the education question formed the topic, he of all men in the community had not disguised his opinions for a moment. (Cheers.) Nor had he bowed or bent to one party or another. (Cries of "No, no: yes, yes," and cheers.) But he cried with as loud a voice—(disorder)—as he had done on the hustings that he believed the time would never come that they would get a system of education calculated to meet the requirements of the country till they had one fixed on a purely secular basis. (Cheers and uproar.) If they had not some need for that education. He appealed to the interruption hurled at him. A man who would attempt on an occasion such as this, when he had been misrepresented—(cheers, and cries of "No, no: and yes, yes")—to drown his voice was unworthy of the name of man. (Cheers.) Well, then he would now come to where the shoe pinched—(interruption)—when the second reading—(a voice: "Bah! bah!")—of the Education Bill introduced by Mr. Robertson took place. He said that he could not vote for that measure because he did not think it an instalment in favour of the principles which he held, and let it be borne in mind that in saying this he was differing from the majority of members who held League principles, as he did—(cheers)—when Mr. Buchanan, Mr. Dibbs, and himself were the only members in favour of secular education who had avowed any opposition to that measure. ["A voice: Why didn't you vote for it?"] He would come to that by-and-bye, that was what he was here to-night to talk about—(cheers)—and if they would only have patience they would hear all about it. (Interruptions, and a voice: "Don't go about the bush.") He announced his opposition from the first: that was not going about the bush. After he had delivered his speech on the second reading, he was asked if he would pair off with the member for Balranald, Mr. Phelps. (Cries of "No, no," and "Yes, yes," and interruption.) He would ask them just to wait till they had heard all about it. (Cheers.) He wanted to know where Mr. Phelps was—(hear, hear)—and on being told that he was in Melbourne, he required some proof that he would be here to vote on the second reading. A telegram was put into his (Mr. Cameron's) hand—and they had had a lot of talk about telegrams lately, and would have a lot more before he was finished. It empowered the Government of the day to pair Mr. Phelps off upon the Education questions. (Hisses and loud cheers.) He then considered that Mr. Phelps was a man. (A voice: "He was dead.") Well, it struck him that some of the foes of secular education would awake yet to the unpleasant fact that the hon. member for Balranald was alive and kicking. However, after having promised to pair off, he led a complete life of misery; he was in the Pandemonium for some days. (A voice: "How long?") He had several members of the Opposition asking him if he had paired off with Phelps, and he had that pattern of purity, who would not pair with anybody—George Alfred Lloyd. (Groans and disorder.) Mr. Lloyd said to him, "Phelps is a thousand miles at sea—he is gone to Philadelphia." Mr. Lloyd has said to him (Mr. Cameron), that if he had any doubt upon the subject, he would show him newspapers and a telegram that would set his mind at rest for ever. He said to Mr. Lloyd that he would be at the House to-morrow half an hour before the Speaker took the chair, and asked him (Mr. Lloyd) to bring the telegram then so that he might see it. Mr. Lloyd promised to bring it with him. He (Mr. Cameron) went home, and, on the impulse of the moment, he wrote a letter to the Hon. John Robertson telling him that as he had heard that Mr. Phelps was on his way to Philadelphia, and as he (Mr. Cameron) had taken such a stand before the public on the education question, he could not, out of consideration for his constituents and regard for his political career, adhere to the pair. He made use of these words in the letter to Mr. Robertson, who he was proud to see was on the platform—(cheers)—"God knows it is with great regret that I am compelled to recall the pair, but I am sure that as I am doing so because I feel it to be a duty to the country, you will honour the motive that leads me to act as I am doing." Mr. Robertson after this complained that he (Mr. Cameron), through promising to pair with Mr. Phelps, kept him from coming. On understanding this to be case, he persistently kept to his pair, and he was dogged and hunted through the streets of the city, and at the dinner-table at the Exchange—(cheers)—hunted in the smoking-room of the Legislative Assembly—tried to be got at by pumping and flattery of all kinds—to make him act as a dishonourable man, after keeping Mr. Phelps away. (Uproar.) Well, when these men—he had a word or two to say about them, and to pay off his political debts to-night—after these men had led him this life—(a voice: "Who are they?")—several prominent members of the House, who had harped at him in the manner that they had done after their asking him if he had paired with Mr. Phelps, he said that he had not; and was his statement as then made not perfectly true? (Cheers and interruptions.) What now became of the detective business of the Opposition which their leader instructed them in? What became of this—merely that he (Mr. Cameron) at that time had called off that pair, and was free. It was, then, true as the heavens above him, and who would say that he had acted falsely. Through the lies of those schemers that Mr. Phelps was going to Philadelphia, he determined to recall the pair. But he cared little for their dirty political dodges.

On the night on which the division took place a telegram was put into his hand, not like Lloyd's telegram, not like the telegram that Mr. Phelps had met with an accident which no one had seen, but a genuine telegram which he held in his hand, and which bore the stamp of the telegraph office. He had asked—let it be borne in mind—that Mr. Lloyd should show him the telegram which he promised to show him, but which he never did, and never would show him [Mr. ROBERTSON: Hear, hear.] He (Mr. Cameron) found, at nearly 9 o'clock on the night of the division, a telegram from Mr. Phelps—Melbourne Club, not Philadelphia—stating, "G. A. Lloyd telegraphed to Mr. Evans, asking if I were here." Mr. Lloyd, it appeared, had a large amount of anxiety about his pair. Lloyd telegraphed to Melbourne to Evans to find whether Phelps was there. Phelps said in his telegram, "It is probable I shall be here till the April mail," and the April mail had not gone yet—(hear, hear.)—and concluded with the remarkable sentence—"I think I understand." What did Mr. Phelps understand? He understood that the telegraphing to Melbourne was a party dodge. (Hear, hear.) He understood that it was for the purpose of hounding down a man simply because he was a poor man. (Cries of "No! no!" "Yes! yes!" and uproar.) He understood that this party were powerful enough to do what they had done—to pay money out of their pockets to get a few simple ignorant men as tools to work out their purposes. (Uproar.) If any further proof were wanted he would give them decisive proof and the gentleman was here in the hall to prove it. (Interruption.) Dr. Jones wrote a letter to Mr. Robertson, after reading that speech of the gentleman who congratulated him (Mr. Cameron) so much on his inability and inexperience—Mr. Cooper—who had himself a vivid recollection of inexperience himself. Dr. Jones wrote to Mr. Robertson to say,—"I was conversing with Mr. Phelps at the Melbourne Club. He told me that he was coming to Sydney to vote on the Education Bill, but that if he could not get a pair he would come to town." That made his (Mr. Cameron's) case a good one. (Cheers.) To make assurance doubly sure, he had another more striking case yet. A justice of the peace came to him this evening, since he had entered the back room of this hall, and said, "Mr. Cameron, you may make use of this fact that I was conversing with Mr. Phelps—(he thought he said)—on last Thursday week in Melbourne." This gentleman stated to him (Mr. Cameron) that Mr. Phelps had seen all the newspapers with this persecution business in them, and that he had authorised him to say that if he did not get a pair here, he was coming to Sydney to vote with the Government. (Cheers.) That was the gentleman (pointing to him), Mr. William Neill, manager of the City Bank. (Cheers.) That was the molehill that had been made a mountain of. (Cheers.) Had it ever been known, since the advent of responsible government in this or any other country, that a man was to be hauled over the coals, accused of every mercenary purpose, taxed with taking a billet, and have every low assertion hurled at his head, because he saved a friend the expenses of a journey from Melbourne by consenting to pair with him. If his name, instead of Cameron, had been Lloyd—(cheers and groans)—if it had represented the scion of any of the rich aristocracy of the land, or if he had been a man who could have treated the political toadies who loaf about the streets to dinners and drinks, they would have heard none of this. (Cheers.) In the *Evening News* of this day fortnight, he saw a paragraph headed "Mr. Angus Cameron, M.L.A.," which stated that a meeting was called at Beattie's Gardener's Arms, York-street, and that a certain gentleman named Horan was in the chair. Well, that gentleman, to show his impartiality and fair play, and that he was doing justice, said that he was glad that the Education Bill had passed its second reading, but condemned Mr. Cameron for not voting against the second reading. Mr. Taylor proposed a resolution that he retained the confidence of the electors, and Mr. Horan, from the chair, ruled that it could not be put. (Mr. LEESON: Not true.) It was true. The gentleman who interrupted him now also addressed this meeting. He thanked him for his past favours, and pray God defend him from any more. Mr. Leeson, in submitting the resolution, said that the meeting had been called by certain working men who, by the way, worked hard to secure his seat. [Mr. LEESON: "And so they did."] And who said they did not? Mr. Leeson told the meeting at the Gardeners' Arms that Mr. Phelps had paired off for six weeks with Mr. Browne, the member for Singleton. He (Mr. Cameron) did not know it. [A voice: "Is it true?"] He had ascertained since that it was true. Mr. Leeson had attracted his attention on several occasions in the vicinity of Parliament House; and some one else had been pulling the string and Mr. Leeson had been jumping. (Cheers.) "Well," said Mr. Leeson, not later than Tuesday last, "Mr. Cameron said, in the presence of two prominent members of the Legislative Assembly" (which showed that there had been action in high quarters), "when he was spoken to about his pair, 'So help me God, I have not paired off with Mr. Phelps.'" He had no recollection of using those words, "so help me God," but, if he did, what were they going to think of the incomparable, petty, miserable meanness of the men who would drag that explanation into print. (Cheers.) Well then, this gentleman, after treating him so cavalierly, send him a letter to this effect. "Dear Sir,—The electors of West Sydney," that was Leeson and Company—(cheers)—"intend to hold a meeting in the Masonic Hall on Thursday night at which they have much pleasure in inviting you to attend." (Cheers.) He could quite understand their pleasure. "If you can give an explanation of your conduct on the education question a vote of confidence will be passed in you." A vote of confidence at a meeting at which Mr. M'Elhone, the only member of Parliament—(hoots)—among all the others who could be found to come—turned white in the face and ran off like a dog with his tail between his legs. (Cheers and laughter.) He was not there with one member of Parliament behind his back. But he was there supported by gentlemen of every phase of political opinion, of every religion and calling in life. (Cheers.) Well, the writers of this exquisite letter sent to men holding high commercial positions in Sydney, asking them to be present at a meeting to condemn Mr. Cameron. Mr. Walter Cooper had said he was young and inexperienced, but he was not such a young and inexperienced fool as to run into the jaws of his enemies like that. (Cheers.) It accidentally leaked out that his friend Mr. M'Elhone, had a perfect right to be at that meeting. He paid for part of it, and came determined to take out the worth of the money, but found himself bitterly disappointed. (Cheers.) He was not responsible to any set of men under the guidance of such a leader as Mr. M'Elhone—(cheers)—for if any man degraded the halls of their Legislature it was Mr. M'Elhone. He had many a time been addressed as the working man of the House, but what would they have thought of him had he descended to the degrading scenes and to the use of the miserable expressions which had characterised a rich man like John M'Elhone? (Cheers.) He would tell them what all this opposition sprang from—not that he paired off with Mr. Phelps—not that he had been a supporter or opponent of any school of political opinion, but because some half dozen miserable pettyfogging men like this—(the speaker pointed to Mr. Leeson)—contributed something towards his support. Let it be borne in mind that on account of his poverty—which, thank God, he had never been ashamed of—he had all sorts of vile insinuations thrown at his head. Why, on the hustings he had openly stated, and he now reiterated the statement, he wanted no billet from anybody. (Cheers.) He would not take a billet if it were offered to him. (Great cheering.) He had his brains and he had his strength, and he had something more than his critics could say—he had a trade at his fingers' ends. (Cheers.) He wanted no billet—especially a Government billet which would chain his tongue. He would lose it in a week. Well, to these men who found fault with him, and contributed to his support, who wanted to be eternally walking across his path like political cockroaches (cheers), he had a word to say. Let it be remembered that these men who had been engaged in the Leeson detective business were not the working men. They found fault with him because they got tired of what they had been doing. Well, he would be the servant and the serf of none from that hour forth. He thanked the working classes most heartily and most kindly for what they had done for him. He thought it was the highest honour that was ever paid to mortal man in this country that they should put him into Parliament and think him worth paying for. (Cheers.) If Mr. M'Elhone and a few of his *confrères* had waited until they would be paid for, they would have died in the oblivion from whence they sprung. (Cheers.) But while he heartily thanked the working classes for their kindness, he felt that a few pettifogging men were seeking to bring him into slavery, and therefore for the future he asked them to keep their assistance. (Cheers.) He would much rather descend to break stones and have his freedom—he would rather descend, as Shakespeare said, "To be a dog and bay the moon." (Cheers.) He would rather they would strip him of anything that had been conferred upon him, honour or anything else, but leave him his liberty to do as his conscience dictated to him. (Cheers.) He was perfectly well aware of the hardship he might expose himself to from taking no more money from anybody. But he lived before and thank God he might live yet. (Cheers.) He had done. No explanation was due to these men of whom he had spoken. His explanation was to the electors of West Sydney. (Great cheering.) The first question that came on for consideration when he entered the House was the right of the people to petition. He voted to throw out the Parkes Government, because they had tampered with the liberties of the people and the right of petition. And the first speech he made in the House he made because he thought the representative of the Crown should have sent for Mr. Robertson instead of Sir William Manning. He had been accused of taking sides with a party. It was true he had taken sides with a party which he found comprised within its ranks a large number of the advocates of secular education. He supported an Administration with a gentleman at the head of it who would not consent to any Piddingtonian scheme of immigration. He told the electors of the adjoining constituency of East Sydney that he was in favour of immigration judiciously selected, with depots in the interior, that the people might find employment, and not come and glut the market. But Mr. Piddington proposed to call into existence a body of three commissioners, to receive a guinea for every day they sat, and who were to manipulate half-a-million of the people's money. They were to take power out of the hands of Parliament by publishing anything they liked in the *Gazette*, which would have the force of law for bringing out immigrants. He opposed that scheme, and he was happy to say, with the assistance of others, he ultimately succeeded in throwing it out. One of the things which led him to oppose the Parkes Government was that of the 16,000 tons of iron brought out during their tenure of office; no less than 6500 tons were brought out in four ships through Mr. Lloyd's brother Ben., leaving some 9500 amongst the other ten leading firms. If this was not a manipulation of power, he never heard of it.

He contended that a Government whose members acted like this, and whose leader acted as he did in the abominable Dransfield business, was not worthy of support. He could not support men who delayed the business by moving amendments to go into committee of supply, and all merely for the purpose of grasping office. It mattered not to him who ruled the destinies of office so long as it was honestly done. As the present Government brought in measures such as he could not approve of, as for instance, the additional Judges bill—he should vote against them. (Cheers.) He thanked them for the quiet hearing they had given him. He had concealed nothing, for he had nothing to conceal. He had endeavoured to discharge his duty faithfully and to the best of his ability. (Cheers.) He was confident that the intelligence of the country would acknowledge that he had done his duty, and when the time for his reappearance before the people should come, he should not be afraid at all events. (Cheers.)

Mr. LEESON got up, as he said, to move an amendment, and his appearance on the platform was the signal for great disorder caused by cries of "chair," whistling, stamping, and every conceivable kind of noise. On several occasions, while Mr. Leeson was standing up trying to get a hearing, hearty cheers were given for Mr. Cameron. The chairman ruled that Mr. Leeson was not in order.

Mr. GOLDIE, whose remarks could not be heard in the meeting for the interruptions, moved,—"That having heard the address of Mr. Cameron, this meeting is of opinion that he retains the confidence of the electors of West Sydney." Mr. Cameron not only represented the working men of West Sydney, but he retained the confidence of the great bulk of the commercial and trading classes of West Sydney.

The resolution was seconded.

Mr. LEESON rose to move an amendment, but was ruled out of order; but he persisted in his right to move the amendment, and remained on the platform. The audience (which appeared throughout to be very largely in favour of Mr. Cameron) persisted in refusing Mr. Leeson a hearing.

Before the resolution had been put, the meeting broke up in confusion, with a formal vote of thanks to the chairman.

THE ILLAWARRA RAILWAY.

(Abridged from the Illawarra Mercury.)

MEETING OF BULLI MINERS.

A PUBLIC meeting of miners and others connected with the Bulli Colliery was held at the School of Arts, Woonona, to advocate the advantages the proposed Metropolitan and Illawarra Railway would afford to the working classes.

Mr. James Brooker (Mayor of North Illawarra), having been duly moved to the chair, said the proposed railway partook so much of a national character, and its importance was at once so great and apparent to the most superficial observer, that it became difficult to understand how the whole colony was not favourable to its being at once proceeded with. But it was as easy to understand the reason for the opposition offered to it, as to see whence it came. Of all places in the colony, Newcastle was the only one that took action against the Illawarra Railway. And why? The people of that locality feared the proposed railway would interfere with their coal trade. Newcastle would in no way suffer by the Metropolitan and Illawarra railway, inasmuch as the coal trade was increasing so rapidly that there would be enough for both places to do in that trade by the time the line to this district could be used for the haulage of coal. So largely did the matter of this railway concern Sydney, that the citizens should contend for their rights with a determination to obtain justice by the immediate construction of the line.

Mr. W. Burless moved a resolution to the effect that a petition (which he read) be adopted by the meeting and signed by the chairman for presentation to Parliament in favour of the Metropolitan and Illawarra railway. He said he had much pleasure in moving the adoption of the petition, as it was the duty of every man to show which side he was on with regard to all questions occupying public attention. Seeing that the coal trade of the colony was enlarging very rapidly, that steamships were taking the places of sailing vessels, and that the making of the Illawarra railway would be a benefit to the working classes, not only in its construction, but in its future operations, by extending the field of labour and means of employment to miners and others throughout the colony, he felt proud to stand forward that evening to advocate the said railway on these grounds. All the Illawarra people required was the construction of a main trunk line of railway through the district, as was the case at Newcastle, and the coal owners here would make all the necessary branch lines from their respective collieries to the Government railway out of their own pockets, just as had been done in the North. Illawarra asked for no special favours, but only fair play in the matter. And not only would Illawarra coal owners make branch lines as he stated, but several such lines had already been made from the mines in this district to the sea, at an aggregate cost of many thousands of pounds. Look, for instance, at what the Bulli tramway and jetty had cost the company that constructed them at its own cost. But though the tramway and jetty at Bulli had been constructed at a heavy cost to the company, he would ask what would be the result in the event of that jetty being carried away by a rough sea, as was done to a certain extent some years ago? The consequences that would ensue were quite apparent. The miners would be deprived of work until such time as the jetty could be replaced, let such time be as long as it might. If there was a railway between Illawarra and Sydney, no such interruption could occur to the coal trade either at Bulli or Wollongong; and this was a great reason why the whole mining population should support the railway movement. Such an interruption to the coal trade as might be occasioned by the destruction of the Bulli jetty might not only result in stoppage of work and pay to the miners for the time being, but it might also be the means of diverting the trade to other ports never to be regained, as had been the case in England in not a few instances. It was difficult to understand the arbitrary action of the people of Newcastle in their opposition to the Sydney and Illawarra Railway, or to believe that such an outrageous course could be pursued by any civilized people in the present day. The opening of additional collieries—no matter where in this country—meant more work and more pay for miners as a class, and afforded them the option to select from different places that which might be the most pleasant and profitable to them from time to time. On the other hand, any attempt to keep the coal trade within its present bounds and limits was an endeavour to curtail the opportunities of the mining population as a body. Did the miners of Illawarra or the people of the district ever oppose anything asked or obtained for Newcastle for its improvement in any way? No. The miners of Illawarra would be ashamed of themselves were they to take any such step with regard to Newcastle as was now being done by the people of Newcastle towards this district, in their selfish opposition to the Illawarra Railway. For his own part, he regretted very much that the Newcastle people were causing such ill-feeling to arise between themselves and the people of this district. It was the earnest desire of the miners of the district to be on the very best of terms with those of Newcastle, but the latter appeared determined to raise up a barrier between them in regard to the Sydney and Illawarra railway. The output of the Illawarra mines last year had been no less than 147,900 tons of coal, and he had no doubt it would be much more this year. In every respect there were the very strongest reasons why the Metropolitan and Illawarra Railway should be constructed, and the Newcastle miners need have no fear of the result, as the completion of that railway would give them and all other miners in the colony more work than ever.

Mr. H. Whitton said it looked well for the future prospects of the railway to see so large a meeting in its favour as the one then being held. It showed that the miners and people of Bulli did not believe in monopoly of any kind, and it was well known that the opposition offered to the Illawarra railway all sprung from motives of monopoly. And in seeking to oppose the Metropolitan and Illawarra Railway, the Newcastle monopolists sought to disparage Illawarra in every respect. The district had a right to have a railway to the city and harbour of Sydney, and having that right, she would not rest until she obtained speedy justice in the matter, notwithstanding all that Newcastle monopolists might do to prevent it. Of all oppressions that of monopoly should be abhorred by miners as a class, and the public generally. Was it not a fact that this district had suffered for fourteen years from the oppression of monopoly by the Illawarra Steam Navigation Company? And that was just what Newcastle was now trying to do with regard to the coal trade of the colony. The capitalists and would-be monopolists of that district were endeavouring to bind down the coal trade of the colony and of this part of the world within the narrow limits that would suit their own purposes and pockets. And by so doing they would also be enabled to have the mining population at their mercy and within their own bounds. Let the Newcastle capitalists be enabled to prevent the construction of the Metropolitan and Illawarra Railway, and they would thereby have the coal trade of this part of the world under their own heels. On the other hand let a railway be made between the grand harbour of Sydney and the still grander coal beds of Illawarra, and the coal trade would flourish and expand, and mines would be opened in all directions giving rise to increased work and better pay to thousands of thousands of miners and their rising families, where there was now no work at all. Illawarra asked for nothing but what it was justly entitled to, to develop its coal trade. Nature had been bountiful to Illawarra in the way of mineral and agricultural riches, but not in the way of harbours, the artificial harbour of Wollongong being only a wash-basin. And Illawarra had suffered for years past from the adverse influence of the capitalists of Newcastle, and those connected therewith. This district had rich ironstone, as well as other valuable minerals in abundance, in addition to coal of the very best quality. It was a positive marvel that Illawarra had not been connected with Sydney harbour long since by railway, every foot of which would pay for itself from its construction. Altogether he (Mr. Whitton) was most happy to have the pleasure and privilege to second the adoption of the petition to Parliament, knowing as he did that the railway in favour of which it was to be presented would be a greater advantage than anything else that could be carried out to benefit the mining population of the colony as a whole, and the working-classes generally.

Mr. Charles Pope supported the resolution, remarking that he endorsed all that had been said in favour of the railway by the previous speakers.

The resolution was then passed unanimously by the meeting amidst considerable applause.

A vote of thanks having been accorded to the chairman, and the same having been acknowledged, the meeting terminated.

The greatest unanimity prevailed throughout the meeting, and the remarks of the different speakers were repeatedly applauded.

MEETING OF MOUNT KEIRA AND MOUNT PLEASANT MINERS.

One of the largest, most unanimous, and enthusiastic meetings ever held in Illawarra took place in the Temperance Hall, on the 25th instant, being composed of miners and others connected with Mount Keira and Mount Pleasant collieries, and in other respects connected with the coal trade of the district.

Mr. Thomas Collins, Mayor of Wollongong, presided.

Mr. Richard [illegible] proposed the first resolution, as follows,—"That the proposed railway from Sydney to Wollongong will open to mining industry a large tract of coal-bearing country from Coal Cliff to Mount Kembla, a distance of upwards of twenty miles, the annual produce from which can only be limited by facilities for getting coal and other minerals to shipping ports and foreign markets, and believing this railway will be the means of affording constant employment to many thousand working men in raising coal, iron, and other minerals, and will increase the trade, wealth, and prosperity of the colony, this meeting is of opinion that such railway should be constructed without delay." The speaker said he was only in favour of the construction of the Metropolitan and Illawarra Railway as he had previously been an advocate of the Hunter River Railway. He was well acquainted with Newcastle, and for the life of him he could not see how the Illawarra railway would affect them there. What would the Hunter district now be, if it had been left without improvements as this district is at present. Now, however, coal was being brought a distance of 32 miles on a railway for shipment at Newcastle. He alluded to the coal brought from the Anvil Creek and Greta mines. Such were the facilities afforded in the Newcastle district for the transit of coal by rail, and yet to Illawarra there was not a single mile of railway, though its beds of the best of coal extended from Coal Cliff southward for a great many miles. If there was a railway between here and Sydney, the Illawarra people could send up for the benefit of the citizens of Sydney abundance of the best of butter, cheese, eggs, fish, pumpkins, beef, and other desirable commodities, as well as coal. He (Mr Perks) believed in good food for everybody, and he had no doubt the people of Sydney did so also. He also believed in the principle of live and let live, which did not appear to prevail at Newcastle at the present time. Not only was the Illawarra coal of a most superior class, but the Illawarra district was of itself far preferable to Newcastle, which was nearly always a fever-stricken place, while Illawarra was one of the healthiest parts of the world. But notwithstanding all its advantages in the way of coal and other minerals (and he had himself prospected no less than four seams of rich iron ore in the district), the trade of Illawarra was shut up in a corner for want of harbour accommodation. As it was, the Basin at Wollongong was not large enough to accommodate a decent sized schooner. The only means that would develop the resources of the district was a railway, and he said that, not only with his lips, but also with his hand, for he had signed the memorial in favour of the railway. So soon as the railway whistle was heard in Illawarra, so soon, and not till then, would its trade in coal and other things assume the proportions they should do. And seeing that Illawarra was justly entitled to a railway in every respect, he had much pleasure in moving the resolution.

Mr. John Farrell said the three mines now at work in the district did not occupy more than about two miles of frontage, and yet the output amounted to 147,000 tons for last year. If the twenty miles which the proposed railway would open up were only worked at the same rate, the result would be that about two million tons of coal would be sent from this district to Sydney harbour every year for shipment to foreign markets. Seeing such a certainty in the success of the proposed railway, and the increased advantages it would afford to the mining population particularly, and to the public generally, he had much pleasure in seconding the resolution.

Mr. William Shipp, in supporting the resolution, said the harbour accommodation here was not at all sufficient for the coal trade, nor could that trade ever increase without a railway to Sydney, as was proposed. If a vessel of 500 tons came to Wollongong now she would have to be delayed in all probability for several hours, waiting the rise of the tide before getting out, and then she would perhaps stick on the bottom in her endeavour to get away.

The resolution was then carried unanimously.

Alderman Armstrong moved the second resolution,—"That the petition now read be adopted, and when signed by the miners and others employed in connection with the Illawarra collieries, that Mr. S. W. Gray, member for Illawarra, be requested to present it to the Legislative Assembly." The mover said, not only was the Wollongong harbour small, but vessels trading thereto had to pay extra insurance. Not long since the Lady Emma was taking coal from Wollongong, and rough weather having come on while she was in Belmore Basin, she sustained damage that involved a cost of £700 to be incurred for repairs to her. The natural result was that no other vessel of her size ever since came to the port, nor were they likely to come. And this was to be the state in which the shipping facilities of Illawarra were to be left, while every possible provision that science could devise and money carry out were to be made continually to meet the growing demands of the coal trade of Newcastle. The disabilities under which the coal trade of Illawarra had worked were most oppressive, and should be removed as soon as possible by the construction of the Metropolitan and Illawarra Railway. No public work ever undertaken in the colony had paid as would that line when completed.

Mr. David O'Brien seconded the resolution, remarking that those who said it was opposed to public policy to make a railway along the coast appeared to forget that many miles of the Great Northern Railway, which commenced at Newcastle, ran almost beside the navigable waters of the Hunter River. Some people said it would be better for Wollongong to have a good harbour than a railway. The fact of the matter was, however, that it was impossible to make a good harbour on this coast, unless at so heavy a cost that the estimate for the railway would appear insignificant beside it. And even if there was such a harbour made at Wollongong, as some people dreamed of, it would be of little use to mines at Bulli, and places north and south of it at some distance.

Mr. Pierce Grace, in supporting the resolution, said that what was required was a line of railway whereby coal could be forwarded to Sydney harbour and there emptied at once into the holds of vessels requiring it. At present this district could neither send coal to Sydney by rail nor ship it in any quantities worth mentioning, owing to the want of harbour accommodation and shipping facilities. A short time ago parties came from Melbourne to this district to see about starting mining operations, but seeing then that the district was deficient of harbour accommodation, they immediately left without doing anything more. By means of a railway to Sydney, thousands of miners would be employed in Illawarra, instead of the state of things at present existing. And not only would men be employed in large numbers in getting coal here if the district had railway communication with Sydney, but mining operations would also be carried on on a large scale in connection with iron, fireclay, limestone, and the making of coke and salt. Instead of having steamers waiting in Sydney for Illawarra coal as at present, the coal would be waiting there for the steamers if the railway was made. By means of the proposed railway, sufficient coal to load several large vessels could always be kept in readiness at the Sydney end of the line.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

Mr. A. Graham, of the Wollongong Flour Mill, here stated that in getting a cargo of wheat from Adelaide recently, by the Loch Naw, Messrs. Nipper and Sons, her Sydney agents, had to pay £100 extra insurance on account of the vessel coming to Wollongong for one trip.

The proceedings then terminated by the giving of three hearty cheers for the Sydney and Illawarra Railway, and three for the Queen

The following is a copy of the petition adopted at the foregoing meetings:—

"To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, in Parliament assembled.

"The humble petition of the Miners and others employed in the Illawarra collieries,

"Respectfully showeth,—

"I. That your petitioners have observed with much satisfaction that a sum of money is placed on the Estimates for constructing a railway from the deep waters of Sydney harbour to Wollongong.

"II. That the proposed railway will be the means of opening to mining industry a large tract of coal-bearing country from Coal Cliff southwards past Bulli and Wollongong to Mount Kembla, a distance of upwards of twenty miles.

"III. That the annual produce from said twenty miles of coal-bearing country has been limited, restricted, and hindered for want of facilities such as this railway will afford for transport of coals, iron, and other minerals to shipping ports and foreign markets.

"IV. That your petitioners are aware that several other mines will be opened and worked in addition to those now working in their district immediately on the construction of this railroad.

"V. That by the construction of this railway constant employment would be secured to many thousands of working men in raising coal, iron and other valuable minerals abounding in the tract of country between Coal Cliff and Mount Kembla, and the general prosperity, progress, and riches of the colony considerably increased.

"VI. That your petitioners, seeing no way of making artificial harbours on the rocky seaboard of the Illawarra coast, except at extremely heavy cost, respectfully urge their claims to a railway as the cheapest means of providing carriage of coals direct to Sydney harbour, and there most expeditiously loading the large class of shipping engaged in foreign trade.

"VII. Your petitioners most respectfully submit that the coal-fields to the north, south, and west all possess speedy, rapid, and cheap transit for their coal by the Government railways to excellent harbours, while the Illawarra coal-fields suffer and are placed at a disadvantage through not having equal facilities for transit of minerals such as these other coal-fields enjoy.

"Your petitioners therefore most humbly pray that your honorable House will take the premises into your most favourable consideration, and to enlarge the means of employment for the mining population, and to develop the resources of the district, sanction the construction of the proposed railway from Sydney to Wollongong.

"And your petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray, &c., &c."

ALL USE IT.—It is at every picnic. It is in every kitchen. It gives the finish to every dish. It assists digestion. It has a place at Government House, and is seen at every respectable artizan's. The protectionists use it because it is colonial, the free traders because it is cheap. It is the especial favourite with all classes, because, as one of the Sydney clergymen wrote, "It is the best yet made." It is the Australian Relish, made by Washington H. Soul, of 221, Pitt-street, and sold by every storekeeper. Price, one shilling.—ADV.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—It is now conclusively established that no other Oil can possibly produce the same beneficial effects as Dr. de Jongh's Oil on the consumptive invalid. Allen G. Chattaway, Esq., surgeon, of Leominster, in recording its efficacy in consumption, writes:—"Having for some years exclusively used Dr. de Jongh's Light-brown Cod Liver Oil, both in public and private practice, I have no hesitation in stating that its effects are very far superior to those of any other Cod Liver Oil." Sold only in capsuled imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, by all chemists, druggists, and storekeepers. Sole consignees, Ansar, Harford, and Co., 77, Strand, London.—Agents at Sydney—Elliott, Brothers.—ADV.

NEWS BY THE MAIL VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

WE make the following further extracts from papers received by the Mikado:—

MR. GLADSTONE.

Mr. Gladstone resigned his membership of the Reform Club, but the committee of the club did not at once formally accept his resignation. The delay was due to the hesitation of some members of the club to bid farewell to a statesman whose connection with the party is still valued by a few Liberals. It was proposed that he should be asked to trustee, a candidate for one of the vacancies among the [illegible] rather it was [illegible] this suggestion met with little favour, or seems to be that [illegible] ridiculous. The general opinion [illegible] Gladstone's countenance or [illegible] flourish without Mr. [illegible] the liberal party does without [illegible] quite as well [illegible] ship. Thus, to use the style of [illegible] his leader-chroniclers, Mr. Gladstone, as a club and [illegible] passes out of the story. It may be added, as a curious circumstance, that each of our three last Prime Ministers has belonged in turn to clubs representing the two political parties. The late Lord Derby was a conspicuous member of Brooke's before he joined the Carlton. Mr. Disraeli was an original member of the Westminster Club, which was transformed into the Reform, before he became a member of the Carlton and the Chief of the Conservatives. Mr. Gladstone had been a member of the Carlton before he was honoured with admission into the Reform. If any one should be challenged to give a practical illustration of a Liberal-Conservative, he has but to point to the late Lord Derby or to Mr. Disraeli, while Mr. Gladstone exemplifies that rarer and more puzzling hybrid, a Conservative-Liberal.

MR. BRIGHT AT BIRMINGHAM.

Mr. Bright delivered his much-expected speech to his constituents at Birmingham, on Saturday, January 22. The speech itself was eloquent, but regarded as a party manifesto impracticable, and so far unimportant. The audience, though numerous and occasionally enthusiastic, exhibited some impatience while the spokesmen of two sections of it made some show of moving a vote of want of confidence in the orator who was once the arch-demagogue. The working men of Birmingham are dissatisfied with Mr. Bright because he does not advocate the direct representation of labour. Ortonites are dissatisfied with him, because he does not believe in the identity of the claimant with Roger Tichborne, and because he will not bear out Dr. Kenealy in saying that there has been a gross and iniquitous miscarriage of justice. However, these irreconcilables were effectively howled down, and Mr. Bright's constituents have declared that they are abundantly content with his Parliamentary conduct. Strangely enough, Mr. Bright had nothing to say about the disestablishment of the Church, which was his sole theme on a similar occasion last year, and only made a passing allusion to the Fugitive Slave Circular. His speech was chiefly occupied with the subject of the land laws. He was extremely angry with Lord Derby for recently challenging at Edinburgh the assertion of the late Mr. Mill, that the soil of England is practically monopolised by 30,000 people, and endeavoured to prove that as a matter of fact Mr. Mill had rather overrated than underrated the number of proprietors. Nothing, he contended, could be done until the laws of entail and succession were abolished, and this abolition could not be effected till the borough household franchise was introduced to counties. He exhorted, therefore, Liberals generally to concentrate their energies upon this object. No suggestion could have been more unfortunate. The Liberals can do nothing without the Whigs, and the Whigs are opposed to the electoral reform which Mr. Bright advocates, and would certainly never tolerate any attempt to revolutionise our land laws.

THE LANDOWNERS OF ENGLAND.

The answer to Mr. Bright's reckless contradiction of Lord Derby's statement that instead of the number of people permanently interested in the soil being 30,000, according to the assertion of Mr. Mill, Mr. Cobden and Mr. Bright himself, it would turn out to be not 30,000, but nearer 600,000, has come in a circumstantial form which cannot be explained away. Three years ago a motion was made by Lord Derby, the Duke of Richmond, and others, and was assented to by Lord Halifax, then the Lord Privy Seal, that a special return should be drawn up of the land-owners of the United Kingdom. This new "Domesday Book" has now been completed, and is before the world. Its contents will surprise many and interest all. The landowners of England and Wales amount to a total of 972,836 persons—about five per cent. of the population—and the area of soil distributed between these is 33,000,000 acres, producing a rental of 100 millions a year. The *ratio* in which the land is distributed may be inferred from the experience of the West Riding of Yorkshire. In that division of the county there are a million and a-half of acres of assessable land, owned by a total of 80,000 persons. Of eighty estates one is 495 acres, four are above 200 acres, four above 100, and only eight below two acres, the majority being holdings of eight, twelve, twenty, thirty, and fifty acres. From this instance, selected at random, it may be seen that the charge of territorial monopoly in England rests upon a slender foundation.

THE FUGITIVE SLAVE CIRCULAR.

The following appears among the telegraphic intelligence in San Francisco papers:—London, February 25th: In the House of Commons last night the debate on the Slave Circular was resumed. Mr. Forsythe, the Marquis of Hartington, Sir William Harcourt and others supported Mr. Whitbread's motion for the revocation of the circulars, and deprecated the Government's attempt to evade responsibility by means of a Royal Commission. Disraeli defended the Government's course. He pointed to the despatch written by Lord Clarendon in 1871, rebuking an officer on the East India station for receiving fugitive slaves. He said the question was, "Could the House alter the law of nations?" He had heard with great pleasure that the slavery question was not a party question. The Opposition had, however, appealed to independent members on both sides of the House, with a view of putting the Government in a minority. He stigmatized this as dastardly. He urged the desirability of appointing a Commission, and by this means obtaining a satisfactory settlement of the question. Whitbread's motion was rejected. Mr. Hanbury on the first night of the debate moved an amendment, that it is desirable to await further information from the Royal Commission. To this Mr. Goschen to-night made an addition, providing that the circular be withdrawn. Pending the result of the Commissioners' inquiry, Disraeli opposed Fawcett's amendment, and it was rejected. Hanbury's amendment was then agreed to.

THE BURIALS BILL.

Some excitement is being caused by the Burials Bill, which is certain to be an important bone of political contention during the session that began on February 8. Ecclesiastical feeling runs very high upon the matter, and there is a considerable body among the clergy who appear to think that the existence of the Church as an Establishment depends upon the rejection of the measure. Several compromises have been suggested, but with apparently little chance of success. The High Church party, though it is notable that this party is reinforced by a contingent of Evangelicals, prominent among whom is Canon Ryle, offer the Nonconformists two alternatives to the Burials Bill, which would simply confer upon Dissenters generally the right to bury their dead with their own forms and ceremonies in Church of England churchyards: first, the sanction of Nonconformist interments within the consecrated precincts, either as at present the funeral service of the Church of England being used by a Church of England clergyman, or no service at all being used; secondly, the annexation to every churchyard of a strip of soil, unconsecrated, where Nonconformist sepulchral rites can be performed—the soil thus annexed not being separated from the ecclesiastical God's-acre itself by any hedge, wall, or ditch, or visible barrier. With the exception of the extreme party papers the Ritualistic *Post*, and the ultra High-Church *Standard*, public opinion is against both these suggestions, and it is tolerably clear that no measure which does not allow Nonconformists to bury their friends and relatives in churchyards with such service and rites as they choose, always providing these do not offend against piety or decency, can be satisfactory. Generally, it may be said, the clergy and bishops are displaying an incredible degree of folly and short-sightedness in the matter.

RITUALISM AND ROME.

We have recently had several ecclesiastical sensations. There have been rumours of "a Ritualistic intrigue with Rome," denied both by Mr. Mackonochie and Cardinal Manning. The first case under the Public Worship Bill has been decided by Lord Penzance, and the Rev. Mr. Ridsdale has been condemned in costs on each of the thirteen charges. Among the Ritualistic practices of which Mr. Ridsdale was accused, and which Lord Penzance has declared illegal, are the use of wafer bread, the Eastern position, kneeling at the prayer of consecration, and the wearing of the chasuble. Mr. Ridsdale has been admonished not to offend again, an admonition which he will, of course, disobey. The case will, in all probability, be referred to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, and it may be conjectured that the ultimate court of appeal will confirm the judgment of Lord Penzance on at least most of the points on which he has pronounced. What the Ritualistic clergy will do remains to be seen. There is probably some truth in the report which Mr. Mackonochie denies, and anyhow but little importance is to be attached to the formal and diplomatic contradiction. On the other hand (observes the *Home News*) these Ritualistic Anglicans, though they may sigh after the conception of a United Church, are not destitute of common sense or worldly wisdom, and they will hesitate to forfeit their benefices and the social position which, as the clergy of a State Church, they occupy.

AUSTRALIAN FEDERATION.

A most important article has appeared in the *Pall Mall Gazette* in favour of Australian Inter-Federation. Lord Carnarvon has effected the consolidation of the Canadian Dominion; is proposing to do the same in South Africa; and might well use his influence for a similar purpose in Australia. As Sir William Stawell said, the Australians should "become citizens of the world—of their own world, at all events." We anticipate much good from the Intercolonial Exhibition held at Melbourne, and from the efforts of that public-spirited body the Royal Colonial Institute of London. We ourselves believe that the federation of the Australian colonies would pave the way for a close federal union of Australia as a whole with the British Empire. The fact is that Australia must get rid of any traces of provincialism. Ungenerous as are the United States tariffs to foreigners, there is not a single internal *douane*, from Minnesota to Southern Texas, from the Pacific to the Atlantic. That the Australian colonies should fine and tax each other, as in the "Riverina" instance, is simply absurd. All the capitals of the Australian colonies should be connected by a network of railways, and a uniformity in commercial law should prevail. "Australia must eventually become the mistress of the South Pacific. Already she possesses the finest harbours in the world, and supplies the best coal to all the great mercantile cities of the Pacific." The time is ripe for the absolute extinction of inter-colonial jealousies and for a hearty, complete, and enlightened federation throughout the Australian continent, which will strengthen each part by reason of its cohesion to the whole. The *Pall Mall Gazette* expresses the general feeling in London as to the desirability of a federation which shall create a compact and highly-organized Australian Dominion.

THE CAPE MAIL SERVICE.

The directors of the Union Steamship Company have [illegible] castle, a [illegible] from Messrs. Charles Mitchell and Co., of Newcastle, 3000 tons burden, powerful new screw steamer of over anticipated, will be a [illegible] considerable horse power, which, it is addition to their fleet. She will [illegible] and prove a valuable weeks, and ready for sea at the b[illegible] in about six directors also contemplate making still further May. The and improvements in their fleet, to meet the requirements of the public in connection with the new contract for carrying the mails between this country and the Cape of Good Hope.

GARIBALDI.

A letter in the Paris *Rappel* gives an account of a visit to General Garibaldi, who still suffers much from his various wounds, especially in damp weather, and is then forced to keep in bed most of the day. He is inundated with callers, many of them English, and before the writer delivered himself of his commission a family from Melbourne, perfect strangers, paid their respects to him. They consisted of father, mother, son, and three blooming daughters. Garibaldi addressed the chief of the visitors in excellent English, telling him how, when in command of the Montevidean fleet, he put in near Melbourne to revictual. The Australians listened attentively and withdrew.

SIR SAMUEL BAKER ON AFRICA.

Sir S. Baker has delivered a most interesting lecture at Plymouth. In opposition to those who maintain that large districts of Egypt are filled with brigands and marauders, he affirms that the enormous tract of Soudan is safer to traverse after dark than Hyde Park—not, however, that that is saying much; for if a belated old gentleman in the heart of Hyde Park is not in danger of losing his watch, he is in peril of losing his reputation should he refuse to pay black mail. Sir Samuel attributes much of the opposition to British enterprise in Africa on the part of some chiefs to their knowledge that English influence in Africa means destruction to slave-hunting and slave-trading. "This is so," said Sir Samuel, "in spite of any Fugitive Slave Circular." These words, however, were said before her Majesty had opened Parliament. Great relief has been felt at the insertion of that welcome clause in the Queen's speech which assured the nation that the Government are firmly opposed to slavery in any shape or guise. We should not be surprised if the second circular were also withdrawn. We believe that it has more to do with Zanzibar than with the Persian Gulf, and we have possibly to thank a certain plausible diplomatist for its existence. Sir S. Baker paid, *en passant*, a high compliment to the labours and discoveries of Cameron and Stanley, also to the promise of great things from Colonel Gordon's skill and courage.

DESPERATE FIGHT OF A LION-TAMER.

The *Journal du Havre* recounts a terrible encounter between the lion-tamer Bidel and a number of wild beasts. Bidel's custom was to go into the cage of the ferocious animals, accompanied by a sheep, which was by his presence kept safe from attack. On a recent occasion he proceeded to the lion's cage, and his first action was to place the sheep on the back of the lioness as he had frequently done before. No sooner had he accomplished this than a powerful lion sprang upon the poor sheep and buried his teeth deep into a vital part of its body. There was a large number of spectators present, and the sudden act of the lion created an instant and general panic. Bidel stepped forward, and with the utmost coolness struck the lion a blow on the mouth with a heavy stick, which made him crouch and yell with pain, and throw his bleeding victim trembling at the feet of the courageous performer. In another moment, however, all the wild beasts were lashed into fury by the sight of the blood, and no one in the assembly believed that Bidel could possibly escape. Preserving his presence of mind, however, he kept the other animals at bay until he had subdued the lion and chased him back to his cage. He then fought his way back through the other animals, and amidst the bravos of the assembly, came out triumphantly carrying his wounded sheep with him. The poor animal, which was a great favourite of the lion-tamer, has since died of its wounds.

THE ABBOT'S RIPTON COLLISION.

THE coroner's inquest respecting the deaths of the persons killed in the Abbot's Ripton collision was concluded on the 3rd February. The jury, after half an hour's consideration, returned the following verdict:—"We find that the deaths of the thirteen persons on whose bodies we have had these inquests were caused by the down express cutting through the up express, in which they were travelling, the up express having previously been thrown off its own line in consequence of coming into collision with a coal train while shunting at Abbot's Ripton siding, the block system having proved inefficient in the case of this emergency. We beg to add that we consider that the directors were highly reprehensible in endeavouring to conduct so heavy a mineral traffic as that of the Great Northern without providing a special line of rails for the goods transit.

The *Times* thinks that the verdict of the jury will be generally regarded as lenient, and it certainly cannot be accepted without considerable modification. The sentence which states that the block system has proved inefficient in the emergency is certainly erroneous. The block system did not prove inefficient, for it was not brought into operation. What proved inefficient was the method of signalling, not the block system, and the real danger attendant upon the block system was not referred to. The danger is that, given effective signals, the block system is so safe that it leads to disregard of punctuality. Nobody cares how late any particular train may be, because the block system, as long as the signals act, allows all the other traffic of the line to be regulated with reference to the single truant. Now and then the signals do not act, and then reliance upon them causes ruin; but it must be remembered that the fault is not with the block system, but only with the method by which that system is not enforced. Moreover, it becomes very important to determine whether some better method of signalling than that now in use cannot be devised; for it is clear that the safety of passengers ought no longer to be dependent upon the proper action of a lever, set in motion by another lever, with eight or nine hundred yards of wire rope or metal rod between the two. The true moral of the Abbot's Ripton accident, as of others, is that railway managers must be on the alert to meet increasing business with improved appliances, and that, if they are slow to act in this direction, they must be stimulated by the voices of shareholders and of the public.

TERRIBLE GALE ON THE ATLANTIC COAST.

New York, February 2.—A terrific gale is raging on the Atlantic Coast. The telegraphic communication between New York and Washington is temporarily suspended. The spires of several churches and the roofs of buildings have been destroyed. The wind in New York blew at the rate of sixty-six miles an hour, a force which is unprecedented. There is widespread devastation.

THE POPE AND THE FREEMASONS.

"A Master Mason" writes to the *Times* from Rome under date January 24:—"If you can afford me space I should like to say a few words about Rome, Lord Ripon, and Freemasonry. Masonry is not, as Monsignor Nardi supposes, a society in England for eating, drinking, and merry-making. Masons, no doubt, do upon occasions eat, drink, and make merry together; but so do Monsignori and so do Cardinals, and so might Popes, only there can't well be more than one at a time; and some of his predecessors are, perhaps, the last persons the present incumbent might care to have a visiting acquaintance with. It seems to me that Brother Ripon has been playing off one of his masonic jokes upon the simplicity of a Roman ecclesiastic; but if Monsignor Nardi really wants to know what masonry is, I will tell him—there is no secret about it. It is a system of morality allegorically hidden from the vulgar, but symbolically illustrated to the initiated. If continental masonry does not appear to Monsignor Nardi to answer to this description, the mistake is his, not mine. The principles of masonry are quite as uniform and as catholic (perhaps more so) than those of the Roman Church, while it claims an antiquity much greater. It is possible that in countries where oppression has driven men to secret means of resistance they may have formed societies (which outsiders may mistake for masonry) for political purposes; but those societies are not masonry, nor is masonry answerable for their existence. Can the Church of Rome say as much for itself? 'Let the galled jade wince, our withers are unwrung.' Masonic morality, if limited, is better than no morality. Thus, if masonry objected to treat a particular case of heresy by combustion, on the ground that the heretic was a mason, it would be so far superior to some forms of religion that have employed combustion to confute distasteful opinions, although a religion which refused to burn a heretic because he was a man might be superior in morality to masonry. As Rome condemns all who become or remain masons, it does not seem wonderful that the lodges are not filled with devoted Papists. How should they? But whether it be the masons who are unfriendly to the Church, or the Church to masons, two things are clear—first, that St. Paul, who calls himself in plain words a 'wise Master Mason,' was one of the craft; the other that St. Peter's writings are full of masonic allusion. I am far from saying that the last two witnesses may not be hostile to Rome, but I should have thought Monsignor Nardi would be the last man to admit it."

SUEZ CANAL.—Official advices state that, in the ten days ending with the 20th of December, the number of ships which passed through the Suez Canal was forty-eight. The transit revenue collected by the Suez Canal Company in the same period was £38,000.

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—April 1.

Naiad, brig, 297 tons, Captain Seaton, from Port Fairy 23rd ultimo. Nipper and See, agents.

Lord Ashley (s.), 400 tons, Captain Woods, from Noumea 27th ultimo. Passengers—Madame Marchand and servant, Mrs. Garth, Mrs. M'Carthy, Miss Bataille, Miss O'Halloran, Miss Garth, Dr. J. Bonnet and servant, Monsieur K. Klein and servant, Captain W. G. Garth, Messrs. A. J. Marchand, J. S. H. Hancker, J. M. Joubert, J. V. Collins, A. G. Stephenson, E. Ahrenfeld, R. Soden, E. Broderick, V. Bataille, S. O'Sullivan, Master Garth, and 11 in the steerage. Montefiore and Montefiore, agents.

Wentworth (s.), 1000 tons, Captain Paddle, from Melbourne 30th ultimo. Passengers—Miss Lipman, Mrs. Maguire and infant, Miss Maguire, Mrs. Fisher infant and nurse, Miss Falkner, Mrs. Drinkwater and infant, Mrs Stephenson, Mrs. Wooldridge infant and nurse, Mrs. Poolman, Miss Burrows, Miss Devine, Rev. P. Walsh, Rev. — Kelly, Messrs. J. H. Smith, L. Barnett, C. Bannister, Griffith, F. Murant, Simonetti, Levy, G. Ford, J. Geddes, H. Fisher, A. Drysdale, E. Gough, D. Elphinston, Green, E. D. Kirby, Reid, J. Whitaker, S. G. Laurance, F. Poolman, Maund, Dunkley, W. B. Shaw, J. M'Masters, M'Lean, H. F. Morgan, A. Wooldridge, Devine, Masters Maguire (4), Mayo, Fisher, Master Poolman, Master Chapman, Master W. and 50 in the steerage. A. S. N. Co. agents. — Melbourne 27th

Salome, barque, 480 tons, Captain W. ultimo, in ballast. Captain ... Captain Hughes, from Warrnambool 27th ultimo.

Fanny Fothergill, brig ... and See, agents.

April 2.

... (s.), 180 tons, Captain Sheed, from Merimbula, ... Tathra. Passengers—Miss Manning, Miss Fletcher, ... Henwood, Mrs. Broughton, Mrs. Gordon, Mrs. Taylor, Messrs. Gordon, Master Gordon, J. Thompson, Rowlingson, Mossdale, H. Thompson, Macauley, Slattery, Green, and 4 in the steerage. I. S. N. Co., agents.

DEPARTURES.—April 1.

Earl Dalhousie, for San Francisco.
Sea Nymph, for New Caledonia.
Egmont (s.), for Melbourne.

PROJECTED DEPARTURE.—April 3.

James Paterson (s.) for Cooktown.

CLEARANCES.—April 1.

Sea Nymph, brig, 289 tons, Captain J. Brady, for New Caledonia.

Egmont (s.), 700 tons, Captain R. Edmondson, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mrs. Gomm, Miss Neeson, Miss A. Oram, Mrs. A. Boyle, Miss Medcalf, Mrs. Wooten, Miss Stone, Miss Jenkins, Captain Burns, Messrs. Gomm, Pistyer, Wooten, Steele, H. Magill, R. Kerr, Thornton, Green, J. Lillie, G. Knox, F. A. Anderson, Jackson, T. Thomson, Bennett, and 20 in the steerage.

COASTERS INWARDS.—April 1.

Blackwall (s.), from Shellharbour, with 41 kegs butter, 47 pigs, 3 calves; Monarch, from Richmond River, with 95,000 feet pine; Lillian, from Cape Hawke, with 16,000 feet timber; Alert, Agnes, Niagara, from Newcastle, with 770 tons coal; Morning Star, from Camden Haven, with 14,000 feet timber; Bulli (s.), from Bulli, with 450 tons coal; Dairymaid, from Shellharbour, with 20 kegs butter, 12 pigs, 7 calves, 9 coops fowls, 40 sides bacon; Coonambara (s.), from the Hunter, with 40 bales hay, 2/5 bags tin ore, 251 hides, 4 casks tallow, 512 cakes copper, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—April 1.

Monarch, Bertha, for Richmond River; Lillian, for Port Stephens; Alert, for Newcastle; Blackwall, for Shellharbour; Bulli (s.), for Bulli; Morning Star, for Camden Haven.

IMPORTS.—April 1.

[A special charge is made for consignees' notices in this column.]

Lord Ashley (s.), from Noumea: 174 tons nickel ore, 2 tons old rope, 31 bags 4 bales cotton, 18 sacks 8 bales wool, 130 hides, 1 quarter-casks port wine, 62 bags fungus, 45 bags beche-de-mer, 2 casks tallow, 1 bundle skins, 94 bags bark, 83 casks 41 hogsheads 4 cases cordials, 50 packages sundries.

Smiling Morn, from Adelaide: 194 tons flour, 5 tons fire-clay, 328 bags wheat, 87 bales hay, 100 bags chaff, 20 bags bran.

Wentworth (s.), from Melbourne: Cargo for Sydney—103 cases, 30 packages, 25 pockets hops, 11 parcels, 193 cases, 10 casks oil, 5 bales tobacco, 34 cases galvanized iron, 29 chests tea, 1685 bags chaff, 60 bars, 2 bundles iron, 12 axles, 17 casks, 19 bales hay; for Brisbane—117 packages, 128 cases, 8 parcels, 79 casks, 74 coils rope, 5 plates, 40 bundles sheet iron, 80 chests tea, 9 bundles buckets, 49 drums oil, 5 bales, 10 bottles quicksilver, 2 quarter-casks sherry, 50 tons sundries.

Fanny Fothergill, from Warrnambool: 200 tons potatoes.

Ex Silver Eagle: 22 packages merchandise—G. W. Yarnton and Co.

Ex Silver Eagle: 39 packages ship chandlery—Buzacott and Armstrong.

Ex Smiling Morn: 88 bales hay; 160 bags chaff; 90 bags bran; 81 bags Rowett and Hooper's flour; 94 bags G. T. Harrison's flour—Gibson and Hale.

EXPORTS.—April 1.

Governor Blackall (s.), for Brisbane: 20 cases kerosene, 40 bags rice, 2 bales fibre, 85 cases fruit, 14 bags potatoes, 10 kegs butter, 1 horse, 93 packages sundries.

Edina (s.), for Brisbane and Maryborough: 680 bags rice, 21 packages tobacco, 100 casks ale, 95 boxes raisins, 58 packages tea, 70 bags oatmeal, 468 packages iron, 7 anchors, 31,000 sovereigns, 20 grindstones, 158 bags onions, 40 kegs butter, 3 cabs, 350 boxes candles, 15 ovens, 294 packages sundries.

Balclutha (s.), for Rockhampton: 50 packages wines and spirits, 6 packages tobacco, 20 packages tea, 136 bars and bundles iron, 145 cases oilstores, 62 bags onions, 177 bags potatoes, 40 cases fruit, 120 cases machinery, 90 cases jam, 12 kegs butter, 96 cart-boxes, 1 waggonette, 48 packages sundries.

Sea Nymph, for New Caledonia: 400 casks cement, 100 hogsheads rum, 5 hogsheads claret, 189 tons coal, 40 bales gunny bags, 92 casks ale, 50 cases geneva, 230 packages tobacco, 5 cases sarsaparilla, 104 bags rice, 5 cases gunpowder, 16 cases galvanized iron, 5271 feet timber, 60 sacks flour, 15,000 palings, 88 bags bark, 26 truck wheels, 22 casks biscuits, 19 anchors, 12 coils chain, 20 kegs nails, 13 casks beef, 6 camp ovens and covers, 53 bags potatoes, 21 bundles iron, 4 bales hay, 10 casks tar, 201 packages sundries.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the General Post Office as follows:—

For Cooktown.—By the James Paterson (s.), this day, at 3 p.m.

For Brisbane Water.—By the Pelican (s.), this day, at 5.30 p.m.

For Shanghai.—By the Blackadder, this day, at 6 p.m.

For Melbourne, Adelaide, Hobart Town, and Launceston.—By the Macedon (s.), Tuesday, at 11 a.m.

For Brisbane, Townsville, and Cooktown.—By the Leichardt (s.), Tuesday, at 3 p.m.

For Grafton.—By the Agnes Irving (s.), Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

ROYAL MAIL NOTICE, VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

The Mails by the R. M. S. Zealandia will be closed at the General Post Office, on FRIDAY, the 7th April, as follows:—

Registered letters at 3 p.m.
Unregistered letters at 4 p.m.
Newspapers, books, and packets at 3 p.m.

The rates of postage upon letters to Honolulu, United States of America, and the United Kingdom, are 6d. per ½-oz.

Full information as to rates of postage to all places can be ascertained at the Inquiry Office, General Post Office, and at the various suburban and country offices.

LATE LETTERS.

Letters for the United Kingdom only will be received up to 5 p.m. on payment of a fee of 6d.

BRANCH OFFICES AND IRON RECEIVERS.

Letters, newspapers, &c., may be posted in the iron pillar receivers up to 2 p.m., and in the various branch and suburban offices up to 2 p.m. on Friday, the 7th April.

All letters, &c., not otherwise marked will be forwarded by the Zealandia.

General Post Office, Sydney, 29th March, 1876.

Custom House.—Entered Outwards, April 1: Egmont (s.), 458 tons, Captain Edmondson, for Melbourne; James Paterson (s.), 387 tons, Captain Nightingale, for Cooktown; John Bell, brig, 180 tons, Captain Spence, for Torres Straits; Macedon (s.), 532 tons, Captain Clark, for Melbourne; Somerset (s.), 651 tons, Captain Torrance, for Cooktown.

The departure of the James Paterson (s.) for Cooktown has been postponed until to-day, owing to the non-arrival of coal.

The Kembla (s.) has completed her overhaul, and will make a trial trip to-day.

The Noumea (s.), and Star of the Sea, from Sydney, arrived at Noumea (N. C.) on 25th March.

New Steamer.—The new steamer Dairymaid, intended for the trade between Shellharbour and Sydney, took her trial trip down the harbour on Friday, having the Government engineer (Mr. Cruickshank) and a number of ladies and gentlemen on board. She has been especially built for this trade, and it is intended to supply a want long felt—regular steam communication between the two places. She was built by Mr. Rock Davis, of Brisbane Water. In length 88 feet by 18 feet beam, depth of hold 9 feet. Her engines were supplied by the Atlas Engineering Company, and are of the best quality, while her rigging has been supplied by Messrs. Buzacott and Armstrong, and is of the best material. The measured mile was run in seven minutes against a strong westerly wind. At the invitation of the directors of the Shellharbour Steam Navigation Co., the company landed at Clontarf, where an elegant repast was provided by Compagnoni; and full justice having been done to the good things provided, Mr. W. James, of Shellharbour, was voted to the chair, and several toasts were drunk in bumpers, and the company congratulated on so fair a beginning. A variety of games was indulged in, and the party safely landed in Sydney about 8 30.

The Ophir, Joachim.—With respect to the stranding of Dungeness of the abovenamed ship, bound from London to this port, we learn by reliable private advices that she has been got off, and that the ship's cargo was uninjured; but it had been thought advisable to send her back to London, and to discharge a portion of the latter, so as to allow of the ship being examined: the weather at the time was reported fine. We also glean that the vessel had been docked and thoroughly overhauled, and no material damage had been sustained. She would at once reload and resume her voyage about 18th February.

The Wentworth (s.) left Melbourne at 6 p.m. 30th ultimo, passed Wilson's Promontory 31st at 7.15 a.m., rounded Gabo Island at 1.15 a.m. 1st instant, and arrived at Sydney 11.40 p.m. same date. Captain Paddle reports that, after leaving Melbourne, he experienced strong W.S.W. breeze, with heavy squalls and rain, and, towards midnight, increased to a terrific gale, with sea running mountains high, blowing away fore topsail and foresail, and it became necessary to heave the steamer to for four hours, owing to the thickness of the weather and high sea. After passing Wilson's Promontory, the wind became more moderate to Cape Howe, and from thence N. W. winds and fine weather to arrival.

The Salome, from Melbourne, has come on to this port seeking, and reports having had very heavy gales on her passage.

The John Penn (s.) experienced light variable winds and fine weather throughout the passage. Her cargo consists of 324 bags flour, 125 bags bacon, 25 bags corn, 1000 cheeses, 50 bags corn flour, 100 kegs butter, 200 boxes maizena, 4 bales wool, 180 hides, 10 bales leather, 2 bags hair, 4 pockets wool, 3 buggies, 4 horses, 1 case coffee, 1 keg fish, 1 case brandy, 1 bag wheat, 1 case fruit, fruit, 5 bags wool, and sundries.

Loss of Life at Sea.—The Registrar-General gives, in his annual report recently issued, an official return, which shows that in the 22 years, 1852-73, the annual rate of mortality of merchant seamen at sea averaged as high as 21·4 per 1000 of the strength. It is remarkable that in the first eight years of the series the death rate never reached 20 per 1000, except in one year, but in the last 14 years there were only two in which it was below that rate. In the first 11 years the rate of mortality never reached 22 per 1000, but it exceeded that rate in most of the last 11 years. The loss of life, therefore, was increasing. The majority of the deaths are by drowning. The average annual mortality of mariners in the merchant service by drowning in the seven years, 1866-72, was 13·8 per 1000 strength. Above a third of these deaths, 5·4 per 1000, are returned as accidental, an amount surely showing great carelessness of precautionary measures on the part of owners, masters, or men; the mortality by wreck averaged nearly 8 per 1000, and even this high rate was exceeded in the year 1873, when 1234 lives were lost by wreck alone, or 11 per 1000 strength. In 1873, the strength was 202,239 exclusive of masters, and the loss by drowning was 32·3, or 16·1 per 1000—namely, 231, or 11 per cent. by wreck, and 1032 or 5·1 per cent. by accident. In the whole eight years, 1866-73, no less than 21,748 mariners were drowned, 13,244 by wreck and 8504 by accident. The average annual rate of mortality by drowning in the Royal Navy in the same period is returned at less than 3 per 1000 strength, so that the risk of death by drowning in the merchant service is more than four times as great as it is in the Royal Navy. The Merchant Shipping Act of 1875 has its opportunity at all events.—*Times*, February 5.

The s. s. Lord Ashley, Captain Woods, from New Caledonia, cleared the reefs by the Dumbea Pass on Monday, 27th March, at 1 p.m.; passed Port Stephens on Saturday, 1st April, at 6 a.m., and entered Sydney Heads at 4.30 p.m. same day. Experienced first part of passage light and moderate S.S.E. winds, latter part strong S.W. and W. winds; fine weather throughout.

NEWCASTLE.

ARRIVALS.

March 31.—East Lothian, barque, Brabham, from Melbourne.
March 31.—Easby (s.), Kennedy, from Dunedin.
March 31.—Mira, schooner, Pallant, from Melbourne.
March 31.—Minora, brig, Taylor, from Sydney.
March 31.—Hero of the Nile, barque, Dugdale, from Sydney.
April 1.—Stag, barque, M'Kenzie, from Wallaroo, with copper ore.
April 1.—H. D. Brookman, American barque, ..., from Melbourne.
April 1.—Retriever, barque, ..., from Melbourne.
April 1.—Helen Malcolm, ... Wolfe, from Melbourne.
April 1.—Malay, American schooner, Love, from Cooktown, with ... laths, 2000 palings, 129,494 feet timber.
April 1.—..., American barque, Mayo, from Melbourne.
April 1.—Keredon (s.), from Sydney.

DEPARTURES.

March 31.—F. W. Tucker, for Port Albert, with 240 tons coal.
March 31.—Sarah, brig, Thompson, for Melbourne, with 330 tons coal.
March 31.—Celestial Queen, ship, Watt, for Hongkong, with 1126 tons coal.
March 31.—Iris, barque, Chudleigh, for Adelaide, with 500 tons coal.
March 30.—Queensland, barque, Greenwood, for Nelson, with 480 tons coal.
March 3.—Witch of the Wave, barque, Guthrie, from Auckland, with 360 tons coal.
April 1.—Restless, brig, Fleck, for New Caledonia, with 100 head cattle, 30 sheep.
April 1.—St. James, ship, Rowe, for Negapatam, with 1000 tons coal.
April 1.—Union, barque, Sherlock, for Wellington, with 525 tons coal.
April 1.—Anthems, schooner, Anthon, for Launceston, with 193 tons coal.
April 1.—Queen Emma, barque, Curry, for Geelong, with 410 tons coal, 113 hides.
April 1.—Tasso, barque, Moulton, for Auckland, with 365 tons coal.
April 1.—Lady Emma, barque, Bowden, for Hobart Town, with 280 tons coal.

MELBOURNE.

ARRIVALS.

March 27.—Fiji, from Liverpool.
March 28.—Wentworth (s.), from Sydney; Ringarooma (s.), from New Zealand.
March 29.—Julia Percy (s.), from Glasgow; Jaques Cartier, from Batavia.

DEPARTURES.

March 29.—Leila, for Fiji; Lady Darling (s.), for Newcastle.

The Julia Percy (s.)—The Julia Percy is the property of Messrs. Robinson and Lilley, owners of the Rob Roy, and Captain Robinson, who went home to order her and who, along with Mr. Liddle, chief engineer, superintended her construction, has evidently kept the requirements of the increasing passenger and goods traffic well in view. From home papers, which have reported most favourably of the Julia Percy, extracts have already been given. The comments made by them have certainly not been strained or overdrawn, and voyagers between Melbourne and Warrnambool, Belfast, and Portland will shortly have an opportunity of judging for themselves of the merits of this fresh aspirant for their patronage. The Julia Percy was launched from the yards of Messrs. Thomas Wingate and Co., at Whiteinch, on the Clyde, and is the fourth vessel built by the same firm for Messrs. Robinson and Lilley. She is 550 tons builders' measurement, and her carrying capacity is considerably more than that of the Rob Roy. The draughting reflects great credit on those responsible for her design; the entrance and delivery for a vessel of her description being almost all that could be desired. In the saloon there is berthing accommodation for 60 passengers, and the apartment is so planned that the cabins are all aft, with a wide passage between, the dining saloon occupying the whole width of the vessel. This gives very much more space than if one table had been placed engthways between the cabins. The fitting up and furnishing of the saloon have been made special features, and considerable thought and no little ingenuity have been brought to bear in designing a maximum of comfort for the travelling public. The fore-cabin can accommodate 40 passengers, and is well lighted and ventilated, and the arrangements generally for their comfort are of a substantial character. The steamer is fitted with compound surface condensing engines of 160-horse power nominal, or 940 indicated; and on her trial trip on the Clyde, she steamed 13 knots.—*Argus*, March 30.

ADELAIDE.

DEPARTURES.

March 28.—Kingfauns Castle, Myrtle Holmes, for London.
March.—Fleur de Maurice, for Sydney.

[By Electric Telegraph.]

MELBOURNE.

ARRIVALS.

March 31.—City of Melbourne (s.), from Sydney; Etta Loring, from New York.

ADELAIDE.

ARRIVALS.

March 31.—Irving, from Cape Town.
April 1.—Julia Ann, from Mauritius.

DEPARTURE.

March 31.—Claud Hamilton (s.), for Port Darwin.

SYDNEY HEADS.

DATE.	TIME.	WIND.	REMARKS.
April 1.	8.30 a.m.	W.	Light, and clear.
	Noon.	W.S.W.	Ditto, and ditto.
	5 p.m.	S.W.	Moderate, and ditto.
April 2.	8.30 a.m.	W.	Light, and clear.
	Noon.	W.	Ditto, and ditto.
	5 p.m.	N.E.	Ditto, and ditto.

WINDS AND WEATHER.—April 1.

QUEENSLAND.—9 a.m.

Normanton—SE. Fine	Maryborough—Calm. Fine
Gilbert Town—Calm. Fine	Taroom—SW. Fine, cloudy
Etheridge—Calm. Fine	Cape Moreton—W., moderate
Cardwell—Calm. Fine	Brisbane—SW. Fine, clear
Townsville—Calm. Fine	Toowoomba—SW. Fine, cold
Bowen—SE. Fine	Warwick—SW., fresh. Fine
Mackay—Calm. Clear	Nebo—E. Cloudy
Copperfield—Calm. Fine	Goondiwindi—W. Very fine
Rockhampton—W. Fine, hot	Stanthorpe—SW., strong. Fine

N. S. Wales.	9 a.m.	3 p.m.	Bar.	Ther.
Raymond Terrace	W. Fine	W., strong. Fine		
Tenterfield	NW. Fine			
Casino	SW. Fine	Calm. Fine		
Ballina	SW. Fine			
Grafton	S. Fine	SE. Fine, clear		
Glen Innes	Calm. Cloudy	NW. Cold		
Inverell	Calm. Fine	SW. Fine		
Warialda	Calm. Fine	SW. Fine		
Bundarra	Calm. Fine	NW. Fine		
Port Macquarie	SSW. Fine, sea smooth			
West Kempsey	W. Fine			
Armidale	Calm. Fine	W. Fine		
Tamworth	Calm. Fine	NW. Fine		
Gunnedah	SW. Fine	SW. Fine		
Boggabri	Calm. Fine	S. Fine		
Narrabri	Calm. Fine	SW. Fine		
Wee Waa	Calm. Fine	S. Fine		
Pilliga	W., strong. Cold	W., strong. Fine		
Walgett	E. Fine	Calm. Fine		
Brewarrina	NE. Fine	NE. Fine		
Bourke	SW. Fine	SW. Fine		
Muswellbrook	NW. Fine	NW. Fine		
Murrurundi	SW., strong. Fine	NW. Fine		
Singleton	., strong. Fine	NW., strong. Fine		
Maitland	NE. Fine, cold	Calm. Fine		
Taree	WSW. Fine	W. Fine		
Port Stephens	W. Fine, sea smooth	W. Fine, sea smooth		
Newcastle	W. Fine, little sea	W., strong. Sea smooth		
Barrenjoey	NW., fresh. Fine	W. Cloudy, sea smooth		
Windsor	SW. Fine	SW. Fine		
Sydney	W. Fine	SW. Fine		
South Head	WSW. Fine	SW. Fine, sea smooth		
Wollongong	W., strong. Fine	W., squally. Fine		
Kiama	W., strong. Fine	W., fine. Sea smooth		
Ulladulla	W., strong. Fine	WSW. Likestorm		
Jervis Bay	W. Squally	W., fresh. Fine		
Goulburn	W. Dull	S. Dull		
Braidwood	W. Fine, cold	W. Fine		
Araluen	NW. Fine	NW. Fine		
Moruya	NW. Fine	SW. Fine, sea smooth		
Queanbeyan	NNE. Cold, stormy	NW., strong. Cloudy		
Bombala	NW. Cloudy	NW. Cloudy		
Cooma	NE., fresh. Dull	SE., strong. Fine		
Bega	SW., strong. Cold	W. Fine		
Eden	SW., strong. Fine	WSW. Squally, fine		
Gabo Island	WSW., strong squalls	WSW. Squally		
Yass	SE. Cloudy	E. Cloudy		
Gundagai	Calm. Showery	Calm. Showery		
Tumut	W. Cold, raining	Calm. Like rain		
Kiandra	Calm. Cloudy			
Albury	NW. Fine, cool			
Mount Victoria	W. Fine, cool			
Bathurst	SSW. Fine	SW. Cloudy		
Carcoar	W. Fine	NNW., strong, cool		
Hill End	NE. Cold	NE. Cloudy, fine		
Mudgee	W. Cold, like rain	W. Fine		
Gulgong	N. Cloudy, fine	W. Cloudy		
Cassilis	NW. Fine	NNW., strong. Fine		
Merriwa	NW. Fine	NNW. Fine, cool		
Coolah	Calm. Fine	SW. Fine		
Coonabarabran	Calm. Fine, frosty	Calm. Fine		
Coonamble	Calm. Cold	Calm. Fine		
Wellington	Calm. Fine	Calm. Cloudy		
Dubbo	Calm. Fine	Calm, cool. Fine		
Orange	W. Dull	W. Cloudy		
Forbes	Calm. Fine	SW. Cloudy		
Parkes	W. Fine	NW. Cloudy		
Grenfell	Calm. Dull	Calm. Gloomy, cold		
Young	WSW. Like rain	Calm. Dull		
Wagga Wagga	S. Like rain	Calm. Dull		
Urana	SW. Cloudy			
Deniliquin	SW. Fine, cool	S. Fine		
Hay	SW. Fine	SW. Fine		
Moulamein	SW. Fine	Calm. Fine		
Balranald	Calm. Fine	W. Fine		
Euston	SW. Fine	Calm. Fine		
Wentworth	SW. Fine	W. Fine.		
VICTORIA.				
Melbourne	W. Squally, showery		29·813	55·9
Queenscliff	SW., squally. Fine		29·78	62·
Cape Schanck	SW. Cloudy		29·50	60·
Cape Otway	SW. Raining		29·698	56·
Port Albert	W. Cloudy		29·77	61·
TASMANIA.				
Hobart Town	E. Fine		29·15	52·
Low Heads	W. Fine, clear		29·52	
SOUTH AUSTRALIA.				
Adelaide	S. by W. Cloudy		29·992	61·0
Peake	S. Fine		·70	59·
Alice Springs	SE. Fine			
Daly Waters	S. Overcast			
Port Darwin	SE. Cloudy		29·866	81·
Beltana	S. Fine			

The Metropolitan Exhibition.—Up to a very late hour on Saturday evening last the *employés* of the Agricultural Society of New South Wales were busy receiving entries in the various agricultural sections. As, however, it has been decided that, owing to Saturday being generally looked upon as a half-holiday, entries might be sent in until *noon*, this day, Monday. We are unable to furnish the exact figure of entries in each section. From the number of certificates already at hand, the secretary states that the three first sections, viz., horses, cattle, and sheep, far exceed all preceding years. The implement and machinery departments, owing to late importations (from California principally) promise also to be very large. Exhibitors in the *non-agricultural* sections should make early application. Although the entries close on the 15th, the demand for space inside of the building is such as will put the executive committee in a difficult position if they have to please all parties.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, SYDNEY.

Latitude, 33° 51' 41". Longitude, 10h. 4m. 46s.

Magnetic variation, 9° 52' 45" East, 22nd January, 1876.

The time ball is dropped daily (Sundays excepted) at 1h. p.m. Sydney mean time, or 2h. 55m. 14s. a.m., Greenwich mean time.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

Velocity of wind measured in miles per hour, and the force in lbs. on the square foot deduced from velocity.

Barometers corrected to 32° Faht., and to mean sea level.

Rainfall and evaporation measured in inches.

Scales—Humidity, 0 to 100. Cloudy sky, 0 to 10. Ozone, 0 to 10.

March 31, 1876. Civil Reckoning.

Hour.	Barometer.	Temperature in shade.	Humidity.	Wind Direction.	Velocity.	Force.	Cloudy sky.	Rain.	Ozone.
A.M. 9	29·825	60·8	48	WNW.	12	2·4	0	0·10	8·0
P.M. 3	·676	71·3	69	WSW.	19	1·3	1		
9	·758	64·8	51	WNW.	16	1·3	0		6·5
Mean ...	29·753	66·6	56·0		19	1·8	0·3		7·5

Evaporation in 24 hours, 0·348.

SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.

Shade { Maximum .... 78·6 | Sun—maximum .... 113·9
Shade { Minimum .... 54·6 | Grass—minimum .... 48·6

Thermometer with black bulb in black wool, and protected from wind, maximum, 157·6.

Temperature of sea water, 3 feet below the surface, at Fort Denison, at 9 a.m., 71·3.

Total rainfall from January 1 to April 1, 3·200 inches.

Average rainfall of previous 17 years for period January 1 to April 1, 15·370 inches.

Average annual rainfall of the preceding 17 years, 52·015 inches.

METEOROLOGICAL STATIONS,

arranged in order of latitude, with distance from the coast, and height above sea, where it is known.

Only fourteen of the stations have barometers and hygrometers.

Stations.	Least distance from East coast in miles.	Height above sea in feet.	At 9 a.m.—April 1, 1876: Barometer.	Temperature in shade.	Humidity.	Wind: Direction.	Force.	For 24 hours previous to 9 a.m.: Maximum Temp.	Minimum Temp.	Rain in inches.
Tenterfield	80	—	—	—	—	NW.	1·0	72·5	40·3	0
Grafton	22	—	—	—	—	S.	1·0	87·7	44·2	0
Inverell	121	—	—	55·1	67	Calm.	0·0	71·6	38·4	0
Bourke	393	—	—	—	—	SW.	4·0	70·5	52·4	0
Narrabri	198	—	—	—	—	Calm.	0·0	71·2	45·6	0
Armidale	80	3278	29·939	55·3	56	W.	4·0	67·4	43·9	0
Tamworth	116	1271	—	—	—	Calm.	0·0	75·0	42·6	0
Pt. M'quarie	1	53	29·770	65·2	—	SSW.	1·0	72·5	40·9	0
Murrurundi	91	1543	—	—	—	SW.	—	80·7	55·3	0
Cassilis	120	—	—	—	—	NW.	—	68·5	51·2	0
Muswellbrk.	85	475	—	—	—	NW.	4·0	76·8	52·8	0
Dubbo	152	—	—	—	—	Calm.	0·0	76·5	4·9	0
W. Maitland	15	—	—	—	—	NE.	9·0	74·2	63·4	0
Newcastle	1	113	29·659	66·2	57	NW.	1·1	74·8	57·5	0
Orange	124	2891	—	—	—	W	4·0	58·2	43·6	0
Bathurst	95	2200	29·786	53·0	76	SSW.	1·0	73·7	47·0	0
Forbes	176	—	29·81	56·0	—	Calm.	0·0	66·2	47·1	0
Sydney	1	155	29·660	65·2	53	W.	2·0	76·8	50·7	0
Wentworth	476	—	—	—	—	SW.	9·0	82·7	52·6	0
Young	140	—	—	—	—	WSW.	1·0	69·5	58·1	0·06
Wollongong	0	—	—	—	—	W.		73·6	55·1	0
Goulburn	54	2129	29·700	51·0	86	W.	16·0	58·1	48·6	0
Wagga	161	—	—	—	—	S.	1·0	63·9	50·9	0
C. St. Geo.	0	170	29·703	61·8	50	W.	9·0	67·2	55·6	0
Queanbeyan	60	—	—	—	—	NNE.	16·0	73·7	58·1	0·06
Deniliquin	287	410	29·924	55·0	93	SW.	4·0	70·8	52·2	0
Cooma	52	2637	—	—	—	NE.	16·0	70·6	38·8	0
Albury	175	573	29·770	55·4	79	NW.	4·0	64·1	48·2	0·10
Eden	0	107	29·539	59·7	72	WSW.	16·0	66·0	55·1	0·06

Squally at Cape St. George. Showery and squally at Gabo Island.

ASTRONOMICAL MEMORANDUM FOR APRIL 3, 1876.

Object	Rises.	Sets.	Phases of the Moon.
	h.m.	h.m.	April.
Sun	6.15	5.51	First quarter 2nd
Moon	2.51 p.m.	—	Full moon 9th
Mercury	4.51 a.m.	5.11 p.m.	Last quarter 17th
Venus	9 48 a.m.	7.47 p.m.	New moon 24th.
Mars	9.37 a.m.	7.46 p.m.	
Jupiter	8.10 p.m.	10 4 a.m.	
Saturn	3 5 a.m.	4 5 p.m.	Moon's age, 8·3 days.

Moon.—Apogee, 15th; G. N. Declination, 1st; in Equator, 7th; G. S. Declination 14th; in Equator, 22nd; G. N. Declination 28th; Perigee, 27th.

H. C. Russell, Government Astronomer.

EXPORT OF COAL.

Export of Coal from Newcastle, from the Companies' Official Returns, for the week ending Friday, March 31, 1876.

Port of Shipment.	A. A. Co.	Wallsend.	Lambton.	Waratah.	Co-operative Co.	New Lambton.	Anvil Creek.	J. and A. Brown.
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
Sydney	2797	987	227	439	573	185	854	476
Melbourne	2807	670	310	351	387	339	...	35
Adelaide	...	...	485	...	...	...	...	...
New Zealand	490	...	...	...	890	...	...	...
Dunedin	...	...	55	...	...	...	...	...
Negapatam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1000
San Francisco	...	1196	...	...	...	...	1067	...
Hongkong	...	833	1160	...	...	905	...	...
China	...	...	...	...	817	...	...	...
Ilo Ilo	...	...	450	...	...	...	...	...
Steamers	25	...	...	173	...	9	140	...
Home consumption	58	...	...	607	175	...	...	63
Totals	3677	3686	3165	1571	2832	1439	1561	1574

Total output, 19,594 tons coal.

SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE ECHO! THE ECHO! THE ECHO!
(An Evening Newspaper)
PRICE ONE PENNY!
Contains all the Latest News of the day. Police, Law, and Insolvency Courts.
Intercolonial and Foreign late Telegrams on all Topics of Public Interest.
The Echo having now attained an EXTENSIVE CIRCULATION, offers GREAT inducement to the ADVERTISING PUBLIC.
Advertisements received daily for the Evening's publication up to 1 p.m.
Office, corner of Pitt and Hunter streets.

KNICKERBOCKER SCHNAPPS on SALE, by all the principal Wine and Spirit Dealers, and in trade parcels by S. HOFFNUNG and CO., Pitt-street.

PURE SCHNAPPS, like good wine, needs no bush, and it is therefore surprising to find how readily the "KNICKERBOCKER SCHNAPPS" is drunk by connoisseurs in preference to all other preparations of Scheidam Schnapps.
Ask for "KNICKERBOCKER SCHNAPPS," and DRINK NO OTHER.

KNICKERBOCKER SCHNAPPS, a most pleasant and refreshing beverage of mild and delicious flavour. Try it and compare with all other Schnapps; it will be found far superior, pure, wholesome, and invigorating.

JUST LANDED, New TEAS, ex Glenim, from Foochow, medium to best quality, in chests, halves, and boxes. PARBURY, LAMB, and CO.

CAMERON'S TOBACCO for SALE.—"Raven" and "Cable" twist, in various packages Signet," 5's S's, and 10's, P.P. Aromatics, "Canary Bird," &c., 5's, 5's twist, and 10's P.P. PARBURY, LAMB, and CO.

DEPOT FOR CAMERON'S TOBACCOS. Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Cigars. HEYDE, TODMAN, and CO., 476, George-street.

LADIES! LADIES!—I have just opened some very nice Knickerbocker SUITS, in good blue diagonal, price 21s per suit; good strong Tweed, 14s 6d; and very superior serge SAILOR Suits, bound with white braid, 11s 6d. JOSEPH BULLARD, 360, George-street.

PARRAMATTA JUNCTION LAND SALE.—322 ACRES DRAINWELL ESTATE in VILLA SITES and FARM LOTS, NEXT THURSDAY, 6th April. EASY TERMS. LITHOGRAPH PLANS NOW READY. BOWDEN and MILLS, 151, Pitt-street.

BOOTS and SHOES. BOOTS and SHOES.—Button, Balmoral, and Elastic Sides. JOHNSON and CARROLL, 16, Hunter-street.

LADIES and Gentlemen's BOOTS and Shoes, first-class. M'COY, BROTHERS, 599, 561, George-st.

GOODLET and SMITH, Timber and Galvanized Iron Merchants, 483, George-street, near Bathurst-street.

THE BLACK CURRANT BALSAM acts like a charm in all kinds of Cough. Wholesale by ELLIOTT, BROTHERS and TAYLER and CO., Pitt-st.

SENIOR'S DISPENSING ESTABLISHMENT, 252, George-street, is the oldest in Australia.

GENTLEMEN are invited to inspect our Stock of BOOTS and SHOES, in all the newest patterns, pegged or sewn. S. WHIDDON, 139, Oxford-street.

GENT.'S Mock-button Boots, sewn; also, ladies' russia leather, balmoral, and buttoned boots. S. Whiddon.

LADIES are invited to inspect our well-assorted Stock of BOOTS and SHOES of every description. S. WHIDDON, 139, Oxford-street.

SUPERFINE SHAG TOBACCO, two shillings per lb. T. SAYWELL, No. 4, Park-street.

CURRANTS.—New fruit now landing. PARBURY, LAMB, and CO.

SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON, AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.—The Public are requested to take notice that this Company is now prepared to ACCEPT larger Amounts on good risks than formerly, upon terms to meet the present extreme competition in rates.
A. STANGER LEATHES, Resident Secretary.
100, New Pitt-street.

STANDARD FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND.
Capital, £1,000,000.
Offices, 71, Pitt-street.
Every description of Fire and Marine Insurance effected at lowest current rates.
A. L. PARK, Agent.
Agents required in the country.

THE BANK OF AUSTRALASIA.—(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1835.)—NOTICE is hereby given that the Half-yearly DIVIDEND of £4 10s per share, and being at the rate of £12 10s per cent. per annum on the capital stock of the Corporation, declared by the Court of Directors payable in London on 4th April next, will be made available to the Shareholders on the Colonial Register on and after the same date.
D. C. M'ARTHUR, Superintendent.
Melbourne, 9th March, 1876.

MR. JOHN SPENCER, SURGEON-DENTIST, 8, Wynyard-square.
Awarded for proficiency in Mechanical Dentistry, The London International Exhibition Medal for 1873.

MR. PEDLEY, Dentist, by Special Appointment to Sir Hercules G. R. Robinson, G.C.M.G.
1, Carlton-terrace, Wynyard-square,
(late of 12, George-street, Hanover-square, London W.)

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—J. ISAACS and CO., Importers of British, Foreign, American, and General Merchandise, from 605, George-street South, to their new premises, 357, 359, and 361, George-street, next the English, Scottish, and Australian Chartered Bank.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—The New Zealand Insurance Company have removed to their new premises, 77, New Pitt-street.
Sydney, 24th March, 1876.

NOTICE.—The undersigned have this day entered into PARTNERSHIP, and will carry on business as Accountants, Ship and General Brokers, and Custom-house and Estate Agents, at No. 59, Exchange corner, Pitt-street, Sydney, under the style of Miles and Aiken.
JOHN B. C. MILES.
J. J. AIKEN.
References: Messrs. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co.
Sydney, 1st April, 1876.

HOME SHUTTLE SEWING-MACHINE.—All genuine machines are stamped "M. Moss and Co., Sole Agents, Sydney, N.S.W.," and are obtainable wholesale and retail only at their Stores in Wynyard-lane, and are not sold elsewhere in Sydney.
Look for the Stamp! "M. Moss and Co."
JOHNSON, CLARK, and CO., Manufacturers, Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

DR. S. P. TOWNSEND'S AROMATIC HOLLANDS TONIC, prepared with the same care and skill as his celebrated Sarsaparilla.

PATENT METALLIC VENETIAN BLINDS.
To arrive a large assortment of sizes, all fitted with patent actions, &c.
HENRY P. WELCH and CO.,
43, New Pitt-street, Sydney.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS has been a quarter of a century before the public, and its sale steadily increasing, while
HUNDREDS OF IMITATIONS
have appeared and disappeared, leaving only ruin and disgrace to all connected with them. The public should no longer be duped by injurious, cheap, fiery compounds with forged certificates, manufactured in the colony.
To protect consumers against imitations of
UDOLPHO WOLFE'S
AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS
EVEN WHEN OFFERED UNDER OTHER NAMES in this market, the SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES has granted an INJUNCTION against their sale, under a penalty of £20,000, in proof of which the writ of injunction may be seen at our office.
Sole Wholesale Agents for WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS,
M. MOSS and CO., Sydney.

GAYEN'S GENUINE SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS may now be had, in any quantities, from the principal Wine and Spirit Merchants, Storekeepers, &c., throughout the colonies, or from the undersigned, in trade parcels only.
MASON, BROTHERS, Sole Agents.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

MONDAY, APRIL 3, 1876.

The result of the inquiries instituted by the Government as to how far the Railway Department can come to the succour of the citizens if the water supply provided by the City Corporation should fail, must be considered reassuring. If Mr. Bell's prophecies should fail, then we have Mr. Whitton to fall back on. Some doubt was expressed in Parliament as to whether that gentleman had not over-calculated the carrying power of the railway, but this is a matter so easily put into figures, that it is scarcely possible for an engineer accustomed to conduct railway traffic to make a serious mistake. The number of trains that can be run on a single line during a given number of hours is determinable with tolerable accuracy, and the rate at which tanks in the trucks can be filled by a pump of a given capacity is also a matter determinable with accuracy. If a million gallons of water can be brought per diem into the city by railway, that will amount to one-fourth of the supply at present furnished, and though with such a supply the citizens would feel themselves greatly inconvenienced, there would be no water famine, and the allowance would be larger than the majority of suburban residents enjoy at the present time. There are very few people in the suburbs who are now able to enjoy the luxury of a bath, and when water has to be bought by the bucketful it is handled with the extremest economy. The city, therefore, seems to have nothing to fear that is worse than what the suburban residents are at the present moment subjected to.

The difficulty in supplying the city would seem to be not the difficulty of pumping water into the railway trucks, or of bringing it along the line, but the difficulty of distributing it throughout the city. To disperse a million gallons per diem, by the hogshead at a time, would require a very large number of water-carts; much larger we fancy than there is available at the present moment. Under these circumstances it is worth while to consider whether if we were brought to that pass, the best plan would not be to make use of the present mode of delivery, and to put the water brought by railway into the Crown-street reservoir. The distance from the Redfern Station to the Crown-street reservoir is not very great, and the water might, perhaps, be pumped from the railway trucks into the reservoir at less expense and with less difficulty than it could be distributed from house to house by means of water-carts. This, of course, would not supply the houses that draw from the Paddington reservoir; but the upper reservoir could be filled from the lower, as soon as the engine that is being constructed for the purpose can be set to work. How long that will be has not been stated, but the work ought to be expedited as much as possible.

Meanwhile, it is worth considering whether the suburbs ought not at once to be supplied by water brought by railroad. The city is not in want, but all the railway suburbs are, and it would put the system of railway water-carriage to the test, if it were set to work, simply to bring water to the suburbs between Homebush and Newtown. The probability seems to be that there is already a demand which would absorb all that can be brought by one train a day, and if selling the water at a shilling a hogshead will pay the Government, it is probable that an experimental train might be worked at present without any loss. If the city proper, where water rates are paid, should be supplied by this means, the question will arise whether the Corporation will elect to forego the water rates, or to provide a minimum supply gratuitously; for it would obviously be unjust first to charge for water that was not delivered, and then again to charge for the scanty supply that was delivered.

One thing is quite certain, and that is that when people have to pay one shilling a hogshead for water, and the cost of carriage to their own homes in addition, they cease to grumble at any water-rate present or prospective. Over and over again the far-seeing members of the City Council have endeavoured to increase the water revenue, in order that funds might be available for increasing the water supply, and they have always been defeated by an outcry against additional taxation. But now that we have got to face the possibility of buying water by the hogshead, it must be quite evident to every one that no system is so cheap as that which lays on an unintermittent supply of water, and that in fact there is nothing which the citizens purchase that, on the whole, is so cheap to them as fresh water. A new scheme that involves a large expenditure may require, in order to be self-supporting, an increase of the rate for a short time; but, with the growth of the population, this rate will again gradually decline. This fact was strikingly shown in the experience of Glasgow—a city which, as a seaport and the centre of manufacturing industry, bears a general resemblance to Sydney. When the great scheme for bringing water from Loch Katrine was carried out, the water rate had to be increased, because the then consumption was not enough to pay interest on the great capital sunk in the new works; but after a very short time the increased consumption admitted of a reduction in the rate, and in a few years this was brought down to the old standard. The same thing would probably happen in Sydney. Hitherto there has been the greatest reluctance to admit the possibility of having to pay a little more for water, but now that the citizens are threatened with a short supply they may probably see that it will be sound policy to have an efficient system, even if for a few years the rate should have to be raised. If there is any doubt upon this point in the city, there is probably none in the suburbs, because no one who has had to buy water during the present drought has failed to see that the water has cost four times as much as any probable rate, even if we spend a million sterling in carrying out an effective system of supply.

Now that the Government has satisfied itself that the citizens can be kept from dying from thirst even if no rain falls, they are quite justified in abstaining from committing the country to any of the rival schemes that have been proposed until it is known whether or not we can secure from Europe the services of an hydraulic engineer of reputation. The Health Board, which has made many good recommendations, cannot be equally commended for suggesting the adoption at once of the Commissioners' water scheme. That may, or may not, be the best plan to adopt; if it is, it will stand the fire of the coming engineer's criticism. If it is not, it will be folly to commence work upon it. That Mr. Moriarty should recommend Mr. Moriarty's scheme is natural enough, but still that does not increase the weight of authority, and the criticism passed in the Legislative Council on the contemptuous way in which non-professional suggestions have been snubbed, was not undeserved. There is no profession which has a monopoly of wisdom, and the public, which has often had to pay the cost of professional follies, is not to be reproached for having a very timid faith in professional infallibility.

Of all functions which can be delegated to any set of men none is more momentous than that of making the laws and determining the public measures of a people. Good laws, well administered, lie at the root of a nation's prosperity; and good measures promptly adopted, or bad ones hastily passed, may make or mar a nation's destiny. No wonder, therefore, that legislative machinery has occupied so much of the thought of political writers and so much of the time of legislative bodies.

The old Saxon name for the Parliament—*Witenagemot*, an assembly of the wise men—was a capital idea, if the name were any guarantee for the thing. If all the wisest in the land could be gathered into one assembly—wisest not in the sense of pedantry, or of being learned in some particular lore—but wisest in the sense of perceiving the true interests of the public, and the best means for securing those interests, the functions of legislation might safely be left in such hands. But society has no infallible criterion for determining who are its wisest and best, and in fact commonly lets them pass away before discovering that they ever existed. Occasionally we may get a Cæsar, a Mahommed, a Charlemagne, a Cromwell, a Napoleon, who will assert their claims to be "the saviours of society," but society will not often consent to be saved on their terms, and where there is any freedom and independence always prefers to save itself. Hence the growth of representative institutions and the establishment of constitutional government. How to make these institutions most consistent with equitable representation on one hand, and with the stability, good order, and progress of the people on the other, is still an open question in modern society. Following the example of England we have two Chambers in this colony, one elected by the people, the other nominated by the Crown. Several attempts, however, have been made to modify the constitution of the Upper Chamber, and, whatever may be their prospects of success, they will inevitably be made again, if ever there should be a disagreement between the two Houses on any great popular measure.

The utility, if not the necessity, for the concurrence of two separate legislative bodies in passing public measures has been proved by crucial experiments extending over a long time. Had there been two Chambers at Athens whose joint consent was necessary to render any legislative enactment a legal instrument, Cleon the demagogue could never one night have persuaded his countrymen to enact the massacre of the whole male population of Mitylene, and the next night have found his sanguinary intentions frustrated by the universal repentance of the Assembly. Commenting on this incident one of our historians very properly says "ordinary experience shows that bodies of men will perpetrate acts which the individuals composing them would shrink from with horror; and this tendency was one of the worst evils springing from the multitudinous and purely democratical composition of the Athenian Assemblies. On the morrow, so general a feeling prevailed of the horrible injustice which had been committed that the *strategi* acceded to the prayer of the Mitylenian envoys and called a fresh Assembly; though by so doing they committed an illegal act and exposed themselves to impeachment." In the records of the House of Lords, and even in those of our own Legislative Council, it would not be difficult to cite instances in which the public welfare has been greatly enhanced by delaying doubtful enactments and giving time for reconsideration, if not for repentance. Nor can it be shown that the general tendency of two Chambers is necessarily to cause inconvenient delay, for a measure of great urgency can be passed through all its stages, if needful, on a single night, as Temporary Supply Bills frequently are in this colony, without claiming any other importance than that of saving the Civil servants from needless and unjust inconvenience. Possibly rigorous criticism could easily prove that some of the ancient forms of Parliament, useful and even necessary in their day, are utterly out of keeping with the circumstances of our times, and it is seldom for the public good that bills should be thrown out on antiquated points of order rather than on their merits. Yet Mr. Disraeli was right in reiterating the advice of his political Mentor, never to change the ancient forms of Parliament without just and sufficient cause, for they have often been, and may be again, the safeguards of the Constitution.

If the purpose of representative institutions is to get good laws, and at the same time such as the people may approve and cheerfully obey, because really made by themselves, two things are requisite. There must be equity and there must be variety in the representation. Equitable representation requires that all those upon whom the cost of government falls should divide the law-making power among them in a manner that bears some proportion to the burdens which it imposes. As the two chief functions of government are the protection of life and property, and the lives of all good citizens are presumably of equal value so far as the law is concerned, on this first ground the voting power of all adult members of the population should be equal. But property is unequally distributed, and though there is no practical method of determining how far taxes fall, or should fall, on property in proportion to its amount, and to the benefits conferred upon it by Civil government, yet it cannot be disputed that property is both benefited and taxed under any government that can exist, and, consequently, it becomes an element to be considered in a just plan of representation. In an Assembly elected by universal, by household, or by manhood suffrage, it can find no direct recognition of its claims. In a second Chamber, nominated by the Crown, its claims are likely to be, though not necessarily, supreme, and when that Chamber has equal legislative power with that of the popular Assembly, there is sure to be sometimes a conflict between the two. To make the Upper House elective, or partly elective and partly nominated, if that plan were preferred, would greatly strengthen its position and legislative weight. But little would be gained by having its members elected by exactly the same constituencies as those of the other House. Public measures need to be sifted from every possible point of view before passing into law, and for this purpose it would be a misfortune to make each House a *fac simile* of the other. Among the methods of making a variety, the plan of double elections has been both recommended and tried. Electors themselves selected by constituencies sufficiently large, and with some suitable qualification, make a varied set of constituencies for a liberal and independent Upper House.

The latest intelligence from France shows that her statesmen are trying to solve the problem in this way. The Constitution of the 27th February, 1875, is coming into operation, and under its provisions there are two Chambers—a Senate and a Legislative Assembly. The Senate is composed of 300 members, of whom 75 have been elected for life by the late Legislative Assembly, and 225 nominated by all the members of the Councils-General, all the members of the Councils of Arrondissements, and of the delegates of the Municipal Councils, one of these delegates being sent by each of the 36,000 Communes of France. A candidate for the Senate must be 40 years old to be eligible. One-third of the 225 elected members are renewed every three years, so that it takes nine years to have three-fourths of the Senate entirely new, while the other fourth can only be changed by the death or resignation of the members. By electing only one-third of the elective members at one time, and spreading the whole over a period of nine years it is hoped that France will escape the agitations which spring from too frequent elections, and the dangers of violent changes from temporary popular excitements. There is also provision made in the Constitution for filling up vacancies between elections. For a second Chamber the plan has many admirable features adapted to the circumstances of France, and perhaps not unsuitable to some other countries. The Legislative Assembly is composed of 550 members, elected by simple universal suffrage, and representing out of a population of thirty-eight millions, about ten millions of voting electors. Such a Constitution cannot be called illiberal, and if it take root in France it may prove conservative of her best interests, and give her the great boon of a stable government, resting on the free suffrages and hearty loyalty of a contented people—a boon which she sorely needs, but has never yet had either in her glorious or adverse days, during the whole of her checkered career.

Quarter Sessions.—A Court of Quarter Sessions opens to-day at the Court-house, Darlinghurst, Mr. District Court Judge Wilkinson presiding as chairman. The list of cases is not a very numerous one, there being under thirty. The cases are as follows:—Joseph Willmott and John Cassidy, larceny; Frank Orton and Jeanette Orton, stealing from the person; Ellen Davis, attempt to commit suicide; Joseph Wells and James Smith, larceny and receiving; John Clancy, burglary, with intent to steal; Cornelius Kelly, Mary Kelly, and William John Madden, assault, occasioning actual bodily harm; Thomas Capper, stealing from the person; Hawrald Howard Manning, obtaining money by false pretences; William Johnson, larceny; Charles Thomas and Edward Tansley, robbery with violence; Yet Ling, inflicting grievous bodily harm; William Conroy, stealing from the person; Charles Thomas and Edward Tansley, robbery, Thomas Regan, larceny; Felix O'Donohue and Robert Curran, robbery with violence; Joseph Iffland, inflicting grievous bodily harm; Deborah Lewis, obtaining goods by false pretences; Richard Duval, alias Carrol, stealing from the person; William Adams, stealing from the person; Francis O'Byrne, stealing in a dwelling; Frederick Ricketts, breaking and entering a shop and stealing therein; Bernard Tropoka, larceny; William Smith and John Jones, larceny; William Guppy, feloniously wounding; Richard Seddon, larceny by a servant; John Shields, inflicting grievous bodily harm; John Wall, larceny and receiving; George P. Kinchela, attempting to commit suicide.

Sudden Death.—A young woman, named Annie Cole, 32 years of age, died suddenly about half-past 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon, at Grose-street, Glebe. She had been ailing for the last few days, and no medical man saw her.

DISTRICT COURT.—April Sittings.—The sittings for this month commence this (Monday) morning, with a list of 563 cases—Nos. 1155 to 1717. Those which are undefended will be disposed of as follows:—Monday, 3rd, No. 1155 will be taken at 10 a.m.; No. 1257 will not be taken before 11 a.m.; No. 1358 will not be taken before 12 noon; finishing with No. 1434. Tuesday, 4th: No. 1435 will be taken at 10 a.m.; No. 1537 will not be taken before 11 a.m.; No. 1633 will not be taken before 12 noon; finishing with No. 1717.

THE VACANT JUDGESHIP.—Various unfounded rumours have been circulated with regard to the filling-up of the vacancy on the bench of the Supreme Court. We have reason to believe that nothing definite has been determined by the Government, and nothing has occurred beyond the fact that Mr. Dalley, the Attorney-General, has intimated to his friends that he has no intention of leaving the Government. The Government having made arrangements, immediately preceding the death of Mr. Justice Cheeke, in the expectation of that gentleman being unable to resume his duties for some time, are no doubt influenced by that consideration in deferring the selection of a gentleman to succeed the late Mr. Cheeke, until the necessity for a new Judge taking his seat on the bench arises.

THE LODDON'S PLAINS WATER SCHEME.—The paper read by Mr. James Manning, explaining his scheme for supplying Sydney with water by gravitation from the Loddon River, has been printed to the order of the Assembly. Appended to the document is a large plan showing the details of a trial survey of the scheme; also a plan of Frieburg, in Switzerland, with its surroundings, its water works, and industrial undertakings.

ELECTION FOR PARRAMATTA.—The following arrangements have been made for the election of a member for the electoral district of Parramatta in room of Mr. Hugh Taylor, resigned:—Place of nomination, Parramatta; date of writ, 1st April; date of nomination, Tuesday, 18th April; polling-day, Thursday, 20th April; return of writ, 25th April.

POISONING BY STRYCHNINE.—Edmund Charles M'Carthy, 47 years of age, died at his residence, Pitt-street, opposite the Labour Bazaar, at half-past 8 o'clock on Saturday night. About half-past 4 o'clock on that day he took a dose of strychnine, which he purchased at Mr. Pinhey's on last Tuesday. He then called his wife and son, and told them what he had done, and Drs. Morgan, Fortescue, and Belgrave were called in, and they applied the usual remedies, but without success. Deceased has been in bad health for the last four or five weeks. An inquest will be held at Tattersall's, this morning, at 9 o'clock.

THE AMERICAN CONSULATE, SYDNEY.—By the Californian mail we learn that the United States Senate has approved of the restoration of this city to a first-class Consulate. Mr. J. H. Williams's appointment as resident Consul was ratified on February 12th, and that gentleman will continue to discharge the duties hitherto devolving upon him while acting as U. S. commercial agent.

FIRES.—Between 1 and 2 o'clock, yesterday morning, a weatherboard stable and coachhouse, the property of William Pratt, chemist, residing at Petersham, were totally destroyed by fire, the origin of which is at present unknown. It was first discovered by Miss Muir, who lives next door, and she informed young Mr. Pratt. The property is insured in the Sydney Office for £50. No fire-engines attended.—An alarm was rung out yesterday morning for Paddington, but it proved a false one.—Last night, the grass in the Inner Domain was on fire, but was speedily extinguished.—A large bush fire was burning all day yesterday and during last night in the direction of, but beyond, Manly Beach.

A SUSPICIOUS CHARACTER.—A man named Alfred Cousins was brought up at the Water Police Court, on Saturday morning, charged with having been found loitering on the Edgecliff Road, Woollahra, with intent to commit a felony. About 4 o'clock on the morning of Saturday, the 25th ultimo, sergeant Brenner and constable Cable found the prisoner near the gate of Sir William Manning's residence on the Edgecliff Road. He was carrying a bundle, and as he had a suspicious appearance he was arrested. The bundle which he was carrying was found to contain articles adapted for burglarious purposes, among them being a coat made of old bagging, a black slouched hat, and a piece of crape, with eyeholes in it. This uniform, which was put on in court by constable Cable, was admirably adapted for striking terror into the hearts of any one, brave or timid, who might suddenly awake in the night and behold a figure apparelled in it by his bedside. Prisoner appeared to be a tolerably well educated man, and spoke sensibly and fluently. He said that he had recently come from Sydney, and had spent one half of the money he had brought, and lost the other half; that the crape in the bundle was for mourning, and the "sac coat" for sleeping out at night in. He was sentenced to six months' imprisonment, with hard labour. There have been several robberies in the neighbourhood where the prisoner was found, but no clue as to the perpetrators of them had been discovered. Only a week before a panel was cut in the glass door of a house opposite Sir William Manning's residence, but the thief or thieves were alarmed, and got away without being discovered.

THE RISING GENERATION—WHAT IS IT COMING TO?—Quite a sensation was caused in the Central Police Court on Saturday morning, when four little fellows—they may have been as old as ten years—marched into the felons' dock, under the guardianship of constable Tippett, and curiosity was on tiptoe until the knight of the baton was called upon to explain the why and the wherefore of their appearance. It appeared that Tippett found the unlucky little wights washing themselves in a waterhole near the Parramatta Road, for which shocking offence he took them into custody. They were sentenced to pay 5s. each, or to be locked up until 6 o'clock in the evening.

ACCIDENT ON THE RAILWAY.—An accident, happily not of a very serious nature, occurred on Saturday evening, on the down line, between Sydney and Newtown. The 6.45 p.m. suburban train left Sydney with a large number of passengers, and when it had reached the Sydney side of the cutting, nearly opposite the Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb, the engine came into collision with a bull that had strayed on to the line. The effect was the breaking of the waste-water pipe of the engine, and slight damage to the fire-box; whilst two of the carriages filled with passengers were thrown off the rail, and the train brought to a standstill. The passengers, greatly alarmed, but in no way hurt, alighted in great haste; and many who were going to Newtown walked the remainder of the distance. The authorities at the Sydney station were communicated with as soon as possible, and an engine was sent out to bring the disabled engine and train back. It was impossible, owing to the darkness, to ascertain whether any of the carriages had been injured; and, instead of taking the passengers on in them, the half-past 7 train from Sydney picked them up. A number of men were set to work to replace the two carriages on the line and clear it of obstructions, which occupied about an hour and a half from the time of the accident. Whilst this was going on the up line was used for the trains leaving Sydney for Newtown. The animal which caused so much trouble by his infringement of the railway regulations was literally cut to pieces.

THE NEW "FLYING DUTCHMAN."—The locomotives and carriages which are being built at the Swindon works of the Great Western Railway for the through traffic from Paddington to Plymouth are among the finest that have ever been placed upon an English railway. The locomotives are to be of special power, the driving wheels being eight feet in diameter. The carriages are an improvement on the company's new composite carriage, which has already been generally admired for its comfort and elegance. They are upwards of a dozen in number, and, besides possessing the double-spring arrangement, eight wheels, and all the special fittings, are to be seven feet longer than the model carriage now in use. They are expected, by those on the line most competent to judge, to be the most comfortable, safe, and ornamental carriages that have been seen upon the rails of the Great Western.

CRICKET.—THE CHALLENGE CUP.—The match between the Warwick and the University Clubs was continued on Saturday afternoon at the Albert Ground, O'Reilly, the not-out man on the previous Saturday, and Wilkinson going to the wickets for the University side. The former added no further contribution to his already-made score of 16, being bowled by E. Evans; and Wilkinson, after scoring 5, was caught by Walford off A. Evans. R. Teece and Coates, who followed in succession, each scored a 0, the former falling a victim to A. Evans, and the other to E. Evans. Buckland and Gibson were left together at the last, and Gibson being bowled for 1, left Buckland with 0. The game, therefore, again resulted in favour of the Warwicks, and is by far the largest of their victories, their total for the two innings being 203 against their opponents' 70. This is probably the last challenge cup match of the season, as, in view of the approaching races and Agricultural Society's exhibition, no other is likely to be arranged for. The following is the complete score of the match:—

WARWICKS.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
C. Bannerman, c O'Reilly, b Coates	15	c Buckland	10
Sheridan, b Coates	18	c Iceton	1
C. Kellick, b Coates	4	b Iceton	14
Humphreys, b Coates	0	b Coates	5
A. Bannerman, b Garrett	1	b Garrett	11
E. Evans, b Garrett	21	b Garrett	5
Dummett, c Iceton, b Garrett	9	c and b Powell	25
Walford, b Coates	2	c Teece, b Garrett	1
J. Kellick, b Garrett	1	c and b Powell	6
Chapman, not out	9	b Powell	33
		A. Evans, not out	3
Sundries	5	Leg byes	5
	85		118

UNIVERSITY.

First innings.		Second innings.	
Garrett, b Kellick	4	c Walford	1
O'Reilly, b E. Evans	0	b E. Evans	16
Iceton, b E. Evans	4	b A. Evans	3
Pockhill, b E. Evans	0	st Sheridan	4
Powell, c Chapman, b E. Evans	5	c Walford, b A. Evans	9
Gibson, b E. Evans	8	b E. Evans	1
Coates, b E. Evans	0	b E. Evans	0
Wilkinson, b E. Evans	11	c Walford, b A. Evans	5
Teece, c Chapman, b E. Evans	0	b A. Evans	0
Kelly, b Kellick	5		
Buckland, not out	2	not out	0
Sundries	3	Sundries	5
	34		46

Majority for Warwicks, 124.

ACADEMY OF ARTS.—The fifth annual exhibition of Works of Colonial Art will be opened, at the rooms of the Academy of Art in Elizabeth-street North, on the 11th instant, and we may remind intending competitors that this day (Monday) is the last day for the reception of their works. A considerable number of pictures, both in oil and water-colours, have already come in, including several from artists in the other colonies, and a good collection may be expected both as to number and merit. Consequent on the arrangements made by Mr. Du Faur, the energetic honorary secretary, and the members of the Council, for a lease of the room and premises in which the Exhibitions have formerly been, and will in future be held, the works of art will now be on view for a considerably longer period than has heretofore been practicable; and we are requested to draw attention to this fact, as the Exhibitions of the Academy have been frequently confounded with the Fine Art class at the Intercolonial Exhibition in Prince Alfred Park, though they are and will remain distinct. Arrangements are being made for an Art Union in connection with the Academy's fifth exhibition, which will be conducted on the principle which has proved so successful in London, Edinburgh, and elsewhere. The subscriptions to the Art Union are a guinea each, and the list will remain open until the close of the exhibition, when the drawing for prizes will take place. We may expect this year to see some results of the instruction to pupils of the schools of art established by the Council.

BOTANIC GARDENS.—On Saturday afternoon the Head-quarters band performed a good selection of music, comprising airs from "Il Pirata" and "Il Trovatore," the overture to "Zampa," a quadrille on themes from "Der Freischutz," Beethoven's well-known waltz, arranged for the ballroom by Laurent, and Arndt's "Eisenbauer" galop. The performances of this band are now really well worth hearing, and reflect great credit on Lieutenant Callen, whose care and attention to his favourite band has been unremitting.

ENGLISH HARES FOR THE YOUNG DISTRICT.—By coach (says the *Burrangong Chronicle*) Mr. H. Minter had consigned to him from Melbourne on account of Mr. Caldwell, Balaba, Bland, six English hares, which he intends to let loose on his estate for breeding purposes. The animals appear to be healthy, and will, no doubt, afford amusement in time to come. Six others were lost on the journey.

DEATH FROM ANIMAL POISONING.—On Tuesday, the 21st March, a beast died belonging to Mr. John Yeo, of Elong Elong, Talbragar River. As is the custom in large slaughtering-yards, Mr. Yeo smeared his hands with grease, and commenced to skin the beast. He was assisted by his brother, Mr. Henry Yeo, who, after much persuasion, consented. While Henry Yeo was at work he cut his hand, and immediately left off, and washed and sucked the wound, rubbed in salt, limejuice, &c. Mr. John Yeo continued, and skinned the beast. We may mention that he had a sore on his right hand, and a slight pimple on his arm near the elbow; and he believed that the latter had not been smeared with the grease. Mr. Yeo experienced no ill effects till about two days after, when he felt slightly ill—light-headed and bilious—but he thought it was the effects of a chill or sunstroke. He never thought that it was in any way connected with the skinning of the beast. On Saturday his arm commenced to swell, and getting alarmed he came into Dubbo next day, when the arm was dreadfully painful—the feeling being, as Mr. Yeo said, as if boiling water were being poured down it from the elbow. When he reached Dubbo, Dr. Tibbets was at once sent for, and pronounced it a bad case of blood-poisoning brought about by the absorption of virus from the beast skinned. On Monday Mr. Yeo became worse, and on Tuesday afternoon it was determined to summon his relatives. On that night, he seemed all right, and was perfectly sensible and collected. He had no idea of any immediate danger; but Dr. Ewington (who was now in charge of the case, Dr. Tibbets being ill himself) held out very little hopes of recovery. During the night a cold, clammy perspiration broke out over the patient's face and body; but he was sensible and calm. About 5 o'clock he became delirious, and remained so till his death on Wednesday at 1 p.m., when he expired. Deceased, who was highly respected—as he deserved, for he was a fine, honourable, straightforward gentleman—leaves a wife and seven children.

OVERWORKING AN APPRENTICE.—An instance of the imposition of disgraceful hours of labour on an apprentice came under the notice of the Melbourne City Bench on the 28th ultimo. A small boy (states the *Argus*) named Albert Lindsay Flegg was brought up for absenting himself from his work as an apprentice to John Jacob Schuh, a cigar-maker, Bourke-street, and was ordered to return to his work, as he said he was willing to do so. Mr. J. J. Casey, who was waiting for a case in which he was engaged to come on, had been looking at the indentures of apprenticeship, and before the parties left the court drew the attention of the Bench to the fact that by the indentures the boy was compelled to work 12 hours a day, viz., from 8 a.m. till 8 p.m., which he considered positive cruelty to the boy. Mr. Call said that 12 hours a day was a great deal too much, but he did not know whether there was any Act to limit the hours. The boy would go back to his work for the present, and he (Mr. Call) would make inquiries as to the law on the hours. The matter certainly should be looked into. A small boy like young Flegg ought to be in bed soon after 8 o'clock at night, and he could have no time for anything except breakfast between getting up and going to work.

EARTHQUAKE IN GIPPSLAND.—On Sunday night, about 7 o'clock, a very severe shock of earthquake was felt at the Tanjil turn-off. A man who was lying outside Irvine's hotel went into the house in fear and trembling, and (says the *Gippsland Mercury*) remarked that a heavy shock of earthquake had happened. A little boy about six years old, who was in bed, cried out, and wanted to know who it was pushing the house down. The shock was also heard and felt at the Tanjil, but we have not been informed if it reached Shady Creek.

SINGULAR POSTAL INCIDENT.—An English newspaper posted at London (the *Hobart Town Mercury* says) was recently delivered, according to its address, to an inhabitant of the Bream Creek District, Sorrell. On opening the paper it was found that two letters had, in some singular manner, slipped in between the newspaper and the cover. That it was purely accident was plain from the fact that both letters bore the addresses of people residing in England. The presumption is that the paper had been deposited by mistake in the box intended for letters instead of that appropriated for newspapers, and had thus in handling picked up the letters. That the letters should have travelled so far under the newspaper cover is singular enough, but the strangest part of the story is to come. The person to whom the paper was addressed at once returned the truant letters to the local postmaster, who found that one of them was addressed to his own brother residing in England. Thus a letter intended for a person within a few score miles of London has travelled 16,000 miles to fall by accident into the hands of a brother of the person for whom it was really intended. When that letter goes back to its proper address in England, it will possess a peculiar interest to the family.

TROUT.—The trout bred some years ago at Ercildoun are doing well, and are occasionally seen in the lake in front of the house. The *Ballarat Star* states that Sir Samuel Wilson intends to try artificial hatching on something like a comprehensive scale during next season. An arrangement patented in America, and described in Livingstone Stone's excellent treatise on fish culture, for collecting the ova from trout waters, will be made use of in obtaining the eggs from the breeding waters.

THE CONSUMPTION OF FIREWOOD.—Warned by the experience gained last winter (the *Wagga Express* says), large consumers are making ample provision for a supply of firewood for next winter, causing quite a busy trade in billet-wood. Never before at Wagga Wagga was such a fleet of wood-carts trading between the bush and the town as is to be observed now. The question naturally suggests itself—how long will the supply of wood last in a town where there is no coal to economise it with? In Maitland, Newcastle, and other towns in the colony where they have coal, the supply of firewood is becoming very meagre. The only means that suggests itself here is to enforce a more economical mode of cutting the timber, by compelling woodcutters to use the trunks as well as the limbs of the trees, instead of merely lopping off the limbs, and leaving the barrels of trees to waste or become too dry and hard to cut up into suitable lengths.

DEATH BY DROWNING.—A melancholy accident happened at Chewton. The *Mount Alexander Mail* relates that Mrs. Cooper, wife of Mr. George Cooper, a well-known contractor, had been in Castlemaine making her weekly purchases, and returned towards home, passing through Chewton. The storm having lulled a little, she pursued her way till she came to M'Whinney's Four-mile store, a little beyond which the creek crosses the road over a made bottom. Mrs. M'Whinney warned Mrs. Cooper not to cross, as the water was so high and the current strong. When the horse reached the middle of the stream he stumbled, and Mrs. Cooper was pitched out of the cart into the water, and was heard to give two screams. Some men at once ran to the spot, but she had disappeared. In about an hour after, the body of Mrs. Cooper was found landed on the flat ground opposite Mr. Sparks's residence, some two and a half miles away. There was a scar on the temple, over the eye, and the knees were badly bruised. Almost every stitch of clothes was torn off by contact with the timber and stumps in its progress down the current. Mrs. Cooper was a very corpulent woman, of some 16 st. to 18 st. weight. She leaves a family of eight children.

DENILIQUIN.—The following appears in the *Riverine Herald*, from its correspondent, writing on the 24th March:—The weather since the 18th March has been cool and pleasant, making life agreeable both for man and beast. We can now look forward to genial weather, as the sun's power is daily becoming less, the days are shortening, and the nights are lengthening. Rain is badly wanted to restore animation to the parched up land. Scarlet fever has again reappeared in Deniliquin, in a malignant form. When this dire disease will disappear it is hard to tell; the longer it remains the more virulent it becomes. It has already brought distress and unhappiness to several families. Had precautionary measures been taken when this dreaded disease first broke out here, I have not the slightest doubt its ravages could have been considerably checked. As it was, the fever took root at the Public school, and spread amongst the children, who carried it from house to house before anything was done to check it, until the disease got so strong a hold upon the town that to stop it from spreading was almost impossible.

THE GREAT PEDESTRIAN MATCH.—HEWITT v. WATSON.—In response to an invitation from Frank Hewitt, the well-known English pedestrian, Mr. Watson, of Scone, visited Sydney, and on Friday evening met Hewitt at Punch's Hotel, where the usual preliminaries were arranged for a match to take place on the Maitland racecourse on Saturday, the 6th May. The distance fixed is 200 yards, for £200 a side, and a deposit of £100 was placed in the hands of Mr. Thomas Punch.

FORGERIES.—The police are on the track of a clumsy forger, who (says the *Border Post*) answers to the name of Henry Harris, in New South Wales. In Albury he forged the name of John Pabst to two cheques of £7 15s. One of these he passed on Mr. Peter Griffiths, of the Builders' Arms Hotel, and another at Mr. Fraenkel's clothing establishment. He found his way to Beechworth, and there passed off another "bogus" cheque of £5 17s. on some unsuspecting tradesman. He carries a swag and wears the appearance of innocence.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT IN A SAWMILL.—By the last train from Echuca on the 24th ultimo (the *Bendigo Advertiser* informs us), a man named John Ewart was brought to Sandhurst in the care of Dr. M'Mullen and Mr. Bussey, of the Wyuna sawmills, suffering from a terrible mutilation of his left hand and arm, which occurred to him in the sawmills during the forenoon of the same day. On admission to the hospital, it was found that his injuries consisted of a compound dislocation of the elbow of the left arm, the flesh being very much torn and the bones protruding. Some of the fingers of the hand, too, were greatly crushed, especially the index-finger, which had to be amputated. The neck of the unfortunate man also presented a singular appearance, though no injury, we understand, was done to it. All round the throat it was deeply indented, as though a rope had been drawn tightly round it and left its impress. The misadventure happened in this wise:—Ewart was working at one of the circular saws, cutting up timber, and when in the act of shifting the belt on the drum (for the purpose of stopping the saw, we presume) his fingers got entangled in the belt or rope, and before he could realise his predicament he was jerked off his feet and carried upwards with a cruel velocity. The rope by some mischance got round his neck, and in a minute more his head might have been torn from the shoulders but for timely stoppage of the machinery by one of the men who witnessed the appalling occurrence.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.—The *Singapore Daily Times*, Tuesday, 29th February, 1876, gives an account of an inquest which was held on board the steamer Somerset, lying at the Tanjong Pagar wharf, on the 28th February, on the body of Thomas Brown, a native of Sydney. The deceased was an engineer of the Somerset, and was walking along the wharf on the night of the 27th instant, along with another engineer of the same ship. About a quarter to 9 p.m., on stepping from the wharf on to the pontoon, he missed his footing and fell into the water, and disappeared. Mr. Hough, the second officer of the Brisbane, hearing the splash, came running along and jumped into the water, but could find no sign of the deceased. Then a grappling iron was thrown in, and at the second trial brought the deceased to the surface. Every effort was then made to restore life, by the doctors of the Somerset, Queensland, and Brisbane, but without avail, though continued for about three-quarters of an hour. The deceased was perfectly sober at the time. Verdict: "Accidental death from drowning." At the termination of the inquest the jurors framed the following resolution: "The jury are unanimously of opinion that immediate steps should be taken to have the approaches to and from the pontoon properly secured by rails, and request the coroner to take the necessary steps to enforce this being done."

FLOGGED TO DEATH.—It was reported in town (says the *Copperfield Miner*) that a black trooper had been flogged to death at the police barracks on Wednesday last. Mr. Sub-Inspector Dyas and Dr. Harricks left for the barracks on Thursday morning. From the meagre account received we select the following:—While the officer in charge was out on patrol one of his troopers absconded, and on the officer's return to barracks he was informed by the black gins that the trooper had been there all the time. As a punishment the trooper was ordered to be flogged, and as far as we can learn died shortly after.

THE MEAT MARKET IN ENGLAND.—The *Australian and New Zealand Gazette*, of January 18th, says the efforts which Mr. Mort is making to supply this market with fresh meat are watched with great interest. What with the cattle disease and the increased demand occasioned by the wants of a large and increasing number of restaurants in the great towns and cities of the United Kingdom, it is difficult to get a decent piece of beef for less than 1s. per pound. Looking, therefore at the opening there is for a large and profitable trade in this article, it will not surprise Mr. Mort to hear that the Americans are already in the market, and that a consignment of about forty tons was sold in the Smithfield Dead Meat Market the other day, at an average of 4s. per stone of 8 lbs. The sale was very quick. The method of preserving is at present a trade secret. All we are told is that the vessels are specially prepared for the service; that each quarter of meat is first wrapped in rough cloth and then placed in huge tank-like boxes, each box having within it a fan, which is moved by steam power; and that outside each box there is a thick covering of ice. Another larger consignment is expected shortly, and it is said that plenty of capital and much skill are employed in this effort to bring dead meat fresh over the more than 2000 miles which separate New York from Liverpool. From Liverpool the meat is sent on to London by rail.

THE VICTORIAN FISCAL SYSTEM.—It is shown by the *Ballarat Star* how heavily the present fiscal system falls on the working-classes. It says—"The total sum collected at the Custom-house during 1875 was £1,756,911, exclusive of pilotage rates, £21,462, which are also a charge upon the cost of importing good. Excluding what may be called luxuries, though we doubt the appropriateness of the term, such as spirits, tea, coffee, &c., we find the following amounts amongst others:—Grain, £43,218; dried fruits and nuts, £38,115; candles, £16,868; preserved fish, £15,749; 'all other articles' (a host of small things), £22,594; boots and shoes, £29,845; various articles at a fixed rate of duty, £108,497; apparel and slops, and articles made up, £62,676; carpets, blankets, &c., £12,472; and so on, including hats, caps, jewellery, gloves, hosiery, metals, &c., down to wharfage and harbour rates, which amounted to £103,032. The total revenue raised, apart from excise and luxuries, including therein rice, malt, hops, &c., was about £800,000, which falls (increased by the interest on the money charged by dealers) upon the industrious classes of the colony. We suppose that no one is really so silly as to believe that this large sum is paid by nobody, whatever excited orators may say at times; and it follows that the amount falls upon those who have families to rear, or upon what is called the bone and sinew of the colony."

THE NEW MURRAY BRIDGE.—The erection of this bridge, which may almost be called a national work (says the *Riverine Herald*), is fast progressing in the hands of the contractors, Messrs. Halliday and Walker. The earthwork embankment is now nearly completed; the temporary staging erected on piles is also in an advanced state of progress, and the whole work is being pushed on with vigour. One of the iron cylinders which are to form the foundations of the bridge arrived on the ground a few days ago, from the foundry of Messrs. Fulton and Co., Melbourne. The cylinder, which is a specimen of those to be used in the construction of the bridge on either side of the river, is made in lengths of eight feet each, and is four feet seven inches in diameter. Each length weighs about fifty hundredweight, and is made of iron one and a quarter inch thick. These cylinders, filled with concrete, will support the iron girders upon which the massive superstructure of the bridge will be built. They will be sunk at a distance of forty-eight feet apart, until a rocky foundation is reached, but at what depth such strata will be found is not at present known. On the Victorian side of the river bank there will be fourteen of these cylinders. Those used in the construction of the bridge across the river, between bank and bank, will be nine feet in diameter, with two openings of fifty-six feet, and a centre span to allow of the passage of boats will be 112 feet in width. The level of the roadway of the bridge will be about twenty feet above the river banks, or about twice the height of the present temporary bridge built by the Deniliquin and Moama Railway Company. The cylinders will be made in Victorian foundries, but the girders will be imported. The approaches to the bridges on either side will be by raised embankments, and brick abutments of solid masonry, sunk to a depth of twelve feet, and a width of 36 feet. A steam "traveller" is being erected on the pile staging referred to, and will materially assist in the progress of the work. The sinking of the first cylinder commenced on March 24. The preliminary excavation to a few feet below the surface having been made, two lengths of the huge iron column were hoisted by means of machinery and tackling into the cylinder guide previously erected, down which they glided into position, true to a hair's breadth. During the day, the work of excavating the bed of the cylinder was carried on in its interior, and by evening a depth of about six feet below the surface had been gained. The soil is found to be of a clayey character, and it is expected that rock will only be found at a great depth—perhaps forty feet. A week will probably elapse before the placing of the cylinder is completed and set with concrete. It will be subject to a test of sixty tons' dead weight to firmly settle it in its foundations.

THEATRE ROYAL.—On Saturday evening a romantic drama entitled "Rosedale" was produced at this theatre. It possesses the recommendations of an ingenious and amusing plot, a great number of diversified characters, plenty of incident, and some pretty scenery. The leading part (Eliot Gray) is sustained by Mr. G. D. Chaplin; and although, of course, the impersonation is not comparable to the high-class characters in which he previously appeared, yet Mr. Chaplin gave evidence that as an exponent of the modern school of drama he has undoubted ability. He played quietly and easily, and set forth the various points of the character to their best. Mr. W. J. Holloway seconded him well as Matthew Leigh; and Mr. J. P. West impersonated Miles M'Kenna very commendably. Mr. W. Andrews, as Bunberry Kobb, caused a great deal of merriment; and the characters generally were evenly played. Miss Tilly Andrews dressed admirably, and acted with much finish as Lady Florence May; and Miss Margie Oliver made the most of Rosa. Miss Melville deserves commendation for the quaint humour with which she enacted Tabitha Stork; and Miss Julia Milne was excessively droll as Sarah. The piece was admirably placed upon the stage, and there was a good attendance in the lower parts of the house.

TELEGRAPHIC MESSAGES.

AUSTRALIAN ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAMS.

BALLINA.

SATURDAY.

The body of a man named Blogg was found floating near German Creek, Richmond River, to-day.

The schooners Octoroon and Douglas sailed to-day for Sydney.

The Platypus (s.) arrived at the bar at 6 p.m., and will cross in to-morrow morning.

BRISBANE.

SUNDAY.

Payable prospects are said to have been found in the alluvial ground discovered near Milchester, but the truth of the report is not yet confirmed.

ARRIVED.—City of Brisbane (s.), Governor Blackall (s.).

SAILING.—To-morrow: Leichhardt (s.), City of Brisbane (s.).

MELBOURNE.

SATURDAY.

During a gale, yesterday, the cutter Era, late of Sydney, went ashore at Flinder's. The crew of three hands took to the rigging. They have since been rescued, and are now safe. The vessel was stranded.

Jupiter won the Ercildoun Coursing Cup.

During the rough weather and rain, all cricket and outdoor amusements were stopped to-day.

David Nesbitt, well known as "Scotch Jock," a very old colonist, died suddenly this morning. He is well known as having imported a very large number of Clydesdale horses.

In Dale v. Bank of New South Wales, the rule nisi to enter verdict for defendants was discharged.

The Hero (s.), from Sydney, has been delayed by bad weather, but will reach the Bay about midnight.

QUEENSCLIFF.

SATURDAY.

ARRIVED.—Tamar (s.), for Launceston; N. Videron (ship), from Batavia; Warwick Castle (ship), from Liverpool; Connaught Ranger (ship), from London; Hugolio (three-masted schooner), from Mauritius.

SAILED.—At 6 p.m., You Yangs (s.), for Sydney.

TASMANIA.

[VIA MELBOURNE.]

SATURDAY.

Mr. Chapman, Colonial Secretary, has been compelled to retire from the Ministry.

The revenue of the colony for the year is £327,000, which shows an increase of £10,000.

ADELAIDE.

SATURDAY.

The decision of the Caucus has not transpired.

Wheat continues firm at 5s. A private London telegram quotes wheat at 52s.

Sandy Creek is the best alluvial diggings yet discovered in the Northern territory. Several parties are getting from 12 oz. to 20 oz. of gold daily.

THE MAGIC V. MISTRAL MATCH.

THE yachts of the Commodore and Vice-commodore of the Royal Sydney Yacht Club had their merits tested on Saturday, in a private match, for £50 aside, when, for the third time, Magic came in the winner; and by none was there a heartier cheer raised for the victors than by the owner of the vanquished clipper. It was thought by many that it was rather venturesome for the Magic of 28 tons to sail the Mistral of 35 tons, on equal terms; yet the result shows that the confidence reposed in the speed of the colonial craft was not misplaced. It was arranged that, instead of having an acting commodore for the day, the yachts should be started by mutual consent, in fact, to Mr. Gilchrist himself was left the start, and he, not to be outdone, in the spirit of a true yachtsman placed Magic in the best position for the start. At thirty seconds to noon the Commodore gave notice to prepare, and at twelve the word "off" saw the rival yachts falling away on their springs, with head sails flying up. Both had single-reefed mainsails, with square-headed topsails aloft, and No. 1 jibs, the wind from west, fresh and squally. At first Mistral seemed drawing closer to Magic, holding a position close on her starboard quarter. After passing Garden Island the breeze seemed inclined to become a little more southerly, and they jibed booms to port before they got to Bradley's, Mistral's mainsail going over rather more sharply than necessary. There was only a short run to the eastward before Magic again jibed, while Mistral hung on a little longer, and lost a length or two by the way in which she performed the same manœuvre. Off Lang's Point the leader shifted large jib for No. 2, Mistral's skipper changing his for a spitfire. Both had bones in their teeth as they passed out by South reef, after their third jibe, with plenty of beef on their mainsheets flattening in for the stretch to Botany. When passing the Gap the breeze was found hardening, and Magic shifted topsails, the jibheader being considered safest and best. Mistral followed suit, but after something having apparently gone wrong aloft, housed topmast, shook the reef out of her mainsail, and set a larger jib. Magic was ripping along like a steamer, getting the breeze stronger, and with more southing in it. There was now a pull on the sheets, and all hands to windward, the puffs following in quick succession, Magic holding the best wind, and heading well up for the flagboat, while the other was sagging off to leeward, and falling astern slowly. Magic took in her topsail off Coogee. As the yachts neared Botany, it was seen that the flagboat was a little beyond east of the South Head, Magic had a few feet of sheet off as her helm went down, and she shot round the boat exactly at 2h. 15m.; Mistral had to stand to the southward in order to make a board to weather and round; the latter being accomplished at 2h. 31m. Merrily sped the flyers on the homeward stretch, doing a good ten; Magic slowly drawing out her lead after setting her jib-headed gafftopsail off Long Bay. Mistral then quickly sent her topmast up, and her jib-header followed it. There was no change until South reef was rounded, and then, as "white caps" were seen curling all round the harbour, Magic's topsail came on deck. A board to Middle Head and about, standing to S.E., until abreast of Chowder—just as Mistral came in sight round South reef—Magic's jib was seen to part about four feet from the head, and drop to leeward under her bows. To take it in, get another out of the locker, to set it, and get going again, was as smart a piece of work as ever yacht's crew accomplished; and, after going in stays off Point Piper, she laid right up to windward of Fort Denison past the Red Buoy at 4h. 29m. 40s., Mistral following at 4h. 49m. 5s. The match was thus won by 19m. 35s. without any time allowance. The race caused great excitement, a regular fleet of yachts being down the harbour to watch the finish. Several steamers were also out, and, as on the previous Saturday, the Hon. J. Robertson and a party of friends patronised the race by accompanying the yachts in a steamer to the heads at the start, and meeting the winner outside returning, escorted her to the finish. Vice-Commodore Fairfax may be complimented on the result of the race, it being the eighteenth he has won in succession in the Nereid and his present craft. Nor can we omit the services of Hellings—skipper of both—for the able manner in which he sailed the Magic until when well on the homestretch he resigned the tiller to her owner. The championship of the club is not likely to be left to its present holder without a struggle, for although Mistral may not be able to wrest it from her there is a forty or two in England that may be here next season, and we hope to see so thorough a yachtsman as Mr. Gilchrist have the best of them. Be this as it may, and a larger craft defeat her, it will not destroy her reputation as being the crack of Australian clippers up to the end of the yachting seasons 1875-6.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

SULLIVAN AND SIMPSON.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle and Sheep.
G. KISS.—At his Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, Bullocks, Saddlery, Harness, &c.; at Camperdown Yards, at 2, Colts and Fillies.
G. M. PITT AND SON.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Sheep and Cattle.
HARRISON, JONES, AND DEVLIN.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle and Sheep.
MAIDEN, HILL, AND CLARK.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Bullocks.
W. TINDALE.—At the Grafton Wharf, at 11, Chaff.
W. INGLIS.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Bullocks.
DUNN AND LISTER.—At their Rooms, at 11, Unredeemed Pledges.
H. VAUGHAN.—On the Premises, Hereford-street, Forest Lodge, at 10, Household Furniture, &c.; at 25, Parramatta-street, at 11, Stock-in-Trade of Crockery, Glassware, Drapery, Lamps, Tea, Sundries, &c.
A. MOORE AND CO.—At their Mart, at 11, Household Furniture and Effects, Shop Fittings, Doors, Sashes, Sundries, &c.
H. MOON.—At his Mart, at 11, Show Cases, Household Furniture, E.P. Ware, Kitchen Utensils, Sundries, &c.

RANDWICK ASYLUM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—In your report of the proceedings of the special meeting of the directors of the Randwick Asylum, held on the 30th instant, an error has been inadvertently made, which I feel it my duty to correct.

It is stated that clause 19 of the report of the Sub-committee, which recommends that the duties of secretary should be performed by the accountant, was put and *passed*. The fact is that an amendment proposing that the clause be *expunged* was carried by a majority of 14 to 6.

Yours very faithfully,
ALFRED H. STEPHEN,
Chairman of the Meeting.
St. Paul's, Sydney, 31st March.

ERSKINE VALLEY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—We must apologise to Mr. Woore for having ventured within two or three miles of the locality sacred to his own gigantic Mare's Nest on the Warragamba.

It is difficult to make anything of the greater part of his letter, for he founds his chief objection to the Erskine Valley scheme upon an error of the printer, which he acknowledges in one paragraph, but retains, for the sake of controversy, in the next.

We have to thank him for correcting our elevations, and for adding 33 feet to our estimated height of 430 feet above the sea attained in Erskine Valley. The fact is that, wishing to be within the mark, we had taken the summer level of the Nepean at Penrith (55 feet) as about that of the Erskine and Nepean junction. We have also to thank Mr. Woore for removing some of our doubts as to the engineering difficulties to be met with in getting through the ridge on the Mulgoa side, which we were afraid was considerably higher than appears from his statement. It had occurred to us that the probable situation of the reservoir alluded to would be in a lateral valley at the proper height, and certainly not on the summit of the range. That a short tunnel might be necessary in this part of the aqueduct was evident to us, but his estimate of the elevations makes this necessity not so apparent.

Mr. Woore's writings have long been familiar to us, and we have hitherto treated his assertions with due respect. We hope, however, that the last sentence of his letter, in which he ventures to correct us as to the number of our party, does not represent the general level of his accuracy or candour in matters relating to this subject.

We are not disposed to be led into further controversy about the Erskine Gully scheme. We have simply pointed out what seemed to us a sufficient and an unnoticed water supply. All it wants, in our opinion, is an official confirmation of our estimate of the volume discharged. With such confirmation we are sure that the colony possesses engineering skill fully competent to bring the water to Sydney.

THE EXPLORERS.

April 1.

WATER SUPPLY, BLAXLAND'S DAM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—I am happy to see your allusion to the above, as I think we are now getting near the right plan; but I must point out to you that water stored in the Winbourne Valley would require to be pumped to the ridge on which the entrance gate to Winbourne House stands, that it may flow from thence by gravitation to Prospect and Sydney, which is the only practicable route. However, the Nepean may be conveniently intercepted four miles further down the stream, where I proposed to cross it with the Warragamba water, and where the banks are sufficiently high to admit of the water being stored at a height, from which it may be drawn off by gravitation to Sydney. The river-bed from Blaxland's Dam to this place lies between precipitous sandstone cliffs, very similar to the Warragamba, but not so extensive. The banks here are 253 feet above the bed of the river, and 924 feet apart; but the dam need not be more than 660 feet long by 146 feet high to raise the water to flow through a *tunnel* towards Prospect, the floor of which would be 250 feet above sea level; and I think it would be necessary to let flood water pass over it, which is always objectionable.

I have always considered this an available source, but objected to flood so much valuable land, preferring to render it more profitable by irrigation, and believing that the Warragamba scheme is infinitely superior in every respect. However, if the community are content with half a loaf when they can have a whole one, they should have it by all means; but an enterprising people would utilize the great Warragamba scheme instead of allowing it to flood the Hawkesbury flats as at present, more particularly when it may be made pecuniarily profitable.

I have revised and added to the pamphlets I published four years since, which gives much information on this subject, and have asked the Government to republish it, which I thought the scheme was entitled to, when all others are so favoured, as I cannot go to further expense myself; but no notice whatever has been taken of my letter. It is time the people should insist upon the Warragamba being investigated, and as it includes this and the Erskine Valley project, it may now be attended to.

Yours faithfully,
THOMAS WOORE.

Pomeroy, 30th March.

WATER.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—I have read with some interest all the various schemes for a better water supply, but I cannot imagine why everyone wishes to leave Botany when with a little expense there would be enough water in Botany for the next two or three centuries. I shall in the first place consider how to increase the present supply, in the second how to increase the supply for future years. At the present time there is three or four months' supply at the least; to increase this, if required, there are three large streams of water in Botany—one supplies Mr. Flood's wool works with water, another Mr. Geddes's, and the third, which is running to waste, Mr. Hill's place at Bunnerong. Of course it would cost something to secure these streams, but what scheme could be proposed that would cost less? To increase the future supply the whole of the Veteran Swamp should be bought from the landed owners; a dam should then be constructed from Bachelor's Hill, parallel with the road to a hill just beyond Mr. Geddes's works. This would give a large sheet of water about two miles long, one mile broad, and from 60 to 100 feet deep. This swamp is 3 feet higher than the engine-pond; damming this back it would take years of drought to affect it, as it would keep all the water in the sandhills till wanted. It would soon fill, as I have seen 30 feet square of water after three or four days' rain rolling into the bay. If required, another dam could be formed from a hill next the Bunnerong road, parallel with the beach, to a hill the other side of Bunnerong house; this would dam back an immense amount of water. Still another dam could be made across the Yarra Swamp, keeping all the lagoons and swamps filled between Merabra, Long, and Little Bays. Before business compelled me to live in Sydney, I resided in this part of Botany for five years. Hoping I have not trespassed too much,

I remain,
BOTANY BAY.

AGENT-GENERAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—In your report of the discussion on the estimate for the Agent-General's department, the honorable the Colonial Treasurer advanced amongst other reasons why the increase should be passed, that "the practice of the Agent-General was to call for tenders for everything that was worth while," and gave an example of the benefit of adopting this course that, "where tenders have been called for the supply of cartridges for the Volunteers, they were obtained at a much lower rate than had been previously paid."

I am particularly interested in the quality of the cartridges referred to, and I sincerely trust that in addition to their being cheaper they are better than those previously supplied to our Government *without tenders being invited*.

I can assert most positively that the great bulk of the cartridges imported during the past *three years* for the Henry rifle are the veriest rubbish, and have been the principal cause of the little interest taken in target shooting for several years past by the Volunteers.

A visit to the Paddington Range on any day that "musketry" is being done will fully bear out what I allege.

I trust Mr. Stuart will instruct the Agent-General to have the cartridges properly inspected, and thereby he will do an incalculable benefit to the defence forces of the colony.

A VOLUNTEER.

25th March.

IMPORTATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—I am glad to learn from the letter of Mr. Woodhouse, published in your paper of this morning, that all breeders of pedigree stock are not supporters of the unfair, injurious, and unnecessary piece of protection, embodied in the law which prohibits the importation of stock from England—unfair it is to the English breeder, injurious to the mass of colonial stock-holders, and unnecessary, because it is idle to pretend that with a long voyage and quarantine of our own arranging intervening between us and England, there is the least chance of cattle from there importing disease.

The real practical effect of the law is to place a great impediment in the way of the improvement of colonial cattle, both station and pedigree herds. It is almost impossible for progress to be made in the latter, for I am not aware that any first-class bulls of fashionable blood have ever been brought to New South Wales, though I believe a few valuable animals have gone to Victoria. The information given by Mr. Woodhouse as to the evasion of the law in Victoria, explains the conclusion arrived at the other day by certain officials of that smart colony, viz., that the importation of cattle from England should be prohibited so long as disease of any kind existed there, which, of course, would amount to a perpetual exclusion.

I am, Sir, &c.,
A BREEDER OF BULLS.

Sydney, March 27.

BEGGARS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—During my absence from home my house is completely besieged by beggars, for whom my wife seems to have a strange fancy. But having discovered that what is given goes to swell the receipts of the publicans in the fashionable neighbourhood of kind Clarence and Market streets West, I think the public should be made aware of it.

Yours respectfully,
DUPE.

Clarence-street.

The London *Weekly World* says Professor John Tyndall will shortly marry the daughter of the Right Hon. Lord Claud Hamilton.

MERCANTILE AND MONEY ARTICLE.

SATURDAY EVENING.

THE Customs' duties received to-day were as follows:—

Spirits	£348	3	3
Wine, still	39	3	9
Ale, porter, and beer (in wood)	63	15	8
Tobacco and snuff	57	18	0
Cigars	30	18	9
Tea	68	15	6
Coffee and chicory	16	16	0
Sugar (refined)	7	7	8
Dried fruits	210	11	8
Specific duty	359	12	7
Bonding warehouse duty	223	0	0
Pilotage	18	7	8
Harbour and light dues	21	19	8
Total	£1468	12	6

10,725 oz. of gold were received for coinage, and 120,000 sovereigns issued at the Sydney Mint during the past week.

The half-yearly meeting of the Wheal-Johnson Tin Company was held yesterday, when the report was adopted, and retiring officers re-elected.

The Wentworth brings Melbourne papers to the 30th ultimo. The *Argus* of that date says:—

In the import market business has not been characterised by anything like activity; and, the auction sales being of little account, the paucity and meagreness of transactions appear all the more marked. Breadstuffs present a firmer aspect, and the tone of the market altogether is very much improved. In flour very little was done at auction, but the outside demand is much more animated, and numerous sales have been made in parcels rising to 50 tons in a line, at our quotation of £11 14s. Wheat is also hardening in value, and as buyers cannot help themselves, they are compelled to submit to the advance. Everything offered to-day has been cleared off at an improvement of 1d per bushel at least. Under the hammer, 250 bags were moved off at 5s 5½d chiefly, a small lot realising 5s 6d. Subsequently, about 800 bags were disposed of privately at 5s 5½d and 5s 6d. Oats may be said to have been a shade better. About 400 bags were got rid of publicly at prices ranging from 2s 6d to 2s 10½d for common, while 3s to 3s 1d was obtained for good feeding, and 3s 4d was paid for fine milling and seed. New Zealand barley is offering in the market, and about 500 bags have found buyers at 5s 6d. Maize is going off at 4s 6d; a parcel was submitted to public competition, but the bidding not being over 4s 4½d, it was withdrawn. We observe that a shipment of 800 bags, just arrived by the Wentworth, will be sold to-morrow forenoon. Candles still command favour; no special sales for local use have been reported, but inquiries continue to be experienced for large parcels for export, which are likely to lead to business. Tasmanian hops are really quiet, and we have no transactions to report beyond the merest trade demand for brewers' lots. Malt is in moderate request, and sales of very prime old are making it up to 11s in tanks for ordinary requirements, while good new, which does not come up to old in quality, is moving off at 10s 6d to 10s 9d. In liquids there is not much doing. Hennessy's case brandy is very scarce, and sales are making at 31s. R.W.P. rum, 10 per cent. o.p., is selling at 4s 4½d.

THE BIBLE IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—Some three weeks ago, in response to a public invitation, I attended a meeting held ostensibly to prevent the "expulsion of the Bible from the Public schools of the colony." Being decidedly in favour of retaining and extending the equitous method of religious instruction at present in use, I felt quite justified in responding to the appeal to defend it against foes, imaginary or real, who would eliminate it from the system. I felt sure that the Public School League, with which I have the honour to be identified, would not countenance any attempt to disturb the integrity of the Public school system in this direction, and I was glad to find that the Rev. Dr. Barry took the same view of the matter. I had not been long in the meeting before it was evident that the initiators of the movement were hostile to the League and the existing methods—that in lieu of preventing the expulsion of the Bible, as at present allowed (in the form of Scripture lessons, or in the hands of an accredited teacher of religion) they contemplated the abandonment of the present system and the substitution of another in which the Bible is to become an ordinary lesson-book, and the secular teacher is to be the instructor in Divine truth, whilst the minister of religion is to be excluded from the State school altogether. Further, the school is to be opened and closed with prayer. I should be sorry to assume a position of hostility to a scheme which is, I am sure, dictated by a devout love for the Holy Scriptures. But I will, with your permission, state my reasons for preferring the platform of the League, and (as I have been invited to do so) for declining to join the "Bible Combination."

1. *I believe that for all the purposes of a secular school-room it is far better to have a series of Scripture lessons, selected without prejudice to parties, than to place the Scriptures in their entirety in the hands of young children.*

The reason for this is obvious. The Bible is a book for men and women in every stage of life. There are portions which are only comprehensible to those who have attained the powers of physical maturity.

The warnings and reproofs addressed to such are divinely proper and salutary. They occupy a position in the economy of morals analogous to such semi-scientific medical treatises as deal with the same subject from a physical standpoint—very important for men and women to read, understanding the gravity of the subject, but very likely to provoke the evil they are intended to obviate if read by those too young to apprehend their import.

Then, again, there are portions of Scripture which are absolutely beyond the comprehension of any but experienced Christians, dealing as some do with the highest phases of the Divine life in the soul of man; whilst others touch upon mysteries, the solution of which has tried the profoundest intellects which the world has known. On this very account multitudes of Christian parents make use of some sort of child's Bible, in which the facts of Scripture are broken down to the comprehension of the juvenile mind; and to this we may attribute the extraordinary popularity of "The Peep o' Day" and kindred series of works. If therefore my choice were given me, I should prefer a series of Scripture lessons to the complete Bible. It may be that those at present in use are capable of improvement and extension; but I think that the principle of selection and simplification is a very valuable one in the instruction of the young in the facts of Scripture. If our friends object—that it is dishonouring to the Bible not to make it in its entirety the text-book of teaching in religious matters, let me ask, would they use, without discrimination and selection, the whole Bible in their Bible classes?

It is well to remember that one section of the Church uses a lectionary, compiled, very wisely, as the principle of omitting certain parts of Scripture, while for the "most part" the whole is read through once a year.

2. I *prefer the present Public school system, because the secular teacher is not made the medium of distinctive religious teaching.*

This is as it ought to be, for we have no guarantee of his fitness in the office of religious instructor. He may or may not possess the information and spiritual qualifications necessary. He passes through no examination on the subject, for the State, employing him for other ends, has other interests to serve, and so confines the tests of the teacher's qualifications to secular subjects.

He may be a sceptic, or belong to some singular sect lying on the confines of Christendom, but he can read and hear the children read the Bible lessons.

If he had the Bible in his hand he might so manipulate and contort it as to serve his own misbelieving ends; but with the Scripture lessons this danger, not altogether unknown in schools, is reduced to a minimum.

Every objection which carries weight against handing over religious teaching to the schoolmaster tells with tenfold force against going through the farce of a form of prayer before proceeding to the proper work of the school. The teacher may be notoriously irreligious; is not a prayer on his lips, with a number of trifling boys and girls about him, an insufferable mockery? Godly teachers will pray before they come to school, and their quiet moral influence will be worth far more than the recitation of an empty form.

3. *I prefer the "League" platform because it relegates special religious teaching to the authorised teachers of the several Churches.*

Each Church is allowed an opportunity of meeting its children and imparting special religious teaching. If that opportunity is not embraced who is to blame? Not the State. The Church is the custodian of the religious training of the young, and if she feels that the opportunities of the Sabbath and the home are insufficient, why not (as in Birmingham) bring into existence an agency to meet this want?

The present system is on the principle of "fair play and no favour." "We have devoted," says the State, "so many hours to teaching the children those things about which there is general agreement, now take them and tell them that which you deem to be so important, about which there are such wide differences."

It has been objected that the drafting off of children into different sections engenders the sectarian feeling within the sphere where it ought not to appear. This, I believe, is a mere fiction. On the contrary, I believe that the children would begin to be schooled in the lessons of mutual forbearance and respect which we so constantly need to exercise on the wider arena of the world. One fact is worth a host of mere hypotheses, and I am able to give my own experience as being entirely out of harmony with the alleged difficulty.

I received the major part of my education in Calcutta, in an institution known as "La Martiniere." The only religious condition for entrance to it was that the children should be those of Christian parents. Every shade of Christian belief was represented. There were Roman Catholics, Greek Christians, Episcopalians, Congregationalists, Baptists, Presbyterians, and, I dare say, Methodists, but I never knew a bitterness arise out of religious differences. Our clergy came once a week to instruct us, on precisely the plan of the Public schools, in the peculiar dogmas of our several faiths. So little did differences of opinion divide us, that closest and life-long friendships were cemented between boys of the most conflicting beliefs.

Entertaining as I do these views, I think it a pity that gentlemen in other respects favourable to the unsectarian platform of the League have seen fit to initiate another organization whose objects amount mainly to the introduction of the complete volume of the Bible, and the recitation of a form of prayer at the commencement and close of the school. Much better to unite on the broad and equitable basis of the League to fit the thousands of illiterate children for reading and understanding that precious book which is now to them under the lock and key of ignorance.

I am, yours, &c.,
ALLAN W. WEBB.

March 30.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1442410

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

Department of Public Works, Sydney, 30th March, 1876.

ROAD PORT JACKSON TO PEAT'S FERRY, Lane Cove Road.—BLUE METAL, &c.—TENDERS will be received at this office, until 11 o'clock of TUESDAY, the 11th day of April, from persons willing to contract for the execution of works on the abovementioned road:—

1E—1540 cubic yards blue metal, to be delivered at Milson or Blue's Points.
2E—Post-office, St. Leonards, to St. Thomas's Church.
3E—Sheen Villa to Berry's Elbow.
4E—Near junction Greenwich Road to Gore's Hill.
5E—Gore's Hill to French's Gate.
6E—Police Station westwards about 1 mile.

Specification, and form of tender may be seen at the office of the Commissioner for Roads, Sydney. Tenders to be addressed to the Under Secretary for Public Works, Sydney, and to be marked outside "Tender for Lane Cove Road."

JOHN LACKEY.

Department of Public Works, Sydney, 25th March, 1876.

SALE OF LEASE OF KEMPSEY FERRY.

Attention is directed to the NOTICE appearing in the GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, offering for sale by public auction, at noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th April, at the Courthouse, Kempsey, the Lease of Tolls derivable from the abovementioned ferry for twelve calendar months, commencing from the 1st May next.

JOHN LACKEY.

Department of Public Works, Sydney, 24th March, 1876.

BUNNERONG ROAD.—TENDERS will be received at this Office, until 11 o'clock of TUESDAY, the 4th day of April, from persons willing to contract for the supply of 700 cubic yards of 2 inch blue metal, on the Bunnerong Road, near the Randwick Toll-bar.

Specification and form of tender may be seen at the office of the Commissioner for Roads.

Tenders to be addressed to the Commissioner for Roads, Sydney, and to be marked outside, "Tender for Bunnerong Road."

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.

BATHURST RACES 5th, 6th, 7th April.

EXCURSION TICKETS at a single fare for the double journey will be issued at all stations for Bathurst on the 4th April available for return until 10th proximo.

GROOMS and JOCKEYS accompanying racehorses will be allowed the same privilege from the 31st instant.

NO HORSES or CARRIAGES will be booked for stations beyond Penrith by the 9 a.m. train on the 4th April.

(Signed) JOHN RAE, Commissioner for Railways.

Department of Public Works, Railway Branch, Sydney, 28th March, 1876.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.

GREAT WESTERN LINE—OPENING TO BATHURST.

EXCURSION TICKETS at single fare for the double journey will be issued at all stations by ordinary trains, for Western terminus, on the 3rd and 4th April, available for return journey up to the 10th April inclusive.

JOHN RAE, Commissioner for Railways.

Department of Public Works, Railway Branch, Sydney, 28th March, 1876.

The Treasury, New South Wales, 25th March, 1876.

TENDERS will be received at this Office up to noon of TUESDAY, the 4th April, for building a 4-oared BOAT, for the Marine Board Department.

ALEX. STUART.

NOTICE.—PERSONS not resident in the colony of FIJI, and having any interest in land in the said colony, are hereby informed that it is advisable to instruct some person here to represent such interests before the Commissioners when called for hearing.

(Signed) CHARLES MITCHELL, Commissioner for Lands.

Lands Office, Levuka, Fiji, February 16, 1876.

PUBLIC COMPANIES.

UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA.

Established, 1837.

Paid-up Capital, £1,250,000; Reserve Funds, £400,000.

BRANCHES in RIVERINA, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Branches of this Bank are now open for general Banking Business, at—

WAGGA WAGGA
HAY, and
DENILIQUIN.

JOHN F. M'MULLEN, Inspector and General Manager.

Inspector and General Manager's Office, Melbourne, 29th February, 1876.

THE UNITED INSURANCE COMPANY (Fire and Marine)

HEAD OFFICE: 275, GEORGE-STREET.

CAPITAL £500,000, with the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a COLONIAL PROPRIETARY.

DIRECTORS:
J. B. Rundle, Esq., Chairman.
Richard Hill, Esq., M.P. L. W. Levy, Esq.
Edward Flood, Esq. James Ewan, Esq.
A. Learmonth, Esq.

London Agent.—WILLIAM RAE, Esq., 70, Cornhill, E.C.

Melbourne Agent.—JOHN WATSON, Esq., 60, Collins-street West.

F. T. WATKINS, Manager.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES. IN EQUITY.

In the matter of the Companies' Act and of the Toms Nuggetty Reef Gold Mining Company (Limited).

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition for the winding up of the abovenamed Company by the Supreme Court, in Equity, was on the thirteenth day of February last past presented to his Honor the Primary Judge in Equity by WILLIAM BUCKLEY HAIGH, of Pitt-street, Sydney, Agent, and NICHOLAS CURWOOD, of Ryde, Gentleman, shareholders in the said Company, and that the said petition is directed to be heard before his Honor the Primary Judge in Equity, on TUESDAY, the eleventh day of April next, and any creditor and contributory of the said Company desiring to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Act should appear at the time of hearing, by himself or his counsel for that purpose, and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same, by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

WILLIAM OLIVER, Solicitor for Petitioners, 128, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

IN THE ESTATE of MESSRS. THOMPSON and BLACKETT, Storekeepers, Dubbo.—All Creditors in the above Estate are requested to send in their claims by TUESDAY next, the 4th April, to the Trustees, care of Barnard and Hinton, George-street.

H. E. TIDSWELL, J. V. BARNARD, } Trustees.

Sydney, March 30, 1876.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—The Stationer's SHOP, next to Mr. Dole's, ironmonger, 367, George-street, Sydney, will be REOPENED by CYRUS E. FULLER, of Stationers' Hall, Parramatta, as a branch business, early next week.

The stock will consist of a new and carefully selected assortment of best office and general Stationery and Books.

SCHOOL REQUISITES will be made a leading line, and teachers will be liberally dealt with.

GENERAL PRINTING will also be a branch of the business, and orders will be executed with neatness and dispatch, and at lowest remunerative prices. The office in connection with Stationers' Hall is replete with a good assortment of jobbing and other types, and proficient hands are employed.

The CUMBERLAND MERCURY Sydney office will also be at 367, George-street; and all communications, editorial or other, addressed or left there in writing, will receive due attention.

The motto of the establishment will be—a good article at a low cash price.

A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

CAUTION.—TAKE NOTICE every bottle of LINGARD'S COUGH LINCTUS bears the name of MYERS and SOLOMON on the wrapper and label. NONE OTHER IS GENUINE. Legal proceedings will be instituted against any person FRAUDULENTLY IMITATING the trade mark or offering same for sale.

ASK FOR LINGARD'S CELEBRATED COUGH LINCTUS with the name of MYERS and SOLOMON ON THE BOTTLE. All others are WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

WOOL or OTHER PRODUCE.—ADVANCES made on all colonial produce consigned to our London or Glasgow houses, and sales effected under their personal supervision.

MASON, BROTHERS.

IF EMMA KEMBERLAIR, alias MUNN, does not call for the things she left, they will be sold in seven days to pay expenses.

Mrs. GREEN, Goulburn-street.

SYDNEY INFIRMARY.—Received from the Honorable the Minister for Lands the sum of THIRTY POUNDS, being portion of proceeds of an Entertainment given by Monsieur BLONDIN, in aid of charities of this city.

JOHN R. STREET, Hon. Treasurer.

Sydney, 1st April, 1876.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned, being about to remove shortly to their NEW SALEROOMS, in SPRING and O'CONNELL STREETS, request that all persons owning goods in their stores upon which reserve prices have been placed will please remove them within 14 days, after which CLEARANCE SALES will be held, and all goods remaining on the premises will be disposed of

WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST RESERVE.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Auctioneers.

Sydney, 31st March.

ADVANCES made on Wool, Metals, and other colonial produce, for sale here, in London, or elsewhere. Credits granted for purchase of goods, and indents executed, on the most favourable terms, through our London house, Messrs. John B. Watt and Co., 5, East India Avenue, Leadenhall-street.

GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

Lloyd's Agency.

NOTICE.—I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my WIFE (maiden name, Martha Matilda Geddes).

E. ADDIS, 197, Parramatta-street.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES. IN EQUITY—No. 14.

Before the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates under section 133 of the Companies Act, and section 6 of the Act 38 Victoria, No. 1.

In the matter of the PARRAMATTA RIVER STEAM COMPANY, and in the matter of the Companies' Act, 37 Victoria, No. 19.

PURSUANT to the direction of his Honor the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made in the Court-room, King-street, Sydney, on MONDAY, the tenth (10th) day of April next, at 11 o'clock a.m., or as soon thereafter as the course of business will permit, that a call of £6 per share should be made on all contributories settled upon the list of contributories of the above-named Company.

Dated this thirty-first day of March, A.D. 1876.

FREDERICK THOMAS HUMPHERY, Official Assignee of the Company.

DOWN THE GATEWAY, 486, George-street, opposite the Markets.—F. R. ROBINSON and SON, Ironmongers, Manufacturers, Importers, &c.

F. R. ROBINSON and SON, Licensed Plumbers, Gasfitters. Baths, Tanks, Closets, Pumps.

AMERICAN STOVE WAREHOUSE.

F. R. ROBINSON and SON, 486, George-street, opposite the Markets (down the gateway).

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

FOR SALE—

Portable, Horizontal, and Vertical ENGINES
Multitubular and Cornish flue boilers
Winding, pumping, and crushing machinery
Hope's improved stone-breakers
Sawing machinery, vertical frames
Circular saw benches, spindles and saws
Chaffcutters and horseworks
Whims, and whim mountings
Centrifugal pumps
Railway contractor's plant

DAVID MUNRO and CO., 154, Queen-street, Melbourne.

Purchasers and Valuators of Machinery, and Consulting Engineers.

Liberal terms of payment given if required.

Illustrated catalogues sent on application.

FOR SALE, Martell's and Hennessy's BRANDY, in hogsheads and quarter-casks, 3-bushel Sacks, Coarse and Fine Salt, Soft Soap, Soda Crystals, Pig Iron, Charcoal and Coke Tin, plates, Noble's and Hoare's Varnishes, &c.

HENRY MOORE.

Moore's Wharf, March 25, 1876.

GEELONG STEAM ROPE WORKS.—ROPE of every kind, in any lengths, at lowest rates, wholesale only. Orders promptly executed.

Agent, C. WRIGHT, 48, Hamilton-street.

FOR SALE, cheap, Chinese Golden Crackers, Guns, &c., &c. Sun Kum On, 166, Lower George-street.

IMPURE WATER MADE WHOLESOME.—"Geo. Cheavin's Rapid Water Filter" is the best for this purpose. In reference to Sydney water before and after passing through one of Cheavin's filters, Mr. James Norrie reports as follows:—

EXTRACT FROM ANALYSIS.

"The water shows a brownish colour after filtration this is entirely removed, and the analysis of the filtered portion reveals the fact that half the organic matter is removed—all that it is possible for any filter to do. I consider this filter as good a one as could possibly be used.—October 20, 1875."

On SALE by

F. LASSETTER and CO., 421, George-street, Sydney.

FOR EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PRINTING USE THE PATENT AMERICAN RUBBER STAMP. Sole Agents, S. RITTENBERG and CO., 85, York-street, Wynyard-square.

BLASTING POWDER SUPERSEDED.

LITHOFRACTEUR, sometimes called KREB'S CARTRIDGE or REND-ROCK, is now admitted by practical engineers to be the best Blasting Material for Mines, Quarries, Collieries, or submarine blasting.

It saves labour, time, and money, as fewer and smaller boreholes are required, and it can be used as freely under water as in dry ground.

Colliery Proprietors, Miners, and Contractors will effect a great saving by using LITHOFRACTEUR, which can be obtained through all ironmongers and wholesale houses.

Less trouble than common powder, and ten times more effective.

Ask for KREB'S PATENT.

KREB'S Lithofracteur, Caps, and Fuze, by the lb. or case, at reduced rates. J. MACINTOSH.

200 TONS each of Bolts and Nuts, and Wire Nails assorted; all sizes. J. MACINTOSH.

DATES, ex Nyssa; Figs, ex Min-y-Don, from London. W. H. ARIELL, Sussex-street.

OLD IRISH WHISKY, various brands; Madeira, Marsala, Brown Sherry, Guinness's Dublin Stout &c. Direct importations. BLAKE and CO., 163, Pitt-street (late Mort's-passage).

ESTABLISHED 1751.

PLATE.

GOLDSMITH'S ALLIANCE, Limited (late A. B. Savory and Sons), MANUFACTURING SILVERSMITHS, 11 and 12, CORNHILL, LONDON, ENGLAND.

EXPORTATION PRICE LIST.

SILVER SPOONS and FORKS, Fiddle Pattern, 6s 2d per oz. Ditto ditto, Queen's ditto, 6s 6d per oz.

The following are the weights recommended:—

FIDDLE PATTERN.

12 Table Spoons	30 oz.	at 6s 2d	..	£9 5 0
12 Dessert ditto	20 „	at 6s 2d	..	6 3 0
12 Table Forks	30 „	at 6s 2d	..	9 5 0
12 Dessert ditto	20 „	at 6s 2d	..	6 3 4
2 Gravy Spoons	10 „	at 6s 2d	..	3 1 0
1 Soup Ladle	9 „	at 6s 2d	..	2 15 4
4 Sauce ditto	10 „	at 6s 8d	..	3 6 8
4 Salt Spoons	„	at ..	..	1 2 6
12 Tea ditto	10 „	at 6s 8d	..	3 6 8
1 Pair Sugar Tongs	„	at ..	..	0 15 0
				£45 4 2

QUEEN'S PATTERN.

12 Table Spoons	40 oz.	at 6s 6d	..	£13 0 0
12 Dessert ditto	25 „	at 6s 6d	..	8 2 0
12 Table Forks	40 „	at 6s 6d	..	13 0 6
12 Dessert ditto	25 „	at 6s 6d	..	8 2 0
2 Gravy Spoons	12 „	at 6s 6d	..	3 18 6
1 Soup Ladle	10 „	at 6s 6d	..	3 5 0
4 Sauce ditto	12 „	at 7s 0d	..	4 4 0
4 Salt Spoons	..	..	..	3 4 0
12 Tea ditto	14 „	at 7s 0d	..	4 18 0
1 Pair Sugar Tongs	..	..	..	1 5 0
				£61 19 0

Freight, Insurance, and Shipping Expenses are charged. Orders should be accompanied by a remittance.

A pamphlet, illustrated with 300 engravings, and containing the prices of Silver Plate, Platedware, Watches, Clocks, and Jewellery will be forwarded gratis and post free on application.

Orders addressed to the Goldsmiths' Alliance (Limited), 11 and 12, Cornhill, London, can be forwarded through their agents—

Messrs. Scott, Henderson, and Co., Sydney.
„ Francis and M'Pherson, Melbourne.
„ Joseph Stilling and Co., Adelaide.
„ Justin, Browne, and Co., Hobart Town.

From whom pamphlets of prices and other information can be obtained.

ALBURY WINES FOR SALE by STEWART, GARRICK, and CO., Agents of James T. Fallon, 25, Macquarie-place.

BISQUIT and CO.'S BRANDY, in dark and pale hogsheads, quarter-casks, octaves, and cases. STEWART, GARRICK, and CO., Agents.

STAFFORDSHIRE WAREHOUSE, 511, George-street South.—On SALE, very cheap, Dinner Sets, China Breakfast and Tea Sets, Chamber Sets. A great variety of Glassware, consisting of cut decanters, goblets, wineglasses, salts, butters, sugars, vases, flower stands, &c.

Mrs. LANE.

CURCIER and ADET have on SALE:—Fencing Wire, Nos. 6 and 7; Bicarbonate Soda, Split Peas; White Beans and Green Peas, in casks; Preserved Peas and Beans, 1 lb. tins; Mushrooms, Truffles, Patés-de-Foie-Gras.

VERY Superior OLD PORT WINE, 6s per bottle. C. J. ROBERTS, Market-street.

COUGHS AND COLDS.—PURE RUM, 6s per imperial quart. C. J. ROBERTS, Market-street.

FURNITURE, ETC.

SINGER'S SEWING-MACHINE AGENCY.—NEW FAMILY SEWING-MACHINE. GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Arrangements made for payments by instalments, on the easiest terms and longest period, at 2s 6d per week.

G. J. WELLS (late Stanford and Co.), No. 1, Hunter-street, No. 1.

The only AUTHORIZED AGENCY for the SINGER'S MANUFACTURING CO.'S Genuine MACHINES.

The Singer's Manufacturing Company never did make POOR GOODS to sell at low prices, as all the various styles are equally well finished, and of the best material and workmanship. Which are to be obtained at 10s deposit, and 2s 6d per week. Reduced cash price, £8 10s.

G. J. WELLS (late Stanford and Co.), sole agent for the Singer's Sewing-machine, 1, Hunter-street, Sydney.

GREATER REDUCTIONS in SEWING-MACHINES.

Sewing-machines.
AMERICAN SINGER'S, £7.
American Singer's, £7.
American Singer's, £7.

AMERICAN SINGER, SUPERIOR to anything in the market, REDUCED to £7, with a full list of fittings, including SELFE-SEWER, TUCKMAKER, and FRILLER, for £7.

SINGER'S No. 2. FOR TAILORING, REDUCED FROM £12 to £10.

SINGER'S No. 2, £10.
Singer's No. 2, £10.
HOWE'S A MACHINE, £9.
Howe's A Machine, £9.
Howe's A Machine, £9.
WHEELER and WILSON'S, from £7.
Wheeler and Wilson's, from £8.
Wheeler and Wilson's, from £9.
HOWE'S C, FOR LEATHER WORKING, £12.
Howe's C, for Leather Working, £12.
Howe's C, for Leather Working, £12.

N.B.—Needles, Oil, Cotton, and Fitting, for all classes of Sewing-machines.

BEWARE OF IMPOSITION,
Beware of Counterfeits.
Beware of Imitations.
HOME SHUTTLE, Genuine, £4 10s
LITTLE WANZER, Genuine, £4 10s
Home Shuttle, Genuine, £4 10s
Little Wanzer, Genuine, £4 10s.

PURCHASE on TIME PAYMENTS, 2s 6d Weekly
Purchase on Time Payments, 2s 6d Weekly
Purchase on Time Payments, 2s 6d Weekly,
at TURNER and WOOD'S, at TURNER and WOOD'S
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349, George-street, 349, George-street
349, George-street, 349, George-street,
One Door from Barrack-street
One Door from Barrack-street.

WILLCOX and GIBBS' SEWING-MACHINES complete, with extras, £7 10s.

The safest test to purchasers is that they can have ONE MONTH'S TRIAL BEFORE PURCHASE, if required.

THEY WILL DO EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK.

References can be given to 10,000 purchasers.

EVERY MACHINE GUARANTEED FOR TWELVE MONTHS.

SAMUEL HEBBLEWHITE, 432 George-street, near Royal Hotel.

SEWING-MACHINES.

THE LITTLE WANZER, £4 10s.
PRIZE MACHINE OF THE WORLD.

Adopted by the Education Commissioners for use in the BRITISH NATIONAL SCHOOLS.

SPURIOUS MACHINES are being offered in the market as genuine, and the public are cautioned to see that our name is stamped on the face-plate of a machine before purchasing.

THE NEW WANZER "A" MACHINE, worked by hand or foot, possessing the strength of an ordinary Treadle Machine, combined with the advantages of working by hand when necessary. Hand Machine, £5; with stand, from £7 7s.

THE NEW WANZER "F" MACHINE, for Families and Dressmakers. Work is made to pass from or towards the operator, without turning. This machine is noiseless, and one-half the wear in ordinary machines is saved. Price, £9 9s. The F has taken First Prize over the Singer, Howe, Wheeler and Wilson, &c.

The WANZER D, for TAILORS, £11. This machine has defeated Singer's and Wheeler and Wilson's manufacturing machines.

The WANZER E, for LEATHERWORK, £11 11s.

"The Champion of England," an excellent and very simple Lockstitch Hand Machine, £4; with stand, £5.

The Britannia Singer, with loose winder, saving half wear, £7 15s.

The Britannia Wheeler and Wilson, with patent stitch and presser regulators, from £6 15s.

GIBBS, SHALLARD, and CO., Letterpress and Lithographic Printers, Account-book Makers, 108, Pitt-street.

THE ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE pleases and surprises everybody. A delightful promenade of 200 feet, with attractive articles of useful and ornamental furniture, arranged on both sides, all marked at lowest cash price in plain figures, and at such figures that must induce purchasers.

Many rumours are about as to the high rent of these splendid premises, and that our prices must in consequence be high. It is therefore extremely gratifying to be enabled to state that the rent is so reduced by sub-letting, as to make it no higher than one of the ordinary shops. The proprietor believes in low net cash prices and quick returns—a rapidly revolving stock is always fresh and attractive to buyers. Price lists of bargains will be advertised from time to time.

FOR INSTANCE,

Elegant bedroom suite, inlaid tulip wood, consisting of wardrobe, chest drawers, marble-top washstand, dressing table, dressing glass, pedestal cupboard, towel horse, and three chairs; particularly suited to this climate, £35

Drawing-room suites, £15 10s, £17 10s

Walnut drawing-room chiffoniers with marble top, plate-glass back and three plate-glass doors, £7 10s each

Oval walnut tables, various sizes, £5 10s each

Marble-top washstands, with toilet set complete, £3

Elegant tubular bedstead with palliasses, horsehair mattress, horsehair bolster, and two feather pillows, only £10 5s 6d

Good solid 4-post double iron bedstead with palliasses, mattress, bolster, and two feather pillows, £4 14s

Chests of drawers, £2 5s, £3 10s, £4 10s, £5 10s, £6 10s, £7 10s, £8 10s, £9 10s

Nice handy wardrobe, £8 10s, £10 10s

Wardrobe, plate-glass door, £11 10s, £13 10s, £23 10s

Cedar dining table, £1, nice chair 6s 6d each.

This house of business is established for the purpose of enabling persons to furnish their houses with nice medium, substantial articles, upon the most economic scale of charges, for net cash; thus they who can afford to pay will find advantage.

Electro silver-plated tea and coffee services, viz., teapot, coffee pot, sugar basin and cream jug, 25s the set

Suites of cut glassware—4 decanters, claret jug, 12 tumblers, and 12 wines, 34s the lot

Hall hat and umbrella stands, with plate-glass back, glove and brush box, £2 2s

Very fine leather dining-room suite—couch, 2 easy chairs, carving chair, and 6 chairs, £30

Ladies' walnut inlaid work-tables, 25s each

Pair of nice walnut card tables, £8

Mahogany telescope dining table, with patent screw, £5

Walnut corner whatnots, 21s

Walnut canterbury whatnots, £2

Handsome girandole glass, £5 5s

Richly gilt pier glasses, £2 2s, £2 17s 6d, £4 17s 6d, £5, £5 15s, £6 17s 6d, £7 15s

Horsehair couches, £3 12s 6d, £4 4s, £4 15s, with chairs and easy chairs to match, equally cheap

Richly engraved water jugs, 6s 6d each

Very handsome lustres and suites of ornaments

Engraved custard cups in silver electroplated frames

Cut and engraved decanters, claret jugs, liqueur glasses, wine glasses, champagnes, and tumblers

Four cases of new, elegant, and cheap mantelpiece ornaments and vases just opened

3, 4, 5, 6, 7-hole electroplated cruet-frames

Elegant painted china card receivers, on ebonised stands

Elegant painted china flower pots, on ebonised stands, only 21s each. One of the greatest bargains of the day

A very nice pianoforte by Bord, £40

Handsome walnut pianoforte, £20

Folding chairs, for ship use or gardens, 10s 6d and 14s 6d

Folding iron picnic tables, 15s 6d.

Inspection is invited to the above and other bargains, on SALE for net cash, at the Royal Furnishing Arcade.

W. B. CAMPBELL, next to the Royal Hotel.

N.B.—Satzuma still on view; his armour and weapons are curious.

WANTED to SELL two second-hand Cottage PIANOFORTES, good sound instruments; prices £12 10s and £15; bargains.

Hardy, Brothers, Hyde Park Furniture Bazaar.

WANTED to SELL to the trade and parties furnishing, 30 cases Gilt CHIMNEY GLASSES, good large sizes, £1 17s 6d and £2 5s.

Hardy, Brothers.

WANTED to SELL a large assortment of Bedroom TOILET GLASSES, marble slab and others, lowest price.

Hardy, Brothers.

WANTED to SELL OILCLOTH, splendid patterns, at 3s 6d per square yard. Hardy, Brothers.

WANTED to SELL a first-class Walnutwood Cottage PIANOFORTE, second-hand, by Collard and Collard, nearly new, a bargain.

Hardy, Brothers.

WANTED to SELL Oak HARMONIUM, by Alexandre, 5 octaves, price £8 10s.

Hardy, Brothers.

GROVER AND BAKER'S celebrated Premium SEWING-MACHINES have special claims to public attention as a very superior and valuable assistant in household industry. That this Machine has made thousands of friends, who attest its superiority over everything else, cannot be doubted.

1. It makes the only seam formed by a Sewing-Machine in which each stitch is independently locked.
2. The GROVER and BAKER stitch is the only one formed from two ordinary reels, and without winding from the reel into a shuttle.

THE LOCK OR SHUTTLE STITCH MACHINES, manufactured by Grover and Baker, making the seam alike on both sides of the fabric, need little comment.

GORDON and GOTCH, Agents, 353, George-street Sydney.

THE SEWING-MACHINE OF THE DAY.

THE HOME SHUTTLE SEWING-MACHINE LOCKSTITCH. REGISTERED.

The LARGEST SALE of any in Australia.

GUARANTEED FOR FIVE YEARS

6000 PURCHASERS declare it is the SIMPLEST MOST CERTAIN, RELIABLE, and DURABLE machine procurable, and with recent improvements it is A TRIUMPH OF MECHANICAL GENIUS.

No. 1. Hand-Machine, complete	£4 10 0
No. 2. Treadle-Machine, complete, with elegant table, drawer, and dress-guard ..	6 10 0
No. 3. Same as above, with cover, lock and key	7 15 0

These machines and tables are guaranteed all of American manufacture, and equal to any high-priced ones, or the cost will be refunded.

Illustrations, specimens, and tuition free of charge.

SPECIAL CAUTION.

HOME SHUTTLE SEWING-MACHINES.—All genuine machines are stamped "M. Moss and Co., Sole Agents, Sydney, N.S.W.," and are obtainable wholesale and retail only at their Stores in Wynyard-lane, and are not sold elsewhere in Sydney.

Look for the Stamp! "M. Moss and Co."

JOHNSON, CLARK, and CO., Manufacturers, Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

SOLE AGENTS for the HOME SHUTTLE MACHINE.

M. MOSS and CO., Wynyard-lane.

IRON BEDSTEADS, Iron Bedsteads.—A splendid assortment, just landed, for Sale. J. Lawler, George-st.

CHILDREN'S COTS.—Children's Cots, single and double, at very low prices. J. Lawler, 517, George-st.

FOR SALE, PULU, horsehair, fibre, flax, and every description of stuffing materials. Lawler, George-st.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

TO AMATEUR ORGANISTS and CHURCH CHOIR COMMITTEES.

We are instructed to sell a most beautifully-toned ORGAN, by WALKER and SONS.

This reliable instrument has 4 stops, 1½ octaves of German PEDALS, and a full Venetian swell. The names of the makers are a guarantee for the best material and highest class of workmanship. Owing to the peculiar circumstances under which it was imported this organ is offered at a lower price than we would ask for a similar instrument if imported to order.

ELVY and CO.

PIANOFORTES.

ELVY and CO.'S SEMI-GRAND PIANOS.
Elvy and Co.'s Semi-Grand Pianos
Elvy and Co.'s Semi-Grand Pianos
COLLARD'S ERARD'S, LIPP'S, BORD'S.

These magnificent instruments are in the most beautiful Walnut woods. They each have their own speciality in quality of tone, and are generally equal to any we have ever imported.

PIANOFORTE GALLERY, 321, GEORGE-STREET.
Pianoforte Gallery, 321, George-street
Pianoforte Gallery, 321, George-street.

ELVY and CO.'S COTTAGE PIANOS
Elvy and Co.'s Cottage Pianos
Elvy and Co.'s Cottage Pianos

Our truly superb stock of the above are by celebrated and reliable London and Paris makers. They are of beautiful tone, and in elegant cases.

ORGAN SHOWROOMS, 321, GEORGE-STREET
Organ Showrooms, 321, George-street
Organ Showrooms, 321, George-street.

ELVY AND CO.'S STOCK OF MUSIC
Elvy and Co.'s Stock of Music
Elvy and Co.'s Stock of Music.

Our very large stock of Music embraces every description in demand. It is constantly receiving large additions, and it is our endeavour to include the newest popular novelties.

MUSIC WAREHOUSE, 321, GEORGE-STREET
Music Warehouse, 321, George-street
Music Warehouse, 321, George-street.

ELVY and CO.'S INSTALMENT SYSTEM
ELVY and CO.'S INSTALMENT SYSTEM
ELVY and CO.'S INSTALMENT SYSTEM.

44, HUNTER-STREET.—READ and CO. have excellent Chappell Cottage Piano trichord, £21, cost £30; sweet toned Ottoman Cottage, £30, cost £50; Alexandre Walnut 5 octave Harmonium, £12; 3-stop ditto, percussion action, £18 10s; 10-stop Anglo-American Organ, equal to large pipe organ, 55 guineas—finest toned instrument in the colony; splendid Violin, £5; 8-key Silver Flute.

DRAPERY, HABERDASHERY, ETC.

MACHINE for SALE, Singer's No. 2. 23, Wood's-lane, Woolloomooloo.

LEADING WINTER SPECIALITIES. NEW AND SEASONABLE GOODS.

PEAPES and SHAW are now showing the undermentioned new Goods for the approaching season.

WINTER GLOVES

Dent's pique coloured, town-made, real Kid Gloves
Ditto Cape Gloves, lined fleecy
Ditto Buck Gloves, lined lambskin
Ditto Cloth Gloves, 1s 6d to 3s 6d per pair

LADIES' FIRST CHOICE FRENCH KID GLOVES, 3s 9d per pair

Ditto ditto tamboured backs, 4s per pair

GENTLEMEN'S FIRST CHOICE FRENCH KID GLOVES, 4s 6d per pair

WINTER HOSIERY, UNDERSHIRTS, and PANTS.

A large assortment of these goods, from the most reliable English manufacturers, in Scotch lambswool, Shetland lambswool, Cashmere Cheviot wool, Segovia, patent fleecy, fine and heavy merino and angola.

GENTLEMEN'S BRACES AND BELTS.

Real Buckskin Braces, Brown Leather ditto
Guyott, French, and Cantab Braces
Scarlet and Drab Berlin ditto; Elastic Braces, with saddlers' ends, &c.
Men's Elastic Belts, with snake, cricketing, and boating fastenings, enamelled leather, &c.

NEW SCARFS, TIES, and BOWS,

ALL THE NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON, as follows:—

Optimus	Improved Dane	Tennyson	The Polo
Stanley	Neapolitan	Premier	The Windsor
Excelsior	Baden Baden	Pioneer	Harrowgate
Corinthian	Four-in-Hand	Sublime	Edinborough
Nautical	Suez Cravat	Baltimore	Eglington.

GENTLEMEN'S SHIRTS.

A very large assortment of Gentlemen's Shirts, in every conceivable style

OUR GENTLEMEN'S VERY SUPERIOR WHITE SHIRTS, FORTY SHILLINGS THE HALF-DOZEN, are the best value in the city

New Fancy Oxford Shirts, Crimean Shirts
Gentlemen's Nightshirts, &c.

PYJAMAS AND JACKETS TO MATCH.

LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS, AND PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS—All the newest shapes and styles for the season.

WOOLLEN MUFFLERS
GENTLEMEN'S DRESSING GOWNS
SCOTCH MAUDS
TRAVELLING RUGS

A large assortment of these goods in exclusive patterns and designs.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S UMBRELLAS.

These goods are much cheaper than at any previous season. Try our Guinea Double-colour Umbrella, they are splendid value.

GENTLEMEN'S WINTER OVERCOATS.

Light Tweeds and Meltons, from 18s 6d to 35s

Heavy Winter Lambswool and Beaver Overcoats, from 30s to 50s

THE NEW FRIEZE ULSTER WRAPPER OVERCOAT

GENTLEMEN'S REAL SEALSKIN VESTS, THIRTY SHILLINGS EACH

PORTMANTEAUS IN SOLID LEATHER AND BASIL

OVERLAND TRUNKS
GLADSTONE BAGS
BRIEF BAGS
RUG STRAPS
LUGGAGE LABELS, &c.

WOOLLEN AND TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

P. and S. specially solicit gentlemen to inspect their stock of woollens this season. The department being now fully assorted with all the MOST FASHIONABLE GOODS for the approaching winter, our friends will do well to place their orders early.

The ability of our cutters is now so well known that it is hardly necessary to say that the cut, fit, and workmanship will be first-class.

PEAPES and SHAW, Hosiers, Glovers, Shirtmakers, Tailors, and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 338 and 340, George-street.

NEW DRESS FABRICS.

FOR AUTUMN AND WINTER, 1876.

FRENCH WOOL POPLAINES
FRENCH MERINOS
FRENCH WOOL REPS
FRENCH SILK EPINGLES
FINE WOOL HOMESPUNS
THE NEW HOMESPUNS
NEW HOMESPUN CHECKS.

DAVID JONES and COMPANY.

NEW DRESS FABRICS.

FOR AUTUMN AND WINTER, 1876.

Homespun Check Serges
New Quadrille Cloth
Invisible Checks
Matelassé Checks
Satin Cloths
All-wool Homespuns
Homespun Robes.

DAVID JONES and COMPANY.

NEW DRESS FABRICS.

FOR AUTUMN AND WINTER, 1876.

Embroidered H. S. Robes
New Costume
Matelassé Costume
Moyenage Damask
Broderie Laine
Minerva Cloth
Costume Cloths.

DAVID JONES and COMPANY.

BLACK SILKS.

FRENCH SILKS.

We beg to intimate that we are now showing a Special Parcel of BLACK LYONS SILKS, selected by our French Representative on very favourable terms of purchase.

These silks are from the celebrated looms of Messrs. JURIE ET CIE and Messrs. PONSON ET CIE, and are of unexceptionable VALUE.

No. 1—24 inches wide, 6s 6d per yard, worth 8s 6d
No. 2—24 inches wide, 8s 6d per yard, worth 10s 9d.

We politely solicit an INSPECTION and court a COMPARISON.

DAVID JONES and COMPANY.

M. J. MURPHY, 249, 251, Pitt-street.

Costumes
Mantles
Millinery
Fancy Silks
Black Silks
Dress Materials
Cashmeres
Blankets and Flannels
Sheetings
Prints
Parasols—new colours
Hosiery and Gloves
Ladies' Underclothing
Baby Linen.

An inspection solicited.

M. J. MURPHY, 249, 251, Pitt-street.

WE are SELLING a beautiful Kid Glove at 2s 6d per pair. J. W. and F. Withers, 482, George-st.

WE are SELLING the best quality in light colours at 2s 11d per pair. Withers, opposite the Markets.

JOHNSTON, NETTLETON, AND KINGSBURY, 92 and 94, KING STREET, LATE PERRY BROTHERS. GREAT EXHIBITION OF 1876.

To meet the requirements of intending visitors to the city we have made some

EXTRAORDINARY PURCHASES OF SILKS, DRESS MATERIALS, COSTUMES, and every article of General Drapery, which we are selling at unheard of prices.

The immense piles of goods now on hand and to arrive offer inducements seldom met with, and compel us to clear them to make room for other goods coming forward. We invite comparison with any city house.

BLACK GLACES very bright and soft,
3500 yards, at { 1s 9½d, worth 2s 9d; 2s 6d, worth 3s 6d; 2s 11d, worth 3s 11d.

BLACK GROS GRAINS, warranted to wear, 2 cases at the following prices, being less than English cost, 4s 6d, 4s 9d, 5s 6d.

BEAUTIFUL COLOURED SILKS, checks and plain, to match, 3s 6½d and 3s 9½d.

LOVELY STRIPED SILKS, 2s 11½d, worth 3s 11d.

COSTUMES, ready for wear, in all the new textures, suitable for any occasion, from 19s 6d to 3 guineas.

BEAUTIFUL READY-MADE SILKS, elaborately trimmed, our own make, for 6 guineas.

PARACHUTES, at MANUFACTURER'S PRICES, 3s 11d, 4s 11d, 5s 11d, 7s 6d, 8s 6d, all large sizes, and thoroughly good silk.

UNDERCLOTHING, hand made, and nothing but the BEST LONGCLOTHS USED, beautifully trimmed, and at very low prices.

SUPERB MILLINERY—an immense stock of NEW FELT HATS for the WINTER, in all the most admired shapes; also a great many elegantly trimmed, at very

MODERATE PRICES.

RESIDENTS IN THE COUNTRY wishing for a FASHIONABLE DRESS can on application receive INSTRUCTIONS for SELF-MEASUREMENT.

This department of industry is under the superintendence of Mrs. Fitzmaurice (late of D. Jones and Co.'s).

There are NO EXTRAS and no EXORBITANT CHARGES.

Everything made in thoroughly good taste.

Patterns post free to any of the colonies.

92 and 94, KING-STREET.

JOHNSTON, NETTLETON, and KINGSBURY.

MEDICAL, CHEMICALS, ETC.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1810.

BARRY'S CELEBRATED TOILET PREPARATIONS.

These excellent articles are admitted to be the standard preparations for all purposes connected with the toilet.

BARRY'S TRICOPHEROUS imparts vigour, gloss, luxuriance, and curl to the hair, and removes scurf and dandruff; for cleansing and restoring the hair, and for all ailments of the head, it is a sovereign remedy.

BARRY'S SAFE HAIR DYE.

With this dye any shade can be produced, from light brown to jet black; grey hair can be restored to its original colour, and light or red hair changed to any darker shade that may be desired.

BARRY'S PEARL CREAM,

the most exquisite and delicious preparation for beautifying the complexion and preserving the skin. A single application removes wrinkles, freckles, sunburn, and tan, and turns the sallowest and darkest skin as pure as alabaster.

BARRY'S MARFILINA,

for beautifying and preserving the teeth, perfuming the breath, and hardening the gums. It is the best article for removing tartar, canker, scurvy, and all other diseases or substances injurious to the teeth.

LINGARD'S COUGH LINCTUS is a safe and speedy cure for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, and all DISORDERS of the CHEST and LUNGS. 80,000 bottles are sold every week in the United Kingdom.

MYERS and SOLOMON, 542 and 544, George-street.

PAIN - DESTROYER. POND'S EXTRACT OF HAMAMELIS is a good safe medicine to have always at hand in a family in case of accident or sudden illness. It is a most excellent and valuable family remedy, and is a reliable cure for most diseases of the stomach and bowels, and is highly recommended for colic, diarrhœa, piles and all hæmorrhages, sprains, lameness, burns, scalds, old sores, wounds, &c.; also neuralgia, headache, sore throat, catarrh, hoarseness, asthma, &c., which ailments yield to its magic influence.

Price 1s 6d. Complete directions accompany each bottle.

Sold by all chemists and medicine vendors everywhere.

S. HOFFNUNG and CO., Sydney.

Sole Agents in Australia for the Pond's Extract Company of New York and London.

CHURCHILL'S SYRUPS of LIME, IRON, and SODA.—Recommended by the faculty for consumption and all diseases of debility. Free from any unpleasant taste or smell.

ELLIOTT, BROTHERS, Wholesale Agents, Pitt-street.

HENRY'S COLONIAL OINTMENT, in lid pots, 1s each, at all chemists and storekeepers.

HOCKIN'S IMPROVED PATENT SEIDLITZ POWDER, for immediately producing Seidlitz Water without the slightest trouble.

It differs from the Seidlitz Powders usually sold in having all the ingredients in one bottle, is quite TASTELESS, and may be taken by PERSONS OF ALL AGES as a COOLING BEVERAGE, MILD APERIENT, or BRISK PURGATIVE, according to dose. Its extensive use during nearly half a century proves its superiority over all other Purgative Salines, and the fact that the Powder retains its properties for any number of years if the bottle is kept corked, renders it an indispensable necessity to every family, traveller, or emigrant.

Manufactured by HOCKIN, WILSON, and CO., 38, Duke-street, Manchester-square, London.

Agents for Sydney—Messrs. ELLIOTT BROTHERS.

DRUGS, &c.—Just received ex British Duke, twenty packages of pure Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations, from London, for our dispensing and retail business. J. HENRY and CO., 754, George street.

SCOTTISH HIGHLAND OIL.—The family bottles are now ready; they hold nearly three times as much as the 2s 6d bottles and the price is only 5s. This is to enable the working classes to get a large quantity at a cheap rate.

Be sure and ask for the "Family Bottle of Scottish Oil."

Sold by storekeepers, grocers, and chemists.

THE Celebrated MEDICAL WONDER. A. J. WATT and CO., 533 and 534, George-street.

J. S. A. RAHAM'S DANDELION PILLS (registered), the great Liver Remedy. They clear the liver, stomach, head and kidneys, free the skin from humours, and purify the blood. 446, George-street.

HAWKES and COMPANY, Successors to Buchan Thomson, established over 25 years, Coach Proprietors, Livery and Let-out Stables, Auctioneers for Sale of Live Stock, &c.

The Stables, Bligh and 64, Hunter-street.

BUGGIES! BUGGIES! WAGGONS! CARTS, &c.

The largest, cheapest, and best assortment in the colony. Buggies, £26; Waggons, £26; Spring-carts, £13, at ROBERTSON'S STEAM COACH and BUGGY MANUFACTORY, Pitt-street, near Haymarket.

N.B.—Country visitors are invited to inspect the work.

AUCTION SALES

Horses, heavy and light.
Vehicles, Harness, and Saddlery.

GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, all lots not specially advertised; and at 12 o'clock, all lots specially advertised.

Regular sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown any afternoon.

Horses and Vehicles on hire.

Brown Filly, by Piccolo.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY at 12 o'clock,

A brown filly, by Piccolo (imported) out of Tamborine (imported), winner of the ten-mile race at Wagga Wagga.

Bay Gelding, by Lord of Linne.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, the 3rd of April, at 12 o'clock,

WEST LINNA, bay gelding, by Lord of Linne, broken to saddle.

70 Colts and Fillies.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Mr. Patrick Sullivan to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, 3rd April at 2 o'clock,

70 head of colts and fillies, suitable for saddle and harness purposes. There are some nice buggy horses amongst the lot.

Horse Box.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,

A horse box, without reserve.

First-class Hack.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from W. K. Peberdy, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,

A chestnut gelding, broken to saddle, a perfect ladies' horse.

Pair of Horses
Double-seated Buggy and Harness.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,

A pair of horses, good in harness
A double-seated buggy and harness.

VARROVILLE SALE.

IMPORTANT SALE OF BLOOD AND DRAUGHT STOCK, Fat Cattle, Milking Cows, Farming Implements, Hay, Straw, &c.

T. S. CLIBBORN and CO. have been instructed by the executors in the estate of the late Mr. Justice Cheeke to sell by auction, at Varroville, near Campbelltown, on TUESDAY, 11th April, at 10 a.m.,

The WHOLE OF THE STOCK now depasturing on the Varroville Estate, consisting of

1 to 4 year old colts and fillies, by Yattendon, Millionaire, Kingston, and Sir Patrick, out of high class mares
A lot of useful draught, hack, and harness horses
60 head cattle, all in first-class order, some fat
A number of carts, ploughs and harrows, roller, 2 spring-carts, waggonette, cart and buggy harness, saddles, bridles, &c., &c.
Household furniture
Hay, straw, &c.

Catalogues are in course of preparation.

A special train will leave Redfern Station at 8.15 a.m. for Campbellfield (where conveyances will be in attendance), returning to Sydney after the sale. Train will stop at the Parramatta Junction each way.

LUNCHEON PROVIDED.

Tickets may be obtained at the office of the auctioneers, 246, Pitt-street.

12 Head Horses, from the Tumut.

THOMAS DAWSON has received instructions from Mr. John Howe to sell by auction, at Wooller's Bazaar, on WEDNESDAY next, 5th April, at 11 o'clock,

10 thoroughly broken and 2 unbroken horses. The ten are noted as "Jack Howe's team," which is a guarantee that they have drawn the heaviest weight that has been brought to Tumut and Adelong.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from Messrs Woods and Wilds to sell by auction, THIS DAY, the 3rd April, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,

218 prime fat cattle, in lots, from their noted Wammerawa station.

N.B.—In this draft of cattle there are a lot of magnificent shorthorn cows, showing great quality, and well worthy the attention of buyers of well-bred stock.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from L. Emanuel, Esq., to sell by auction, THIS DAY, Monday, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,

22 prime fat bullocks, in lots.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from George D. Lane, Esq., to sell by auction, THIS DAY, the 3rd instant, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,

1400 prime fat wethers, in lots, per train, and represented by our agent as 65-lbs. and prime.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed by A. S. Chisholm, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, 3rd April, at 11 o'clock,

100 head really prime paddock-fed cattle.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed by W. Kite, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, 3rd April, at 11 o'clock,

500 prime fat wethers.

Fat Cattle.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK have received instructions from Hugh M'Donald, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,

100 prime fat bullocks, from his famous lucerne paddocks.

SULLIVAN and SIMPSON have received instructions from John Brown, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Homebush Yards, THIS DAY, the 3rd of April, at 11 o'clock,

200 head of really prime and weighty fat bullocks, in lots, from his Canonbar Stations.

SULLIVAN and SIMPSON have received instructions from John Brown, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Homebush Yards, THIS DAY, the 3rd of April, at 11 o'clock,

3000 really prime and weighty fat wethers, in lots, from his Canonbar Stations.

WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,

30 very prime paddock-fed fat bullocks, from Messrs. C and H. Dunn, Picton,

40 ditto ditto ditto, from E. L. Moore, Esq., Oran Park.

Butchers. Butchers.

WILLIAM INGLIS has received instructions from Messrs Cooper, Brothers to sell by auction, at his Sale Yards, 793, George-street, TOMORROW (Tuesday), at 2 o'clock,

500 very prime fat wethers, estimated to weigh from 60 to 60 lbs. each, in lots to suit purchasers.

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AUCTION SALES.

ADELAIDE CHAFF.

W. TINDALE will sell by auction, at the Grafton Wharf, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
600 sacks Adelaide oaten chaff.

PRIME ADELAIDE HAY AND CHAFF.

WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction, on the Circular Quay, ex Smiling Morn, TUESDAY next, at 3 p.m.,
88 bales oaten hay, 160 bags splendid chaff, ex above vessel.
Now landing, in lots to suit purchasers.

Unredeemed Pledges

DUNN and LISTER will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 204, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, the unredeemed pledges pawned with Mr. Baker, of Oxford-street. Clothing at 11 o'clock; jewellery at 4 o'clock.

Clearing-out Sale.

THIS DAY, 3rd April, at 11 o'clock sharp.

Stock-in-trade of—
CROCKERY
GLASSWARE, ORNAMENTS
LAMPS, DRAPERY, half-chest TEA
GLASS CASE, SCALES, PICTURES
EMPTY CASES, SHED, and Sundries.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions from Mr. Henry White, in consequence of relinquishing the business, to sell by auction, on the premises, No. 25, Parramatta-street East,
The above.
Without reserve.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction, under warrant of rent, THIS DAY, 3rd instant, at 10 o'clock, on the premises, Hereford-street Forest Lodge, Glebe,
Household furniture, books, &c.

FRIDAY, 7th instant, at 11 o'clock.

TO PARTIES FURNISHING, DEALERS, and OTHERS.

Superior and Useful HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and Effects
Splendid-toned Trichord Cottage PIANOFORTE, in handsome Walnut Case, by Kirkner
Tables, Chairs, Horsehair Sofa, Carpet, Oilcloth, Mats, Sideboard, Chiffoniere, Lamps, Iron Bedsteads, Bedding, Chest Drawers, Bedroom Furniture, Kitchen Utensils, Bath, Doors, SIDE-SADDLE (nearly new), and Sundries.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions from Mr W H Christie to sell by auction, in consequence of leaving the colony, on the premises, Willow Lodge, Wilson-street, Newtown, near the toll-bar.
Without reserve.

Labour Bazaar Auction Mart, Pitt-street.

Attractive Sale of choice Household Furniture, &c., viz., 2 Pianofortes, Drawing-room Suite, in crimson rep; Couch and 6 Chairs in green figured damask; Loo, Telescope, and other Tables; Pier Glasses, 70 x 50, and 50 x 40; Carpets, Engravings, Chiffonieres, Whatnots, Chests Drawers, Iron, Brass, and Wood Bedsteads, Bedding, Toilet Glasses, Washstands and Sets; Wardrobes, Wood and Cane Chairs, Glass Cases, Shop Fittings, Counters, Doors, Window Sashes, &c. Also,
under a bill of sale,
Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil, Tools, and a quantity of Household Furniture, &c.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. will sell by public auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at the Mart, Pitt-street,
The above.

By Auction, THIS DAY, Monday.

At City Auction Rooms, 292, Pitt-street.

TWO VERY SUPERIOR GLASS SHOW-CASES, 10 feet x 4 feet; Nest of Book Shelves, 9 x 4; solid Cedar Dining Table, Engravings and Oil Paintings, superior Chests Drawers, Maps, Hair, Palm, and other Sofas and Couches; Washstands and Ware, Iron, Mahogany, and Cedar Bedsteads; Chairs, Bell (60 lbs), for factory or Public school; Dining and Drawing-room Suites, Crockery and Glassware, Telescope and Stand, E. P. Ware, Sundry Books, Loo, Dining, and Dressing Tables; Kitchen Fixings, and sundries.

HENRY MOON will sell by auction, as above, at 11 sharp,
Terms, cash.

Sale of Seasonable Drapery, Woollens, &c.

To Warehousemen
Drapers
Country Buyers, &c.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY next,
17 packages of drapery, &c.
Details in future issue.

Preliminary Notice.

WEDNESDAY, 5th April, at 3 p.m.
At the Australian Auction Rooms Pitt-street.

FINE COLLECTION OF OIL-PAINTINGS, by the following renowned artists:—

Willis	Prout
Holbeins	Paget
Boddington	Terry
Williams	Martens
Shayer	Thomas
M'Alpine	Gill
Carse	Hardy
Wouvermans	Robins

And many others.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street, a WEDNESDAY, 5th April, at 3 p.m.,
The above.

On an Early Day
At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

THE VALUABLE THEOLOGICAL LIBRARY of the late Rev. Mr. BRENNAN, comprising about 1000 Volumes.
To CLERGYMEN and BOOKSELLERS.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been instructed by the executors to sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street, on a early day,
About 1000 volumes theological writings.
Terms, cash.
*** Catalogues will be issued.

WEDNESDAY, the 5th instant.

IMPORTANT BONA-FIDE SALE, of NEW SEASON'S TEAS from Foo Chow, by order of the Importers, MESSRS. GRIFFITHS and CO.
☞ CLOSING SALE by Auction of the BALANCES of their IMPORTATIONS of the present Season.

Ex KORSOR, 1962 Packages
S. S. PARDO, 189 Packages
S. S. BRISBANE, 101 Packages,
comprising a very CHOICE ASSORTMENT of medium to extra fine true KAISOU CONGOUS and fancy Teas.
These Teas have not been submitted hitherto by the hammer, but have met a large private sale, as will be noticed by the comparitively small Balances now in the importers' hands as compared with the original shipment.
☞ Though not ADVERTISED for UNRESERVED Sale, the Auctioneers are instructed by Messrs. GRIFFITHS and CO., to offer GREAT INDUCEMENTS for the Trade to operate, as the Importers are desirous of closing the BALANCES on HAND with fair competition.

Ex KORSOR,
62 Chests
1201 Half-chests
694 Boxes

1962 PACKAGES FINE KAISOU CONGOU.

Ex S. S. PARDO,
60 Chests
129 Boxes

189 PACKAGES FINEST KAISOU.

Ex S. S. BRISBANE,
101 Packages FANCY TEAS.

CAREY, GILLES, and CO. are favoured with instructions from the importers, Messrs. GRIFFITHS and CO., to sell by auction, at the Bank Rooms, 336, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, the 5th instant, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of this firm's balances of new season's teas, ex Korsor
S. S. Pardo, and
S. S. Brisbane,
in all 2252 packages, as above.
Terms, liberal, declared at sale.
Musters on view at the Rooms on TUESDAY MORNING, when every facility will be afforded the trade for liquoring or obtaining samples for that purpose.
Catalogues may be had on application, or will be forwarded in due course.

TUESDAY, at 12 o'clock.

46 HOGSHEADS FLOWER'S ALE.

For Sale by Auction,
on account of whom concerned,
at the Argyle Bond.

The above Balance MUST BE CLOSED to the highest bidder.
Will be submitted in lots to suit buyers.
☞ Orders for sampling may be had on application at the office of the Auctioneers, or will be exhibited to intending purchasers on the morning of sale.

CAREY, GILLES, and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at the ARGYLE BOND, on TUESDAY next, the 4th instant, at 12 o'clock prompt, without the least reserve,
46 hogsheads of Flower's ale, in fair order and condition.
Terms, net cash.

WEDNESDAY, the 5th instant.

130 Bags DRESSED TABLE RICE, in 56-lb Bags.

CAREY, GILLES, and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at the Bank Rooms, on WEDNESDAY next, the 5th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
The above.
Terms at sale.

TO THE BOOT AND SHOE TRADE.

Important and Unreserved SALE of BOOTS AND SHOES,
from the celebrated Manufacturers
A. and J. HART S. WOOLF
A. W. FLATAU and CO., SNOW and BENNETT, &c.
Ex Black Adder and Min-y-Don.

TO-MORROW, Tuesday, 4th April, at 11 o'clock.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, Tuesday, 4th April,
165 trunks and cases of new and fashionable goods, viz.,
MAW in diamond,
65 trunks A. and J. HART'S best manufactures, specially selected for this market, comprising
Ladies' kid, levant, glace kid, and lasting, sewn
Girls' ditto, ditto, ditto
Misses' ditto, ditto, ditto, 1 and 2
Children's kid and levant, sewn and riveted.
BMS in diamond,
20 packages of S. WOOLF'S goods, comprising
Ladies' bronze and glace glove kid
Ditto ditto ditto, sizes 2 and 3
Ditto fine lasting, seam to toe, and toe caps
Misses' ditto ditto, ditto, 1 and 2.
F in diamond,
45 trunks A. and W. FLATAU and CO.'S makes, consisting of
Ladies' lasting, sewn and rivets, plain and toes
Misses' ditto, ditto, 1 and 2
And a fine assortment of children's kid and levant.
CM in diamond,
35 trunks SNOW and BENNETT'S goods, a similar assortment to above.
Also,
MAW in diamond,
95—1 case, containing 35 pieces terry elastic, 3½ to 5-inch
25 pieces silk terry, ditto, 4½ and 5-inch
50 gross boot web, assorted.
Terms at sale.
LUNCHEON PROVIDED.

SUPERIOR FRENCH BOOTS (Ladies' and Gent.'s).
Ex Black Adder.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, 4th instant, at half-past 12 o'clock,
A first consignment, consisting of—
H in diamond,
35 trunks very superior French-made boots, in ladies' memel, pat. toes, kid ditto, all kid, gent.'s kid, dress calf, kid, calf goloshed, levant goloshed—all very superior, and suited to a first-class town trade.
Terms at sale

Preliminary Notice.
Important to Warehousemen, Country Storekeepers, and General Outfitters.

85 Packages now landing ex Blackadder and Min-y-don.
On THURSDAY and FRIDAY next, 6th and 7th instant, at 11 a.m. each day.

SHIRTS, SHIRTINGS, CREWDSON'S and HORROCKSES' LONGCLOTHS, WOOL-PLAIDS, FRENCH MERINOS, WINDOW HOLLANDS, SKIRTINGS, BLANKETS, WINCEYS, BOYS', YOUTHS', and MEN'S CLOTHING, WOOLLENS, HATS, &c.

For POSITIVELY UNRESERVED SALE, and as far as possible, in ORIGINAL PACKAGES.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, to the highest bidders, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY next,
85 packages of the abovenamed goods.
Terms, liberal, at sale.
Full particulars in Wednesday's HERALD.

TUESDAY, 4th April.

OATMEAL, LING FISH, SARDINES, FISH, &c.

MR. M. L. SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, No. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, the 4th instant, at 11 o'clock,
A large number of lines of oilmen's stores, fish, groceries, &c.
Full particulars will be given on day of sale.

TUESDAY, 4th April.

Quarter-casks Pale Sherry
Ditto ditto Amontillado Sherry
Ditto ditto Choice Port Wine.
For Positive Unreserved Sale, to close consignments.

MR. M. L. SALAMON has received instructions to sell by auction, at his New Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, the 4th instant, at 11 o'clock,
IN BOND,
4 quarter-casks fine pale dry sherry
4 ditto ditto dry amontillado
20 ditto ditto rich fruity port.
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 4th April.

NEW SEASON'S ORANGE PEKOE.

MR. M. L. SALAMON has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, the 4th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Ex Brisbane,
100 boxes, each 21 lbs., finest new season's orange Pekoe.
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 4th April.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
5 CASES N. W. CHEESE.

MR. M. L. SALAMON will sell by auction, at his NEW ROOMS, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, the 4th instant, at 11 o'clock,
all faults, if any,
5 cases North Wilts cheese.
Terms, cash.

TUESDAY, April 4.
BARCLAY'S STOUT, BOTTLED BY SCROGGIE.
ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MR. M. L. SALAMON has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, the 4th instant, at 11 o'clock,
50 casks, each 4 dozen, Barclay's quart stout, bottled by Scroggie.
All faults, if any.
Terms cash

TUESDAY, April 4.

Finest Colonial Arrowroot, in bags.

MR. M. L. SALAMON has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, the 4th instant, at 11 o'clock,
35 bags, each about 60 lbs., finest colonial arrowroot.
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, April 4.

To STATIONERS, BOOKBINDERS, FANCY WAREHOUSEMEN, &c.
MILLBOARD, in assorted sizes.

MR. M. L. SALAMON has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203 Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, the 4th instant, at 11 o'clock, about
25 bundles finest millboard, of assorted sizes.
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 4th April.

WINE, GINGERBEER, and S. W. CORKS.

MR. M. L. SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, the 4th instant, at 11 o'clock,
10 cases, each about 20 gross, wine, gingerbeer, and soda-water corks.
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 4th April.

To Wine and Spirit Merchants, Storekeepers, Publicans, &c.

HENNESSY'S PALE BRANDY
LA GRAND MARK DITTO
DITTO DITTO FLASK BRANDY
QUEENSLAND RUM
SCOTCH and IRISH WHISKY
KEY BRAND GENEVA
OLD TOM, LIQUEURS, CHAMPAGNES
PORT and SHERRIES, SCHNAPPS.

FOR POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE.

In good order and condition.
On account of whom it may concern.

MR. M. L. SALAMON has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, the 4th April, at 11 o'clock,
About 28 lines of the above wines and spirits, of LEADING BRANDS.
IN BOND. WITHOUT RESERVE.
Terms at sale

TUESDAY, April 4.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
Ex BARRABOOL, from MELBOURNE,
20 QUARTER-CASKS RED WINE.

MR. M. L. SALAMON has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, the 4th instant, at 11 o'clock,
WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST RESERVE.
10 quarter-casks double diamond red wine
10 ditto ditto treble diamond ditto,
all faults, if any.
Terms, cash.

TUESDAY, 4th April.

HUNT'S DOUBLE DIAMOND PORT, IN CASES
SANDEMAN'S TREBLE DIAMOND ditto.

MR. M. L. SALAMON will sell by auction, at his NEW ROOMS, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, the 4th instant, at 11 o'clock,
25 cases Hunt's double diamond port wine, each 1 dozen
22 Sandeman's ditto, ditto
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 4th April.

TAYLOR, WALKER, and CO.'S STOUT.

MR. M. L. SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, the 4th instant, at 11 o'clock,
5 hogsheads Taylor-Walker's stout.
In prime condition.
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 4th April.

TAPE FUZE.

On account of whom it may concern.

MR. M. L. SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, the 4th instant, at 11 o'clock,
6 casks, each 25 coils, fuse.
Terms, cash.

TUESDAY, April 4.

On account of whom it may concern.

WITH ALL FAULTS, IF ANY.

525 BAGS PATNA RICE,
now lying in the Australian Bond.

MR. M. L. SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, the 4th instant, at 11 o'clock sharp.

JA conjoined over F in square	— 72 bags Patna rice
F in square	— 168 ditto ditto ditto
FM in square	— 285 ditto ditto ditto
	525

In bond.
20 bags to the ton.
As there will not be any sample shown at the sale, intending purchasers will do well to inspect the bulk now lying in the Australian Bonded Stores.
Terms, cash.

TUESDAY, 4th April.

5 CASKS ACETIC ACID.

MR. M. L. SALAMON has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Nos. 201 and 203, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, the 4th instant, at 11 o'clock,
5 casks Boliman's acetic acid.
Terms at sale.

HOOP IRON.
All sizes and gauges.

Important to Coopers, Wool and Hay Pressers, &c., &c.

L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, April 5, at 11 o'clock,
10 tons hoop iron.
Assorted gauges.
Terms at sale.

FRIDAY, 7th April, 10.30 a.m. prompt.

EARTHENWARE, GLASS, and CHINA.

To Earthenware Dealers, Furniture Brokers, Storekeepers, and others.
Now landing ex Firth of Forth, Blackadder, and British Duke

225 Packages EARTHENWARE, GLASS, and CHINA.
Under instructions from Messrs. Mason, Brothers.

L. E. THRELKELD has been instructed by Messrs. Mason, Brothers, to sell by auction, at their Stores, Spring-street, on FRIDAY, 7th April, at 10.30 a.m. prompt,
225 original packages earthenware, glass, and china, now landing ex Firth of Forth, Blackadder, and British Duke, consisting of entirely new goods, in the following lines:—
Printed Goods—Cups and saucers, toilet sets, chambers, jugs, and basins, plates, dishes, vegetable dishes, muffins, bowls, jugs.
Granite Goods—Cups and saucers, toilet sets, chambers, jugs, and basins, plates, dishes, vegetable dishes, muffins, bowls, jugs
Whiteware—Pudding bowls, jelly moulds, chambers
Yellowware—Cane bakers
Teapots, silver lustre, brown, and mounted
Candlesticks, assorted patterns
Dinner, dessert, and breakfast sets
China cups and saucers, plates, &c.
Porous water bottles
Tumblers, pressed, engraved, cut, publicans', soda
Wines, cut and engraved
Goblets, publicans'
Sugars and butters
Assorted crates earthenware
Ditto casks glass
Ditto ditto china.

The Auctioneer has authority to state that all the lines advertised will be offered, and positively sold, samples of which will be on view a few days previous to sale.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

TWEED RIVER SUGARS.

BRIGHT COUNTERS IN SMALL POCKETS.
1294 Mats Abbotsford Mills.

For UNRESERVED SALE, at the City Mart, WEDNESDAY, April 5, at 11 o'clock.

By order of the Consignees.

L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, April 5, at 11 o'clock,
1294 mats Abbotsford Mills sugar.
This sugar is a bright counter quality, and is the only line in the market.
Terms liberal.

ST. UBE'S SALT
COLONIAL WINE.

To close an account.

L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, April 5, at 11 o'clock,
20 tons St. Ube's salt
40 cases colonial wine.
Terms, cash.

OILSTORES.

L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, April 5, at 11 o'clock,
960 cases assorted oilstores.
Particulars in future issue.

{6—WHITE CROSS FENCING WIRE.

For positive sale.
On account of whom it may concern.

L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, April 5, at 11 o'clock,
120 coils white cross fencing wire, {6.
Terms, cash.

SHERRY WINE.
A small trial shipment of excellent quality.
Ex Gainsborough.

By order of the Consignees.

WEDNESDAY, April 5, at the City Mart.

Samples at the Rooms.

L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, April 5, at 11 o'clock,
CL in diamond,
1-12—12 quarters sherry.
The trade are invited to inspect this parcel, as it is for positive sale.
Terms liberal.

EASTERN PRODUCE.

Ex Singapore.
60 BAGS BLACK PEPPER,

Ex Somerset.
93 BAGS BLACK PEPPER
16 BAGS WHITE PEPPER
10 CASES NUTMEGS,
Just arrived in SPLENDID ORDER for POSITIVE SALE, at the City Mart, by order of Messrs. SCOTT, HENDERSON, and CO.

WEDNESDAY, April 5th, at 11 o'clock.

L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, April 5th, at 11 o'clock,
Ex Singapore,
60 bags black pepper.
Ex Somerset,
93 bags black pepper
16 bags white pepper
10 cases nutmegs.
Terms at sale.

IMPORTANT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES.

To Town and Country Buyers of Boots.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, on FRIDAY, April 7, at 11 o'clock,
Shipments of the following choice makers of BOOTS and SHOES:—
Snow and Bennett
Simon Woolf
William Jones
The favourite S. W. S. lasting
Nathan Joseph
Pollock's celebrated lasting
And other makers.
*** These goods are in time, and suitable for the Easter trade.
Terms at sale.

Unreserved Sale of ELASTIC WEB
2 cases of first-class LIGHT FRENCH CALF.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, on FRIDAY, 7th April, at 11, without any reserve whatsoever,
Elastic web, every width, and splendid French calf.
*** As this is for entirely unreserved sale, it will be the first lot offered.

IMPORTANT SALE
OF BANK, COAL, AND GAS STOCKS

Sale by Public Auction of the above Stocks in a Trust Estate in course of realisation.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON are instructed by Trustees to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, 273, George-street, on TUESDAY, the 4th April proximo, at 11.30 a.m. sharp,
The following bank and other stocks:—
BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES, 32 shares
AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK, 50 shares
WALLSEND COAL CO., 190 shares
AUSTRALIAN GAS LIGHT CO., 175 shares paid up
Ditto, 26 shares, £2 paid up.

These favourite stocks will be offered for competition on TUESDAY next, at half-past 11 o'clock sharp, and are for positive sale
WITHOUT RESERVE.

AMERICAN BROOMS.
By order of the Consignees.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at the Rooms, on TUESDAY, 4th April, at 12 o'clock,
6 cases brooms.
Just landed.
In lots to suit purchasers.

Preliminary.

Groceries, Oilmen's Stores, &c.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at the Rooms, on TUESDAY, 4th April, at 11 o'clock,
A shipment of new goods.
Full particulars in day's issue.
Terms liberal.

TUESDAY, 4th April.

SALE by Auction of SUBSTANTIAL and USEFUL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS.
Comprising
DRAWING ROOM,
DINING ROOM, and
BEDROOM FURNITURE.
Comprising—
Superior Suite in Haircloth, viz.:—
Lounge
Easy Chair and
Six Spring Seat Chairs
Handsome-shaped side gilt frame Chimney Glass, 60 x 50
Loo Table and Cover
Chiffoniere Sideboard
Very choice Ornaments, Vases, and Lustres
First-class Engravings and Chromos
Brussels and Tapestry Carpets
Oval and Dining Table
Enamelled Tubular four-post State Bedsteads
Mahogany Wardrobe
Splendid Chest Drawers, lined with Camphor Wood
Elegant Toilet Glasses
Ditto Tables and Appurtenances
Glassware, China, and E. P. ware
Kitchen Utensils, &c.

To be sold without Reserve,
On the Premises, 305 Liverpool-street, Darlinghurst.

THE CITY AUCTION COMPANY have received instructions to sell by auction, on the premises, No. 305, Liverpool-street, Darlinghurst, on TUESDAY, 4th April, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of the household furniture and effects.

N.B.—The auctioneers desire to call the special attention of buyers to this very choice lot of furniture which is almost if not quite equal to new, and though not in an extensive establishment, yet is all of the best description, and very suitable for those about to furnish.

UNRESERVED SALE.

COTTAGE RESIDENCE, known as "MONTROSE," situate at junction of the LIVERPOOL ROAD and MATILDA-STREET, ASHFIELD, and close to the Railway Station.

TITLE—Torrens's Act. TERMS Liberal.

THE CITY AUCTION COMPANY have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bell's-chambers, 175, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, 12th April,
That most desirable cottage residence known as "Montrose," situate at the junction of Liverpool Road and Matilda-street, Ashfield. The premises are substantially and faithfully built of brick, on stone foundations, with shingled roof, containing hall, 6 rooms, kitchen, bath-room, pantry, and store-room, with verandah nearly all round the house. An abundant supply of water.

☞ The attention of those who desire to obtain a really good house property in this locality is particularly directed to this sale. The buildings are comparatively new, of a most substantial character, and in a position which will always command permanent tenancy.

CARDS TO VIEW can be obtained at the Rooms.

Valuable BLOCK of LAND,
GEORGE-STREET, ERSKINVILLE, NEWTOWN,
Opposite the Council Chambers.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction, on the ground, on THURSDAY, 6th April, at half-past 4 o'clock,
A BLOCK of LAND having a frontage of 230 feet to George-street, Erskinville, by depths of 125 and 132 feet, upon which is erected a weatherboard house, kitchen, and stable.
Freehold title.
Terms, cash. No reserve.

POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE.
SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT COTTAGE, GEORGE-STREET, ERSKINVILLE, NEWTOWN.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by public auction, ON THE GROUND, on THURSDAY, 6th April, at 4 o'clock,
A first-rate cottage, built of brick on stone foundations, containing 3 rooms, hall, &c., iron roof.
Terms at sale.
Title freehold.

FOUR COTTAGES, REDDY'S HILL, RUSHCUTTER BAY.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by public auction, TO-MORROW, Tuesday, 4th April, at half-past 4 o'clock, on the premises, Church-street, Reddy's Hill, Rushcutter Bay.
Four newly-built houses, of brick on stone foundations, containing each 3 rooms, realising a rental of 8s each weekly.
TITLE—LEASEHOLD.
Ground rent, £3 per annum each.
Terms at sale.
☞ They will be sold separately, or in one lot.

On SATURDAY, 8th April,
on the ground, Wharf Road, Burwood,
at 2 o'clock precisely,
a snug and compact Freehold,
on 1¼ acre rich Land.

Title: Crown Certificate.

Terms wonderfully liberal.

F. BRADLY has received instructions to sell by auction, as above,
Brick-built cottage, 4 rooms and kitchen, with a well-grown and healthy orangery.
This compact freehold is prettily situated, overlooking Hen and Chicken Bay, and possesses a charming view, with good natural drainage and abundant supply of water.
F. BRADLY, Land Sale-man, 183, Pitt-street.

MOUNT GRAND VIEW,
HEIGHTS OF BURWOOD.

The Most Important
LAND SALE
of the Season.
On the Ground.
SATURDAY, 8th April,
at 3 o'clock precisely,
45 VALUABLE VILLA SITES,
40 feet frontage by 200 feet deep.
Terms most advantageous.
Title—Crown Certificate.
Transfer of Title only 30s.
For Absolute Sale.

F. BRADLY has received instructions to sell by public auction, as above,
45 beautifully-situated villa sites
This valuable block of land contains 12 acres, and has been subdivided into
45 allotments.
The position of this charming spot must be seen to be appreciated: it is undeniably healthy, and for picturesque scenery cannot be surpassed, being bounded on the one side by Mr. Murphy's splendid orange groves perfuming the air with their delightful fragrance; on the other side there is a commanding, extensive and uninterrupted view of the Bay and Parramatta River, besides the numerous gardens in the neighbourhood.
A pretty country walk of five minutes from this delightful locality brings you to a large grass lawn bordering the waters of Hen and Chicken Bay, which might appropriately be named Picnic Point.
Arrangements are made to run
A STEAMER TO THE BAY.
'BUSES
already run within three minutes' of the land.
THE RAILWAY STATION
can be reached easily in ten minutes.

A retreat such as is represented should of itself incite those who have a desire to possess
FREEHOLD PROPERTY
not to neglect attending this important sale.
An erroneous idea exists in the minds of many that to live in close proximity to the city is beneficial in a monetary sense, little calculating how much time and often money is wasted in hanging about town thinking you can spare a few minutes more, while that space of time would transport you to the
HEIGHTS OF BURWOOD,
a rural, healthy, and charming suburb, within half-an-hour of the city.
On the public becoming acquainted with all the advantages of this favoured locality, an immediate and great rise in the value of land must take place the same as has occurred in other suburbs.
The easy payments are arranged on the following scale, viz.: cash deposit at time of sale, 2s. in the £, the balance by monthly instalments of 1s. in the £, bearing six per cent. interest, or, the whole of the money can be paid and the purchaser receive his Crown certificate. Example: Suppose you purchase £25 worth of land, the amount to be paid at sale would be only 50s. and in one month from date of sale only 25s, and so on.
Title, Torrens's Act.
Lithograph plans in course of preparation.
Marquee will be erected and substantial refreshments provided.
Cards to convey intending purchasers to the ground can be had of the auctioneer, free.
F. Bradly Land Salesman, 183, Pitt-street.

FOR ABSOLUTE SALE,
in consequence of the projected departure of the proprietor from the colony.

FAMILY MANSION AND GROUNDS.
GLANWORTH,
DARLING POINT.

Preliminary Notice.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from R. COVENY, Esq., to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 28th April, at 11 o'clock,
That well-known COMMODIOUS FIRST-CLASS FAMILY MANSION.
GLANWORTH,
DARLING POINT,
together with about THREE ACRES and A-HALF of highly improved
FREEHOLD GROUNDS,
very beautifully situated, and having a frontage of 5?4 FEET TO THE DARLING POINT ROAD.
The city water and gas are laid on throughout the premises.

Further particulars in a future advertisement.

Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms liberal.

DARLINGHURST ROAD.

VERY VALUABLE BLOCK OF LAND, with frontages 35 feet to DARLINGHURST ROAD, and 36 feet 5 inches to VICTORIA-STREET, a few yards south of the top of WILLIAM-STREET, together with the PREMISES thereon, now in the occupation of Messrs BROWN, BROTHERS, Blacksmiths and Iron Moulders.
*** This choice and very valuable block of land is most favourably situated on the HEIGHTS of DARLINGHURST ROAD, at the top of WILLIAM-STREET, and is admirably adapted in every respect as a site for a FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 7th April, at 11 o'clock.
The above described very valuable building site with premises thereon.
Terms at sale.

Mr. W. MAGUIRE, 77, Elizabeth-street, Solicitor to the vendor.

BROUGHTON-STREET, GLEBE.

STONE COTTAGE, on the west side of Broughton-street, a few feet south of MITCHELL-STREET, now in the occupation of Mr. Goldsmith.

It contains verandah, 2 large rooms, and kitchen, with large yard, water laid on, &c., at the rear.
The Land is portion of original lot 33 of the new subdivision of ST. PHILIPS', GLEBE, and has 61 FEET frontage to BROUGHTON-STREET, with a depth of about 102 feet, extending to a lane at the rear.
A large portion of the frontage is still vacant, and available for other dwellings.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 7th April, at 11 o'clock.
The above-described property.

TITLE—LEASEHOLD, 50 years from 7th March, 1870.
Ground rent, £12 per annum.
Terms at sale.

POSTPONED TO FRIDAY, 7th APRIL.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

FITZROY-STREET, SURRY HILLS.

SHOP and DWELLING known as CASSIDY'S Boot and Shoe PREMISES, in FITZROY-STREET, between BOURKE and DOWLING STREETS, and adjoining Mr. DIMOND'S Grocery Store.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 7th APRIL, at 11 o'clock,
All that piece of land, having 20 FEET 6 INCHES frontage to FITZROY-STREET, with a depth of 76½ feet, upon which are erected BUSINESS PREMISES, built of brick on stone foundations, with awning in front, and containing shop, bedroom, and kitchen, with detached weatherboard room, shed, yard, with entrance from Fitzroy-street, &c., at the rear.

☞ This property occupies a good business site in Fitzroy-street, near the entrance to Moore Park, a position that commands a constantly increasing traffic.
TITLE—TORRENS'S ACT. Terms at sale.
G. W. GRAHAM, Solicitor to the Mortgagee.

BATHURST-STREET WEST.

Two DWELLING-HOUSES, Nos. 7 and 9, STEAM-MILL-STREET, off Bathurst-street, near Messrs. P. N. Russell and Co.'s Works.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 7th April, at 11 o'clock,
ALL THAT PIECE of LAND, having 36 feet frontage to Steam Mill-street, with a depth of 74 feet extending to a lane at the rear, upon which are erected Nos. 7 and 9, Steam Mill-street, containing respectively seven rooms and 5 rooms, each with yard drained to sewer; water laid on, &c., at the rear. Rental, £1 13s per week, or £85 16s per annum.
☞ The above dwelling-houses are in a good letting position close to the large manufacturing establishments, wharf, and shipping—a locality where houses are in constant demand, and realise good rentals at all times.
Terms at sale.

CITY INVESTMENT.
ABERCROMBIE-STREET,
OFF PARRAMATTA-STREET.

HOLTERMANN'S HOTEL and seven Two-story DWELLING-HOUSES adjoining, at the corner of ABERCROMBIE-STREET, a few yards from Parramatta-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on
FRIDAY, 7th APRIL, at 11 o'clock,
All that Corner BLOCK of LAND, having 58½ feet to ABERCROMBIE-STREET, 204½ feet to LITTLE ABERCROMBIE-STREET.
Upon which are the following substantially built very extensive premises, of brick, on stone foundations, with slated roofs comprising—
HOLTERMANN'S FAMILY HOTEL, at the corner, containing bar, 10 large rooms, and kitchen, with extensive and very commodious cellarage in the basement; good yard, water laid on, &c., at the rear.
Seven two-story, well-finished DWELLING-HOUSES, in LITTLE ABERCROMBIE-STREET, with verandahs in front, and containing each 4 rooms and kitchen, with yards, water laid on, &c.
PRESENT RENTAL £7 8s per week, or £384 16s per annum.
☞ The above property is in a populous and improving part of the city, and the premises have recently been thoroughly repaired, painted, decorated, and made equal to new, so they will not require any outlay on them for years to come.
The hotel is in full trade, and let on a 5 years' lease from 1st January, 1876, at a rental of £2 10s per week for two years, and £3 10s per week for the remaining three years.
*** The Auctioneers particularly invite intending purchasers to inspect this desirable city investment, which, from the substantial nature and finish of the premises, will compare favourably with any other property of its class in the city.
Terms at sale.

BATHURST-STREET.

CITY BUILDING ALLOTMENT, on the south side of BATHURST-STREET, commencing 36 feet easterly from the east side of BARKER-STREET, at the side of WEARNE'S FLOUR-MILL.
It has 18 feet frontage, with a depth of 76½ feet, extending to a lane at the rear.
*** This allotment fronts a main thoroughfare in a very populous part of the city, close to numerous wharfs and manufactories at the head of the harbour.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 7th April, at 11 o'clock,
The above city plot of land.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Messrs. STEPHEN and STEPHEN, Solicitors to the vendor.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

NELSON-STREET, WOOLLAHRA.

HASELTINE VILLA, on the RIVIERE ESTATE, in NELSON-STREET, between WALLIS and PIPER STREETS, now in the occupation of the Rev. W. MORT.
Title—POINT PIPER Leasehold, 99 years from 1st April, 1856. Ground rent £12 per annum.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 7th APRIL, at 11 o'clock,
All that Piece of LAND being lot 5 of the RIVIERE ESTATE, having 56 FEET frontage to NELSON-STREET and a depth of 120 FEET, with a lane 20 FEET wide at the side and rear, upon which is erected that prettily designed and well finished residence known as
HASELTINE VILLA,
containing wide entrance hall, 5 large rooms, kitchen, bathroom, and wash-house; stable at rear, good yard, with back entrance; also a never-failing supply of water from a good well on the premises.
In front of the villa is a tastefully arranged flower garden, and along the road frontage there is a stone parapet wall, with ornamental railing.
☞ The above very desirable Residence is favourably situated on the elevated part of NELSON-STREET, within a few yards of the WOOLLAHRA and WAVERLEY OMNIBUSES; and it is surrounded by first-class properties.
CARDS to view may be obtained at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

FAVOURABLE CITY INVESTMENT.

WILLIAM-STREET,
SHOP and RESIDENCE, No. 226 on the north side, a few feet from the corner of Victoria-street, and known as
SADLER'S CHEMIST SHOP and DISPENSARY.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 7th April, at 11 o'clock,
All that piece of land having a frontage of 34½ FEET to WILLIAM-STREET, with a depth of 92 feet, extending to a reserved road out of Victoria-street, to which reserved road it has also a frontage of 34½ feet, on which are those business premises, No. 226, William-street, substantially built of stone and brick, and containing large shop and dispensing room, 4 living rooms, kitchen, and outbuildings, yard remarkably neatly kept, and tastefully arranged garden at the rear.
Mr. Sadler holds a lease of the property, which has about 3 years to run, at a rental of £120 per annum, paying also all rates and taxes.

☞ This is a thoroughly good permanent investment, in a favourite yearly improving main thoroughfare of the city, and the special attention of capitalists and others is directed to the sale.
Terms at sale.

SALE OF HILL RIVER ESTATE, in BLOCKS TO SUIT PURCHASERS.

Mr. C. B. FISHER having determined to dispose of all his SOUTH AUSTRALIAN PROPERTIES, notice is hereby given that the whole of the above Estate will be offered for sale by public auction, on 26th April.
This well-known property, containing upwards of 60,000 acres situated in the Hundreds of Andrews, Milne, Clare, and Hanson, will be sold as above, in blocks of sections, thus affording facilities for families to settle in each other's neighbourhood, commencing at the north end of the Estate on the Freshwater Creek and the Broughton, and proceeding southwards to the head station.
The land, with the exception of about 5000 acres now under crop, is virgin soil, nearly every acre of it being fit for cultivation.
The handsome results obtained from the cultivated land by Mr. Fisher, and the prosperous condition of those farmers who have been so fortunate as to have obtained holdings in the vicinity, afford ample assurance of success to those who are enabled to avail themselves of this golden opportunity to become possessors of land, the best adapted in South Australia for farming purposes, as it is well watered, with great facilities for the storage of water by dams, thickly grassed, with a climate and rainfall unsurpassed in the North, thus reducing to a minimum the risk and uncertainty attending farming operations in less favoured localities.
The terms will be easy, to suit all classes, and intending purchasers are reminded that they can deal with their purchases at any time, either by completing or transferring them, as they see fit, without being subject to the stringent conditions as to cultivation, residence and improvement insisted upon by the Government.
No such block of first-class land in this colony has ever been put up to Auction at one time, offering such inducements and advantages of good roads, railway transit, first-class maiden soil, climate, water, and facilities for establishing comfortable HOMESTEADS.
TOWNSHIPS.
Reserves for Educational and Religious purposes, and for general convenience and utility are being laid out in the most suitable places.
Title—Real Property Act.

After the sale of the land, Mr. E. M. BAGOT will sell by auction, on 3rd May,
The whole of the highly-bred pure Australian Merino Sheep, in number about 30,000
About 100 head choice Shorthorn Cattle
About 400 head Clydesdale and Suffolk Punch Mares and Fillies, at work and in the stud
Clydesdale and Suffolk Punch Stallions
Blood Mares and Fillies;
And the whole of the very complete Farming plant, all of which is first-class.
E. W. PITTS,
Attorney for CHAS. B. FISHER.
The Levels, February 11th, 1876.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1442412

FUNERALS.

I. O. O. F., M. U.—LOYAL UNITED BROTHERS' LODGE.—The Officers and Brothers of the above Lodge, together with Officers and Brothers of other Lodges, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of their late deceased Brother, JOHN BAGOT; to move from his late residence, Athlone-place, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at quarter-past 1, to Christ Church, from thence to Necropolis. J. ROBINSON, N.G. W. H. BAKER, Sec.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. JOHN BAGOT are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, Athlone-place, off Parramatta-street, THIS AFTERNOON, at 1.15, to Christ Church, from thence to the Necropolis, Haslem Creek. W. STEWART, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of WILLIAM and ROBERT BAGOT are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of their late beloved BROTHER, John; to move from his late residence, Athlone-place, off Parramatta-street, at a quarter-past 1, THIS AFTERNOON, to Christ Church, and from thence to the Necropolis.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. BARNERD CASSIDY are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, Paddington, opposite Barracks, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, Undertakers, 118, Oxford-street, and George-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JAMES LOCKWOOD are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late FATHER-IN-LAW, Mr. Barnerd Cassidy; to move from his late residence, Paddington, opposite Barracks, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, Undertakers.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. THOMAS MURRAY are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved SON, Thomas; to move from his residence, Botany-street, Waterloo, TO-MORROW (Tuesday) MORNING, at half-past 8 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, George-st., op. Christ Church.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mrs. ANN NOON are respectfully invited to attend her Funeral; to move from St. Benedict's Church, Abercrombie-street, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. J. and G. SHYING and CO., 719, George-street, and 120, Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. THOMAS JOYCE are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late deceased AUNT, Ann; to move from St. Benedict's Church, Abercrombie-street, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. J. and G. SHYING and CO., Abercrombie-street; 120, Oxford-st.

LOYAL STRANGERS' REFUGE LODGE, I.O.O.F., M.U.—The Members of the above Lodge, together with the Officers of the District, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of our late Brother MALONE; to start from his late residence, 111, Buckingham-street, Strawberry Hill, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at 2.30 sharp. By order of E. COEMESHA, N.G.; J. PORTER, V.G.; F. W. GOTLEY, Secretary.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. DANIEL MALONE are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, 111, Buckingham-street, Strawberry Hill, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. J. and G. SHYING and CO., 719, George-street; 120, Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JAMES SMEAL are invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased DAUGHTER, Janet; to move from his residence, West Crescent-street, North Shore, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter-past 3 o'clock. JOHN J. HIGLEY, Undertaker, opposite School of Arts, North Shore.

A. H. C. GUILD.—The Members of this Society are requested to attend the Funeral of their late Brother, PATRICK M'CORMACK; to move from St. Patrick's Church, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock. WILLIAM BRADY, Warden.

THE FRIENDS of PATRICK M'CORMACK, Jun., are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved FATHER, Patrick; to move from St Patrick's Church, THIS DAY, at half-past 2, to the Catholic Cemetery, Petersham. J. CURTIS, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of JOHN and MICHAEL M'CORMACK are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of their late beloved UNCLE Patrick; to move from St. Patrick's Church, THIS DAY, at half-past 2, and proceed to the Catholic Cemetery, Petersham. J. CURTIS, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. PATRICK M'CORMACK are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from St. Patrick's Church, THIS DAY, Monday, at half-past 2 o'clock, to Petersham Catholic Cemetery. JAMES CURTIS.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. EDWARD ROBERTSON are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late WIFE, Charlotte Agnes; to move from his residence, Paul-street, Balmain, THIS MORNING, at 9 o'clock, to the Catholic Cemetery, Balmain. JAMES CURTIS.

THE FRIENDS of the deceased Mr. EDMUND CHARLES M'CARTY, Coachbuilder, are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW (Tuesday) MORNING, at 8 o'clock. JAMES CURTIS.

STEWART, UNDERTAKER, 117, Bathurst-street, and Cedar Yard, 401, Pitt-street.

BOOKS

SCIENTIFIC AND MEDICAL WORKS.
Professor RANKINE'S Scientific Manuals, Applied Mechanics: Civil Engineering: Machinery and Millwork; Useful Rules and Tables: Mechanical Text Book.
BOURNE'S Handbook of the Steam Engine
HASKOLL'S Practice of Engineering, Fieldwork applied to Land and Hydraulic, &c., Surveying and Levelling, also Waterworks and Sewers
TEXTBOOKS OF SCIENCE.—Metals, by Bloxam; Plane and Solid Geometry; Theory of Heat, by Maxwell; on the Strength of Materials and Structure; Electricity and Magnetism; Quantitative Chemical Analysis; Organic Chemistry
International Scientific Series.—Forms of Water in Clouds and Rivers; Animal Locomotion; Responsibility in Mental Disease; Science of Law; Animal Mechanics; Doctrine of Descents and Darwinism; Conflict between Religion and Science
Professor TYNDALL on Light; on Sound; Heat, a Mode of Motion
Gregory's Mathematics for Practical Men, by Law and Young
How to Work with the Microscope, by L. Beale
Cassell's Technical Educator, 4 vols., 4to
Nuttall's Dictionary of Scientific Terms
Noad's Students' Text-book of Electricity, 400 illustrations
Sprague's Electricity—THEORY, Sources, and Applications
Culley's Handbook of Practical Telegraphy.

MEDICAL.
Braithwaite's Retrospect of Medicine, vol. 72
Diseases of Women, by Graily Hewitt
Barnes's Clinical History of the Diseases of Women
Walshe's Diseases of the Heart
Stokes on Fever, edited by Dr. J. W. Moore
Tanner on the Diseases of Infancy and Childhood
West on ditto ditto
Graham on the Management of Infancy
Bull's Maternal Management of Children
Graham on the Diseases of Women
Gardiner's Household Medicine and Sickroom Guide
Ruddock's Homœopathic Vade Mecum

The Law relating to the Public Health and Local Government, in relation to Sanitary and other matters, by W. C. Glen
Lumley's New Sanitary Laws, with notes
HANDSOMELY BOUND BOOKS, suitable for presents; also BAGSTER'S Family and Pocket BIBLES, and CHURCH SERVICES, bound in Turkey morocco; PATENT PORTRAIT ALBUMS, of the best description.
W. R. PIDDINGTON,
Importer of Books and Stationery, 332, George-street.

VOLUNTEER NOTICES.

MUSKETRY INSTRUCTION. — ENGINEER CORPS, 3rd to 15th APRIL.
Position Drills at the Victoria Barracks: 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th April, at 7 p.m.
Dismiss Drill on the 6th April: Minimum number of drills four.
Target Practice for first-class men: 3rd to 8th April.
Ditto for second and third class men: After dismiss drill till 15th April.
By command.
W. B. B. CHRISTIE, Major,
Major of Brigade.

2 CO.—DRILL, TO-NIGHT, Hyde Park, 7.30. C. A. WILSON, Captain.

5 CO., 1st RE-T.—DRILL, TO-NIGHT, 7.30. Committee meet after. W. JOHNSTONE, Captain.

NO. 6 CO.—DRILL TO-NIGHT. Committee Meeting after. J. H. MORRIS Capt.

NO. 2 HIGHLANDERS.—DRILL on TUESDAY EVENING. Half-yearly MEETING on WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7.30, Brigade Office; all to attend the Meeting to be in undress uniform. Certificates of efficiency will be issued.
H. J. CHISHOLM, Captain.

VOL. L. ORDERS wanted. Volunteers, don't be guiled. A. Mihell, Botany Rd., highest cash price.

V. L. ORDERS.—One wanted, THIS MORNING, J. S. Gordon, 154, Pitt-street.

E. JOHNSON, Gen. Com. Agent, 183, Pitt-street. V. Land Orders for SALE, at current rates.

FOR SALE, all the DEAD TIMBER on 300 acres of land, 4 miles from Railway station.
E. B. WOODHOUSE.
Mount Gilead, Campbelltown.

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
Lessee and Manager.................. Mr. Samuel Lazar.
Treasurer.................. Mr. James Booty.

TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS
Triumphant Success
Triumphant Success
Triumphant Success
of the popular young Actor
Mr. GEORGE D. CHAPLIN
George D. Chaplin
George D. Chaplin
George D. Chaplin.

THIS (Monday) EVENING, April 3, 1876
and until further notice,
the Romantic Drama, in five acts,
ROSEDALE
Rosedale
Rosedale
Rosedale
Rosedale
Rosedale
Rosedale
Rosedale.

ELLIOT GRAY.................. Mr. G. D. CHAPLIN
(played by him with immense success throughout the United States.)
Supported by the full strength of the Company.

New Scenery by Messrs. W. J. Wilson and Kinchela.
New Mechanical Effects by Mr. Herbert Winning.
Properties by Mr. Cushla and assistants.

ACT 1.—House and grounds of Lady Florence May!—A young widow's wooers—The Lancer.

ACT 2.—Chamber in the manor—Plotting!—Elliot Grey in danger—The ruffian foiled!

ACT 3.—Matthew Leigh's cottage and surgery—Kobb in a trap!—A false brother!—The stolen heir!
A lapse of twelve months.

ACT 4.—Chamber at Rosedale—Rosa teaches Elliot an old song—The Gipsies' Encampment—A New Pal—SONG—Mr. G. D. CHAPLIN.
Elliot's Rose—Recovery of the Heir—Lancers to the Rescue.

ACT 5.—Rosedale—Mysteries Solved—The Lancer's Ball.

Box office at J. R. Clarke's, 317, George-street, where seats for the dress circle may be secured in advance, and tickets for all parts of the house, to prevent crushing and inconvenience at night.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
Stage Manager.................. Mr. B. N. Jones.

TENTH WEEK.

LAST WEEK BUT ONE.
Last Week but One,
and
UNPARALLELED SUCCESS
of
NELL,
the California Diamond,
and
Mr. GEORGE GIDDENS.

THIS EVENING, Monday, APRIL 3, 1876.
COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT
to
Mr. GEORGE GIDDENS,
tendered by
NELL,
and
Mr. JOHN BENNETT.

FOR THIS NIGHT ONLY.
UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.
NELL sustaining the dual role of
EVA and TOPSY,
something never yet attempted by any other artist.
EVA / TOPSY } with all the original songs.......... } NELL.
PHINEAS FLETCHER.... Mr. GEORGE GIDDENS.

Synopsis:
Act 1.—THE SOLD BOY.
Eliza runs away—Uncle Tom and Aunt Chloe—Phineas Fletcher—The Blood Hounds in pursuit—Great Heavens, the river is choked with ice—The perilous escape on the floating blocks of ice.
Act 2.—ST. CLAIR'S HOME.
Arrival of Eva—St. Clair introduces Topsy to Ophelia—George and Eliza re-united—The mountain pass—Pursued—Phineas to the rescue.
Act 3.—That imp, Topsy—Ophelia's Fears.
DEATH OF EVA!

The performance to conclude with an
ECCENTRIC SPECIALITY,
NELL and Mr. GIDDENS.

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, April 4 and 5,
JACOB AND LEDA.

Admission—Dress circle, 5s; stalls, 3s; upper circle, 2s; pit and gallery, 1s.
Doors open at 7.30. Commence at 8. Carriages ordered for 11 o'clock. Box office for sale of seats at Elvy and Co.'s, 321, George-street.
JOHN BENNETT.

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION
to ATHOL GARDENS.
CITIZENS
look out for the above,
on MONDAY, April 10, from
Circular Quay.

QUEEN'S THEATRE
York-street.

TO-NIGHT
To-night
To-night
To-night.

EIGHTH APPEARANCE
Eighth Appearance
Eighth Appearance
Eighth Appearance.

SECOND PROGRAMME
Second Programme
Second Programme
Second Programme.

Unabated Success of the
English and French Artistes
English and French Artistes,
who are received nightly with crowded and delighted audiences, whose loud and continued applause acknowledges these artistes to be the elite of the profession.

TO-NIGHT
To-night
To-night
Mdlle. FRANZINI,
the original Lady Professor of the Bicycle, late of all the principal cities of Europe.

KATE RUSSELL,
Serio-comic Character Vocalist, Skipping Rope Dancer, &c.

Miss E. BOWER,
Sentimental and Ballad Vocalist.

SAPHRINI,
Female Impersonator, Characteristic Singer and Dancer.

ONZALO,
Aerial Evolutionist, Gymnast, Globe and Barrel Performer.

E. A. HART,
Comic, Character, and Descriptive Vocalist, Instrumentalist, and Composer.

Private boxes, £1 1s; dress circle, 3s; stalls, 2s; pit, 1s.

Ladies may retain their hats or bonnets in the dress circle.

Children not admitted to any part of the house.

Doors open at 7.30, overture at 8 sharp.

Box office at Mr. Kirby's, bookseller, Pitt-street.

Carriages may be ordered for 10.15.

Free list entirely suspended—Press excepted.

SPORTS AND AMUSEMENTS
THE COURSE AND FIELD
CRICKET—Reports of Matches
Matches to come
Notes by Square Leg
AQUATICS, YACHTING, and ROWING.
THE SYDNEY MAIL. Subscription, 6s per quarter. Publishing Office—Hunter-street, Sydney.

SPENCER'S ROYAL POLYTECHNIC, 222, Pitt-street, open daily from 10 a.m. till 10 p.m.

BUSINESS CARDS.

ARCHITECT.—HAROLD BREES, 143, Pitt-st., nr. Hunter-st. Prize medal. Auction plans, surveys.

A CARD.—Dr. EICHLER has returned, and resumed practice at his residence, 54, Bridge-street. Consultations from 9 till 10 a.m. and 2 till 3 p.m.

DOWIE and SMITH, Land Agents, Surveyors, and General Draftsmen, Hunter and O'Connell streets.

ESTABLISHED 1842.—Dr. EMANUEL and SON, Dentists (diploma dental 1836). Artificial Teeth, first-class work only. Observe, 20-carat gold. Teeth extracted, stopped, &c. 178, Pitt-street, opposite Punch's.

E. WAY, Importer of DRAPERY, MILLINERY, HOSIERY, FANCY GOODS, &c. Manufacturer of Ladies' and Children's Underclothing and Baby Linen. 261 to 267, PITT-STREET.

F. PIERCE, House and Land Agent, Hotel and Money Broker. Rents collected. 352, George-street.

GEORGE GAISFORD, Drainer and Layer of Earthen Pipe Drains, Approved Basins fixed in W.C., with Cisterns; General Excavator and Tank Sinker, &c. 6, Belmore-street, off Albion-street, Surry Hills.

HILTON BROWNE and CO., Seedsmen, 239, Pitt-street (down gateway), near Victoria Theatre.

JAMES ERWIN, House and General Broker, 61, Elizabeth-street. Cash advanced on properties.

J. LAWLER, Bedding Manufacturer, Importer of Iron Bedsteads, Curled Horsehair, Pulu, Flax, Fibre, &c., &c. AMERICAN and ENGLISH CHAIRS. 517, George-street, Brickfield-hill.

MR. J. SPENCER, Dentist, 3, Wynyard-square.—Awarded the N.S.W. Exhibition Medals six years successively, for proficiency in Mechanical Dentistry. Also THE LONDON INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION MEDAL for 1874. Painless extraction by aid of NITROUS-OXIDE GAS.

OILSKIN CLOTHING, the best and cheapest. Goldstein's Oilskin Factory, 217, Lower George-street.

SPECTACLES 1s, Brazilian Pebbles, made to order. Mr. Solomon, qualified optician, 689, George-st. South.

THOMAS A. ELLIS, Consulting ENGINEER and ARCHITECT, FOTHERINGHAM-STREET, ENMORE. Sixteen Years' English Practice.

TEETH! TEETH! TEETH! New Discovery—Toothache cured in one moment. Mr. GEORGE, Surgeon Dentist, 17, Hunter-street, opposite Hamilton-street.
Artificial Teeth supplied, from a single tooth to full set. Charges moderate. Teeth extracted without pain. Decayed teeth filled, which will last many years. Advice gratis.

W. T. YEOMAN, Importer of Painters' Materials, Royal Blue House, 170, Pitt-street.

W. J. WATSON and CO., Official Managers of Mining Companies, Mining Agents, Metal and Ore Brokers, 5, Spring-street, Sydney.

BOROUGH COUNCIL NOTICES.

BOROUGH OF VICTORIA.—NOTICE is hereby given, that an ASSESSMENT upon all ratable Property within this Borough has been made by the Council thereof, and that a rate of ONE SHILLING in the £ upon all such property has been levied by the said Council under the provisions and for the purposes set forth in section 164 of the Municipalities Act of 1867.
NOTICE is also hereby given, that a Court of Petty Sessions will be holden at 10 o'clock a.m., on SATURDAY, the 22nd April next, at the Water Police Court, Phillip-street, Sydney, to which any person feeling aggrieved by such assessment can appeal, on giving seven days' notice to the Council of such appeal.
WALTER GEORGE WILLINGTON,
Council Clerk.
Council Chamber, April 1, 1876.

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.

ADELAIDE FLOUR, Margarey and Hart's superfine, on SALE. BRIGHT, BROS., and CO., 52, Pitt-st.

FOR SALE, TEAS, imported per Miss Kilmansegg, from Foochow, consisting of Congous, in chests, halves, and boxes, of finest, medium and ration qualities, and Hysonskins in chests and halves.
HENRY MOORE.
Moore's Wharf, March 25, 1876.

JOSEPH WEARNE, ANCHOR FLOUR MILLS, Bathurst-street, Sydney.
Silk-dressed Superfine and Seconds FLOUR; kiln-dried Corn Meal, and all other Mill Produce, the best and cheapest in Sydney.

FOR SALE, Melbourne Oaten and Straw CHAFF; Bathurst, Goulburn, and Hunter Hay and Straw; also Warrnambool Potatoes.
MYLES M'RAE, Market Wharf.

SILK-DRESSED superfine, fine, and seconds FLOUR, Wheat Meal, Maize Meal, Patent Meal, Bran, and Pollard, best qualities at the lowest prices. JOHN REDGATE and SON, Sussex-street South, and Yurong-street.

PEARL SAGO, in boxes; Tapioca, bags and boxes; Pepper, Rattans, Chillies. HENRY FISHER & CO.

FLOUR, Flour, Flour.—THOS. L. COOMBE, Merchant, Miller, and Bakers' Agent, 35, Bligh-street.

BLAIR, OXLEY, and CO., removed to their new premises, Lion Mills, Kent-street, near King-street.

SALMON, in half-barrels; Red Herrings, in boxes; and Smoked Salmon, ex Mikado, on SALE.
O'DOUD and CO., Commercial Wharf.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

FOR SALE, a good second-hand strong CART. Apply No. 2, Bridge-street.

CHESTNUT quiet buggy and saddle Horse, £12; 4 Pack Horses; quiet boy's Pony, £10. KNIGHT.

HORSE, Spring-cart, and Harness, £14 lot; buggy Harness, £3; Saddles, 50s. KNIGHT.

SINGLE Buggy, quiet Horse, and Harness, £32; Tray Buggy, £18. KNIGHT, 257, Castlereagh-street.

DOUBLE Hooded Buggy, £30; hooded Sociable, £35; light hooded Phaeton, £30; Waggon, £40. Knight.

FOR SALE, good staunch Van HORSE; suit grocer's or baker's cart; price £10; any trial. Also small Spring-cart and Harness, £4. Edith Cottage, Derwent-street, Glebe.

BUSINESSES FOR SALE.

GROCERY. Stock, Goodwill, and Fittings, £15; takings, £30 month. A. W., HERALD Office.

HOTELS, all prices; some best and cheapest in city. BATE, MUSTON, and CO., 213, Pitt-street.

BOARDING HOUSE, full of boarders; must be sold; price £200. HACKET, 105, Elizabeth-street.

TWO Small BUSINESSES for SALE. Apply HACKET and CO., 105, Elizabeth-street.

FOR SALE, snug HOTEL, city, £270, trade £30; terms easy. MOSS and CO., 410, George-street.

FOR SALE, good HOTEL, near wharfs, £235, trade £30; assistance. MOSS and CO., 410, George-st.

FOR SALE, HOTEL, long lease, low rent; a chance seldom offered. T. BUTTS, 129, King-street.

FOR SALE, HOTELS, all parts of city and suburbs, £100 to £6000. T. BUTTS, 129, King-street.

FOR SALE, Boarding ESTABLISHMENT, full of boarders, £200. T. BUTTS, 129, King-street.

FOR SALE, the Goodwill, Furniture, &c., of snug HOTEL. F. PIERCE, Hotel Broker, 352, George-st.

FIRST-CLASS BOARDING-HOUSE for disposal, immediate possession, for Exhibition time; ill-health causing sale. Apply to SOUL and SON, Commercial Brokers, 221, Pitt-street, any day after 11 a.m.

FOR SALE, Family HOTELS and small Businesses. TURNER, BROTHERS, 105, Elizabeth-street.

FOR SALE, small General STORE. TURNER, BROTHERS, 105, Elizabeth-street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE, a young Brown Retriever SLUT. Apply to 18, Goulburn-street West.

FOR SALE, one of Russell's COOKING RANGES, cheap. 75, Lower George-street.

FOR SALE, a first-class Retriever DOG, well trained. 364, Elizabeth-street South.

RACING SCULLS and SCULL OARS, just landed. E. Ayling's best Spruce Pine Sculls and Oars.
BUZACOTT and ARMSTRONG.

ADELAIDE Wheat SACKS for SALE. J. REDGATE and SON, Sussex-street South.

TROLLEY 4-wheel TRUCKS.—Wanted to borrow one or two for a month. M. Asher, 442, Elizabeth-st.

THE AMERICAN Waltham WATCHES are strongly recommended for time, durability, and economy. Every watch guaranteed. A good timekeeper to be had at ELLIS'S, 220, Pitt-street, opposite Farmer and Co.'s.

CLOCKS.—A large, cheap, and extensive assortment from 7s 6d to £20. Ellis, 220, Pitt-st., op. Farmer's.

SPECTACLES, fine steel frames, with crystal lenses, 3s 6d to 5s 6d pair. Ellis, 220, Pitt-st., op. Farmer's.

SPECTACLE-MAKER.—Hawksford, removed to 10, Oxford-st., op. Hardy, Brothers. Late Market-st.

WANTED to PURCHASE, a 4-roomed detached COTTAGE, with hall, kitchen, &c.; Suburbs preferred. Any person having a convenient brick or stone Cottage, freehold, will hear of a purchaser by applying to A. Torning, house and estate agent, 28½, O'Connell-street.

WANTED to purchase or rent commodious HOUSE, in the neighbourhood of Sydney—near the water preferred. Must have some land about it. Possession not necessarily required before June. Box 353.

WANTED known, ELECTRIC BATH extracts the causes of every kind of bad health, and will cure gout, rheumatism, nervous debility, lost power or memory, skin eruptions, sciatica, epilepsy, fevers, bronchitis, paralysis, and any effects of mercury, lead, drugs, infection, diseases, or other impurities. W. EVANS, 39, Market-street.

PROFESSIONS, TRADES, ETC

APPRENTICES.—Wanted, a few BOYS, from 9 to 12 years of age, for the acrobatic profession. Apply Onzalo, Queen's Theatre, Monday, 11 o'clock.

BOOTMAKERS.—Wanted, good Elastic-side Hands, Tebbutt's Factory, Riley-street, Woolloomooloo.

BOOTMAKERS and Finishers wanted, for strong work. Hunter's Boot Factory, 687, George street.

BOOT TRADE. — Wanted, good MACHINIST. W. Hilton, late Ellison, Botany-street, Waterloo.

CARPENTERS wanted, good hands. Apply on the works. W. F. Stretton, Edward-street.

CARPENTERS wanted. Apply early, 280, Castlereagh-street.

DRAPERS.—Two SENIOR and JUNIORS wanted. A. Hordern and Sons, 756, George-st., Haymarket.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, good TRIMMERS; also, Apprentices. Mrs. Hammond, 496, George-st.

DRESSMAKING.—APPRENTICES wanted, wages. Miss O'Brien, Kingswood House, Norton-st., S. H.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, experienced HANDS and Apprentices, where the business is thoroughly taught. Apply to Mrs. Holloway, 39, Kent-street, Miller's Point.

FOREMAN OF WORK.—Wanted, a Working Foreman, for pulling down buildings. Asher, Elizabeth-st.

FOUR CARPENTERS wanted; long job to good hands. Dalton's New Stores, Pitt-st., op. Vickery's.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.—Wanted, FENCERS and SPLITTERS. Apply on the works, Murrurundi. W. Wakeford, contractor.

JOINERS wanted. W. Eveleigh, 291, Elizabeth-street.

PLASTERER wanted. Bottom of St. John's Road, Forest Lodge.

REQUIRED the services of a Lady Pianist, two evenings week, private quadrille assembly, 163, Dowling-st.

SYDNEY INFIRMARY.—There are now a few VACANCIES in the above Institution for young women desirous of being trained as Nurses. Applicants will be seen by the Lady Superintendent between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted, a first-class HAND, for dress department. 9 a.m., T. Butler, 88, King-street.

TAILORESSES.—Paret Coat Makers, Trouser Hands; also Apprentices. Goldstein's, 217, Lower George-st.

TO GALVANIZED-IRON WORKERS. — Wanted, some expert Hands, outside. Dempsey, Liverpool-st.

TAILORESSES. — Coat HANDS wanted. Apply 418, George-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—First-class colonial tweed trousers Hands wanted. Lon. Cloth. Fac., Macquarie st.

TO TAILORESSES.—First-class Machinist wanted, Singer's No. 2. London Clothing Fac., Macquarie-st.

TO PRINTERS.—Wanted, a first-class PRESSMAN and Machinist. CHURCHMAN Office, Sydney.

TO TAILORESSES.—Trouser HANDS wanted; work given out. H. Jones, 11, Bridge-street.

TO STONEMASONS.—Good CUTTERS required for Dalton's New Stores, Pitt-street. Apply on works.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, EMPLOYMENT, by a good general hand; country preferred. Open for one week. Address Alpha, P. O., Newtown.

TO MEDICAL MEN.—A Practice, of from £1000 to £1200 a year, is now under offer, with introduction; £500 required. Apply to Messrs. W. TAYLER and CO., Pitt-street, Sydney, for full particulars.

TO GROCERS.—Wanted, for the country, a Junior HAND, possessing a knowledge of ironmongery; must be well recommended. Apply by letter to Box 316, Post Office.

TO PARENTS and GUARDIANS.—Wanted, a well-educated Youth, as an APPRENTICE to a practical chemist, holding English diplomas in Chemistry and Pharmacy (passed laboratory student), with other honorary connections. For particulars apply to Edward Row and Co., 55, Lower George-street.

UNDERCLOTHING.—TACKERS and APPRENTICES wanted. 82, King-st., entrance Bank court.

WANTED, a CARPENTER. Apply F. White, 197, Parramatta-street.

WANTED, a good BLACKSMITH. John Murphy, Grafton Wharf.

WANTED, Wellsinkers or Quarrymen, to deepen a well. G. Fisher, Darling Road, Balmain.

WANTED, a good COACH-TRIMMER. Apply to E. Williams and Co., York-street.

WANTED, Coach PAINTER, constant employment for good hand. Wainman's Coach Factory, Pad.

WANTED, 2 good CARPENTERS. J. Vanbrook and Sons, Ross-street, Kingston, Newtown.

WANTED, a Verbatim REPORTER, for a country journal. Apply Reporter, care of Gordon and Gotch.

WANTED, a LADY, competent to take charge of a showroom and millinery department. Apply Prince, Ogg, and Co.

WANTED, an assistant BOOKKEEPER and Correspondent, one with experience in office of importing wine and spirit merchants preferred. Apply by letter, with testimonials, to Box 255, General Post Office.

WANTED, for Parramatta, a good DRESSMAKER, to assist in light house work. Apply on Monday, Mrs. Billyard; or Mrs. Henry Moore, Barncleuth, Macleay-street.

WANTED, a good LOZENGEMAKER, well up at pan goods; one qualified to superintend these departments preferred; liberal wages to a suitable man. Apply, stating age, references, and if married, to Q. X., care of Gordon and Gotch, Brisbane.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A YOUNG Man wishes SITUATION; would be useful in chemist's shop. 2 years' experience. A., Post Office.

A FIRST-CLASS Dressmaker open to Engagement, town or suburbs. T. B., Paddington Post-office.

ANY CAPTAINS of Sailing or Steam Ships, or Proprietors of Hotels, Boarding-houses, or Restaurants, requiring Chinese Cooks and Stewards, can be supplied on the shortest notice by applying to Chee Faw, Chinese boarding housekeeper, 112, Gloucester-street.

A CIVIL and MECHANICAL ENGINEER, of sixteen years' English Practice, is open to an ENGAGEMENT; well up in Pumping, Scheme drawing, management of Works, &c. T. A. Ellis, Fotheringham-st., Enmore.

DISENGAGED, Laundress, General Servant, Married Couple. Mrs. Vipond, Registry, 50, Oxford-street.

EDITORIAL.—One who has had 18 years' colonial experience as editor, reporter, &c., and whose last engagement as such has extended over the past ten years, is desirous of EMPLOYMENT. Alfred, Mr. Hibbles, Newtown Road, Sydney.

FEMALE COOK waiting, with excellent references from hotels—sobriety. Mrs. Stephenson, 6, Bridge-st.

FEMALE COOK waiting, with high and excellent reference from gentleman's family. 6, Bridge-st.

GLUE'S LABOUR AGENCY, 176, Pitt-street—Married Couples and all classes of Male and Female Servants, daily, for engagement. Labour of every description hired and forwarded to all parts of the colony.

TO SQUATTERS.—An active Man of fifteen years' experience in New South Wales and Queensland, desires a SITUATION, as superintendent or overseer of sheep or cattle, or both; good references. Address A., Post-office, Bathurst.

WANTED, by a Laundress, WORK by the day. Apply at 4, Riley-place.

WANTED, a SITUATION, by man as gardener &c. Reference. A.B., post office, North Willoughby.

WANTED, SITUATION, with son, 9 years. Open a week. W. M., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by a good plain Cook, a SITUATION; town or country. C. J., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by a respectable Cook and Laundress, a SITUATION. E. D., 404, Kent-street.

WANTED, ENGAGEMENT, as Attendant and Nurse to a lady and family going to England. For reference and terms, address President, Hill End Hospital.

WANTED, by a respectable young Woman, a SITUATION as General Servant. No washing. Reference. Ashfield, Petersham, or Burwood. E.S., Canterbury Post-office.

SERVANTS WANTED.

A RESPECTABLE GIRL wanted, to make herself generally useful. Mrs. Samuel Steel, Old South Head Road, Paddington, four doors from Presbyterian Church.

BUTCHERS.—Wanted, respectable young man accustomed to family trade. G. Stening, 216, William-st.

HOUSE and Parlour Maids wanted. Nurses, General Servants and Nursemaids. Mrs. Stephenson, Bridge-st.

NURSEGIRL and General SERVANT wanted. Apply No. 9, Parramatta-street, at 9 o'clock.

REQUIRED, after Easter, a little GIRL about 10 years old, to join a small and select class at Darlinghurst; terms moderate; references. Address L. B., Post-office, William-street.

WANTED, a LAD, to work press. J. W. Eady, General Machine Printer, 113, York-street.

WANTED, a smart LAD, for a boot shop. City Boot Company, 528, George-street.

WANTED, a smart BOY, to make himself useful. Phœnix Foundry, Hay-street.

WANTED, a respectable ERRAND BOY. 336, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a BOY, to assist in kitchen. Glebe Coffee-house, Parramatta-street.

WANTED, a BOY, to carry out. Apply at 407, Kent-street.

WANTED, two BOYS; must know town and suburbs, and count well. No. 355, Elizabeth-st.

WANTED, a useful SERVANT. Apply S. Marks, 306, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a tidy GIRL, about 15. Mrs. Henderson, George-street, Waterloo, near Raglan-street.

WANTED, a strong GIRL, to assist in housework. 246, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, useful GIRL. Mrs. Bell, Kent Villas, Darling Road, Balmain.

WANTED, a GIRL, about 14, to assist in housework. Criterion Hotel, Riley-street.

WANTED, tidy GIRL. Apply No. 10, Wilton-street, off Devonshire-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED a young GIRL for Tailoring. 219, Campbell-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a strong GIRL for housework (to sleep at home preferred). 147, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a little Girl, as NURSE. H. Abrahams, confectioner, 713, George-street South.

WANTED, respectable girl, as General Servant, 3 in family. Apply Bartlett-terrace, Paddington Rd.

WANTED, a respectable Girl, as General SERVANT. Mrs. Buchanan, 32, College-st., H. Park.

WANTED, respectable young Girl, as General SERVANT. 212, Darlinghurst Road.

WANTED, a respectable young GIRL, to assist in nursery, about 16 years. 240, Darlinghurst Road.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Mrs. Bowen, corner George and Redfern streets, Redfern.

WANTED, respectable Girl, as General SERVANT; wages, 9s. 121, Parramatta-st., op. St. Benedict's.

WANTED, General SERVANT; good wages. Also one for Clarence River. 186, Parramatta-street.

WANTED, good General SERVANT; or Girl for Housework. Mrs. F. Hobbs, Pitt-st., Redfern.

WANTED, middle-aged Woman, as General SERVANT. Rising Sun, Elizabeth-street South.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, where another is kept. 28, Upper Fort-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply to Mr. Pierce, 95, William-street.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Mrs. Thame, 3, Oxford-terrace, Moore Park.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. 1, Viola-terrace, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, General SERVANT; age about thirty; no washing. Apply 96, Hunter-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply 69, Elizabeth-street, near Hunter-street.

WANTED, middle-aged Protestant Woman, as General SERVANT. 330, Liverpool st., Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID. Miniver House, Pyrmont Bridge Road, Glebe.

WANTED, a HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID. Apply 253, Macquarie-street, opposite Mint.

WANTED, KITCHENMAID; also WAITRESS; good wages. 46 and 48, Erskine-street.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID; also General Servant. Royal Navy Hotel, King and Castlereagh streets.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID. Apply Eckford's Hotel, Wynyard-square, after 10 a.m.

WANTED, 2 Servants for one house in the country, as COOK and LAUNDRESS. Glue, Pitt-street.

WANTED, COOK and LAUNDRESS. 156, Alberto-terrace, Darlinghurst Road.

WANTED, a NEEDLEWOMAN, who understands dressmaking. Mrs. Knox, Double Bay.

WANTED, Female ATTENDANTS, for an Asylum. W. Brown, labour agent, 207, Pitt-street.

WANTED, Head and other NURSES, for town, suburbs, and Queensland. 23, Clarence-street.

WANTED, a Lady's NURSE; enclose address, M. L., HERALD Office.

WETNURSE wanted, immediately. Apply Wilton Cottage, Pepper-street, nr. Ocean-st., Woollahra.

WANTED, good COOK, Laundress, and General Servants. Miss Fowler, 309, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, COOK and LAUNDRESS, or good General Servant. 29, Waratah, Upper William-st. N.

WANTED a COOK and LAUNDRESS, also a BARMAID. Crown Hotel, Brickfield-hill.

WANTED, a first-class Waggon DRIVER. M. Boylson and Sons, Ashfield.

WANTED, a CARETAKER, for schooner Flora. Apply immediately to Montefiore, Joseph, and Co.

WANTED, a STRIKER, for a light fire. Coleman and Son, Sussex-street North.

WANTED, a smart Man, as BOOTS and NIGHT PORTER. Horner's Hotel.

WANTED, a LAMP-TRIMMER. Apply on board the DIAMANTINA.

WANTED, a young MAN that understands the clothing business. A. Marks, King and Geo. sts.

WANTED, sober Man, as Carter. Apply Gardner's Lime Depot, Devonshire-street, near Railway.

WANTED, an elderly MAN, who can knock about. Apply at Gardner's Lime Yard, Devonshire-st.

WANTED, HEAD-WAITER. Tattersall's.

WANTED, Pick and Shovel Men, to take down building—only good men. Asher, 442, Elizabeth-st.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, and a NURSEGIRL. Apply at Wimbledon Villa, Waverley, near Post Office. Good wages.

WANTED, a thoroughly competent COOK. Mrs. Dalley, at Lady Martin's, Clarens, Potts Point, on Monday, at 3 o'clock.

WANTED, a Lady (Protestant) to take the management of a widower's household. References to be exchanged. B. N. A., care of Gordon and Gotch.

WANTED, a respectable YOUTH, for an office, must be quick at figures and write expeditiously. Address in own handwriting, salary, age, &c., to "Clerk," HERALD Office.

WANTED, a respectable Person, as HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID, in a private family; must be a good needlewoman, as other duties are light. Apply from 9 till 2, three days. 2, Richmond-terrace, Domain.

WANTED, a COOK and LAUNDRESS, also a thorough General SERVANT, for housework; references required. Apply, after 9, 133, Macleay-street, nearly opposite Alberto-terrace, Darlinghurst Road.

WANTED, Married Couples, for stations; young Man, as Butler and Indoor Servant; Youths, for dairy farms; also, Dressmaker, that can work machine; Waitress, for country hotel. Glue's Agency, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a well educated MAN, able to keep stock and well up in groceries, spirits, and other branches of a large country store. Apply, between 10 and 11 o'clock Monday morning, to Moses Moss and Co., Wynyard-lane.

WANTED, a Married COUPLE, to take charge of a farm; the man will be required to groom and work on the farm as a farming man; the woman to do house and dairy work. Glue's Labour Agency, Pitt-street.

WANTED, in a small private family, a clean and competent person as COOK and LAUNDRESS. Open three days. From 9 to 2 o'clock, 2, Richmond-terrace, Domain.

WANTED, a Married COUPLE, for the country, near Sydney—the man to drive horse and dray, milk, and be otherwise useful; the woman to cook, wash, and act as general house servant. Apply this morning, between 10 and 12, at the Liverpool Arms, corner of Pitt and King streets.

APARTMENTS BOARD & RESIDENCE.

AT 2, RIALTO-TERRACE, Upper William-street South, Apartments, Suite or otherwise, are vacant.

A SMALL Furnished BEDROOM vacant, in a private family; lady preferred. 108, Forbes-st., W'mooloo.

A LARGE double-bedded ROOM vacant, overlooking the Harbour. Mrs. Harrison, Dawes Point.

APARTMENTS vacant. 3, Lady Young-terrace, Bridge-street, near Macquarie-street North.

APARTMENTS to LET. 157, Woolloomooloo-street.

APARTMENTS and SUITE vacant. Royal Domain Hotel, Woolloomooloo Bay.

APARTMENTS vacant at Mrs. Therry's, Mona House, 236, Darlinghurst Road.

APARTMENTS, also a small furnished Cottage, ten minutes from Redfern Station. 41, Myrtle-street.

APARTMENTS, with partial board, wanted by lady near Public Library. X., HERALD Office.

A SUITE of APARTMENTS vacant. Mrs. Dawson, No. 4, Lady Young-terrace, Bridge-street.

AT 278, PITT-STREET, opposite School of Arts, large double BEDROOM furnished, for two gents.

A LARGE Front ROOM, furnished, with use of kitchen if required. 415, Castlereagh-street.

APARTMENTS vacant. Mona House, Wynyard-square.

APARTMENTS vacant. Mrs. Tanner's, King-street East, opposite St. James Church. Terms moderate.

BED and SITTING-ROOM vacant, with private attendance. Mrs. Fields, 24, O'Connell-street.

BOARD and Residence for respectable working men. 125, Regent-street, opposite Railway.

COMFORTABLE HOME is offered on moderate terms to a young lady, whose avocations will demand her attention during part of the day only. The Advertiser seeks companionship rather than profit, a cheerful disposition being a primary consideration. Address Fides, HERALD Office.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, for 1 or 2 young men. 183, Castlereagh-street, near King-street.

COMFORTABLE furnished front Bedroom vacant; private family. 2, 3, Crown-st., S. H., off Oxford-st.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS to LET, at No. 11, Lewington-terrace, North Shore, having a beautiful view of the harbour, and within three minutes' walk of the Ferry.

LARGE front ROOM to LET, furnished or unfurnished. No. 11, Bathurst-street West.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE. 274, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

PRIVATE Board and Residence, at Mrs. W. Fields', 24, O'Connell-st. Good table kept. Terms mod.

PRIVATE BOARD and Residence; moderate. 159, Elizabeth-st., opposite Hyde Park, near Market-st.

TWO BEDROOMS vacant, for single Gentlemen, with bath. 386, Elizabeth-street South.

VACANCIES for BOARDERS, Miss M'Guinn, 146, Phillip-street, next Dr. Steel's Church; bath, piano.

VACANCIES for Boarders, Family requiring apartments during Exhibition, &c. 444, Elizabeth-st.

VACANT comfortable unfurnished back ROOM. 49, Stanley-street, Hyde Park.

WANTED, Board, Residence, Washing, two young men, near town; 16s. Permanency, Post Office.

WANTED, an unfurnished ROOM, in or near town. Apply 244, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a small Cottage, plainly furnished, or Rooms; suburbs. Home, Post-office, Newtown.

WANTED, near the city, a large unfurnished ROOM, suitable for atelier. State price. Address Post-office, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, BOARD and RESIDENCE, for 2 single gentlemen, within easy distance of the Exchange. Terms, from 25s to 30s per week. Address Englishman, HERALD Office.

TO LET.

A SHOP to LET; good position. Apply 247, Pitt-street, next Victoria Theatre.

ARMIDALE.—To LET, with immediate possession, all those highly desirable Business PREMISES, situated in a leading position in the main street of the town of Armidale, New England, lately in the occupation of Mr. J. G. Pattrick. These premises are entirely new, and are particularly suited for a General Store, having been built specially for that purpose, with fixtures and fittings complete, and form a highly eligible opportunity to capitalists and parties desirous of commencing a first-class business in a leading country town.
For further particulars apply to J. G. Pattrick, Armidale.

BURWOOD.—Furnished COTTAGE to LET, 6 rooms, large garden and paddock, near station. E. P., HERALD.

BALMAIN East.—To LET a neat Family RESIDENCE; splendid water view. E. Ramsay, Cole's-chs.

BOURKE-ST.—To LET, Family Residence; also House, 4 rooms, &c.; 11s. 1, Olivia-ter., Bourke-st.

BEULAH, NORTH SHORE.—To be LET, fully furnished, with immediate possession, that pleasantly-situated water-side RESIDENCE, with three acres of ground, within a few minutes' walk of Milson's Point Ferry, at present occupied by C. Rolleston, Esq. Apply on the premises; or to Mr. Mullins, Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street.

DOUBLE BAY.—Semidetached VILLA to LET, known as BAYSWATER VILLA, formerly occupied by the late Mrs. Carfrae, a most desirable family residence, replete with every convenience, together with billiard room, coach-house, stables, &c., &c. Apply to Mackenzie and Cape, No. 91, Pitt-street.

FURNISHED small 5-roomed HOUSE, 26s, near South Head Road. Apply Toll-bar.

FIVE ROOMED HOUSE to LET, No. 635, Bourke-street, Surry Hills. Apply Lister, 2 4, Pitt-street.

HYDE PARK.—A 9-roomed HOUSE, in the best part of this locality, to LET, furnished; excellent bath-room, and gas on basement; suitable for small family or professional man. E. Ramsay, agent, Cole's-chambers.

MOORE PARK, No. 4, Oxford-terrace, to LET. Apply N. Hopson, 598, George-street.

MARIONETTE.—HOUSE and GROUNDS, situate at Cook's River, near St. Peter's Church, at present occupied by F. Adams, Esq., containing 10 rooms, kitchen, servant's room, and bathroom, coachhouse and stable; has a garden and 20 acres of paddock.
W. P. Woolcott, Bell's-chambers.

NORWOOD, Petersham.—Commodious Family Cottage RESIDENCE, Bayswater, corner Addison Road, 10 rooms and other conveniences; abundance of water, &c. Apply on premises; or Small and Co., 173, Clarence-street.

TO LET, a superior DWELLING-HOUSE, 14, College-street. 540, George-street, opp. Town Hall.

TO LET, a Family Residence, 18, Wynyard-sq.; immediate possession. Cohen, Monster Clothing Hall, Geo.-st.

TO LET, that first class dwelling HOUSE, No. 3, Belmore-terrace, Paddington. Apply No. 4.

TO LET, HOUSE, 4 rooms and kitchen; rent, 11s. Reiby-street, Enmore Road, Newtown.

TO LET, a 2-roomed COTTAGE; large yard; water laid on. Apply 83, Yurong-street.

TO LET, part furnished HOUSE. For particulars, apply by letter, 361, Liverpool-street, Darlinghurst.

TO LET, a 6-roomed HOUSE, with bath-room; rent 18s. Una-terrace, Glebe Point Road.

TO LET, four-roomed HOUSE, Woolloomooloo; rent, 12s. Mr. S. White, tobacconist, 178, Castlereagh-street, opposite Theatre Royal.

TO LET, a 6-roomed HOUSE, 2 verandahs, garden, water laid on, rent £47 per annum; also, a 4-roomed COTTAGE, 12s. per week, water laid on. A. Torning, House and Estate Agent, 28½, O'Connell-street.

TO LET, facing Moore Park, a pretty COTTAGE, front garden, wide hall, 4 large rooms, kitchen, servant's room, and bathroom, shower and plunge; large yard, washhouse and fowlhouse, water laid on; rent, £1 2s 6d. Apply 453 Crown-street, Surry Hills.

TO LET, for twelve months, furnished, a comfortable Family RESIDENCE, containing 8 rooms, servant's room, kitchen, stabling, out-offices, with excellent garden, and 6 acres of land, abundance of water, pleasantly situated on Burwood heights, within six minutes of railway station. For particulars apply Mr. Gratton, City Mart, 362, George-street.

TO LET, with immediate possession, two desirable and very convenient RESIDENCES, having every convenience for either families or private boarding establishments situate in Cumberland-street North, near Dawes Point, and commanding extensive view of the harbour and shipping. Rent moderate. Apply to E. Ramsay, agent, Cole's-chambers, King street.

TO LET, HOUSE, 443, Elizabeth-street South, eight rooms, kitchen, bath-room, large yard; rent £100. To be sold with the House Furniture at valuation, consisting of drawing and dining room suites, Bord's piano in ebony case, table and bed linen, plated-ware, &c., with every requisite for a family. Immediate possession, proprietor leaving the colony. On view from 12 till 4.

TO LET, the KILLARNEY ESTATE, near Windsor, with commodious residence, fruit garden and premises, as recently occupied by the late Sydney Scarvell, Esq. This property comprises upwards of 400 acres of valuable land, situate about one mile from the Railway; has an extensive frontage to the Pitt Town Road, and bounded at the rear by the Pitt Town Common.
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1ST CLASS opportunity of securing magnificent Front PREMISES, 143, Pitt-street: entire frontage or divided as at present; also comfortable offices, for professional men, ground and 2nd floor. Henry Fisher and Co.

TO LET, large STORE, yard and sheds, late Soho Foundry, Goulburn-st., between George and Pitt sts.

TO TIMBER MERCHANTS and others.—To LET, for a term, the Property known as ROLFE'S TIMBER YARD, at the Circular Quay. Apply Mr. Hill, Bent-street.

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